

India: Diwali

Post-visit Activity: Quick Write

Name:		Date:
	produce a Quick Write on in India and how it is ce	describing the significance of elebrated.
diyas	rangoli	sari
fall	harvest	Lakshmi
family	business	food
lights	temple	festival
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Post-visit Activity: Quick Write KEY

While student's writings will vary, the Quick Write should include most of the vocabulary words from the word bank and describe the following basic ideas from the celebration:

- Diwali was traditionally celebrated as a **harvest festival** in the **fall** during October or November.
- Family celebrations include eating traditional **food**, going to the **temple** to worship, and buying a new colorful **sari** to wear.
- **Diyas** are small clay lamps that are used during the **festival**. The **lights** represent good over evil. The goddess **Lakshmi** is also honored by lighting a pathway into homes. She is the goddess of prosperity and encourages devotees to work hard, give to others, and enjoy life.
- Today, the **festival** signifies the beginning of a new **business** cycle. The last day of Diwali kicks off the new business year. They celebrate hoping for a new and prosperous year.
- They also decorate by creating colorful rangoli designs outside of their front doors and places of business. The rangoli is a traditional welcome mat made from colored sand, rice, or flower petals. It welcomes gods, goddesses, and friends during the festivities.

