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March 8, 1984
Spot cotton prices were steady to slightly higher, according to the Cotton Division, Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA. Trading was restricted by limited supplies and a very light volume of grower offerings. Merchant demand was confined mainly to selected qualities needed to cover nearby commitments. Domestic mill purchases were light. Export trading was a little more active. Growers forward contracted a light to moderate volume of 1984 -crop cotton during the period. Through the end of February, about 12 percent of the 1984 crop had been booked. Wet fields continued to delay land work in southern states. Favorable weather allowed growers to make good progress with land preparation in most western states. Planting was just getting underway in south Texas.

Spot cotton prices were slightly higher most of the period. The average price for grade 41 staple 34 , mike $35-49$ cotton, in the designated markets was 73.91 cents per pound on Thursday, March 8. This compares with 72.96 cents a week earlier and 64.52 cents on the corresponding Thursday last season. The New York May 1984 futures settlement price ended the week on Thursday at 79.39 cents per pound compared with 78.33 cents a week ago. The October settlement price was 76.00 cents against 75.35 cents last Thursday and the December price was 74.42 cents compared with 73.85 cents a week earlier.

Trading was slow on spot cotton markets. Grower-held supplies were limited and the volume of offerings was light. Merchant demand was primarily for cotton needed to fill current needs. The limited demand by a few merchants was sufficient to push prices higher for the very limited supply. Domestic mill buying was slow. Export trading was a little more active. Sales were made to both Far Eastern and European mills with shipments scheduled prompt through June. Purchases reported by cotton exchanges in the designated markets totaled 163,900 bales in the week ended Thursday, March 8 . This compares with 127,700 bales a week earlier and 192,700 bales in the corresponding week last season.

Textile mill report. Domestic mill buying was slow. Some mills withdrew from the market as shipper asking prices strengthened. A few mills were purchasing fill-ins or buying cotton considered a good value. Medium and lower grades for early summer shipment received the most attention. Inquiries were fairly numerous for 1984-crop cotton and a light volume was purchased. Orders for textiles remain mostly good with numerous products booked well ahead. Household goods, sales yarn, printcloth and a number of other apparels remain in good demand. Mill work schedules of mostly five to six days continued.

The Foreign Agricultural Service, USDA, reports: Cotton traders in France will rely less on the Soviet Union for future cotton supplies. Traditionally, the USSR provides about 50 percent of the cotton required by French textile mills. However, for the last several years Soviet cotton exports have been severely reduced. To ensure access to adequate supplies, traders have had to seek alternative sources.

The Soviet-Japanese cotton trade has been sharply reduced in 1984. The USSR has agreed to supply about 30,000 bales to Japan for April-June delivery. During the same period in 1983 the Soviets shipped over 90,000 bales to Japan. It appears these deliveries would account for virtually all Soviet cotton exports for the 1983-84 season, compared with previous year exports averaging more than 300,000 bales.

Contracting 1984 crop. Forward contracting of the 1984 crop has been fairly active and by the end of February United States upland cotton growers had baoked about 12 percent of their crop. This was the largest percentage booked for this period since 1980 and up from 2 percent a year earlier and 1 percent two years ago. Contracting this season has been most active in western states where 17 percent had been booked, up from 5 percent in 1983. Growers in south central states had forward contracted 13 percent compared with 4 percent last year. In southeastern states, contracting was inactive for this period in 1983 against 12 percent booked this season. Southwestern states growers had contracted 9 percent, up from 1 percent a year ago. American Pima cotton growers had forward contracted about 15 percent of their acreage by the end of February; 23 percent in Arizona, 9 percent in New Mexico and 3 percent in Texas. These estimates were based on the Crop Reporting Board's February planting intentions report and informal surveys made by the Cotton Division, Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

Forward contracting of upland cotton by growers, through February, crops of 1976-1984 and prospective plantings, 1984 crop 1/

| State | Cotton crops ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Prospective plantings 2/ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |  |
|  | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | 1,000 acres |
| Alabama | 14 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 12 | 7 | 3 | - | 18 | 300 |
| Georgia | 8 | * | - | 5 | 10 | 6 | - | - | 1 | 165 |
| North Carolina | 6 | 13 | - | 1 | 20 | - | - | - | 6 | 80 |
| South Carolina | 24 | 8 | - | 4 | 24 | 1 | - | - | 20 | 100 |
| Southeastern states | 14 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 15 | 5 | 1 | - | 12 | 645 |
| Arkansas | 28 | 8 |  | 8 | 41 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 525 |
| Louisiana | 35 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 31 | 9 | * | 4 | 4 | 640 |
| Mississippi | 26 | 11 | 13 | 26 | 53 | 19 | 3 | 6 | 18 | 1,000 |
| Missouri | 42 | 4 | 3 | 13 | 79 | 3/ | * | 2 | 26 | 170 |
| Tennessee | 21 | 1 | - | 4 | 10 | ${ }^{*}$ | 1 | 6 | 16 | 270 |
| South Central states | 29 | 7 | 6 | 15 | 44 | 12 | 2 | 4 | 13 | 2,605 |
| Oklahoma | * | 16 | 1 | * | 4 | - | - | - | 3 | 450 |
| Texas | 4 | 11 | 2 | 7 | 10 | 2 | * | 1 | 9 | 5,000 |
| Southwestern states | 3 | 12 | 2 | 7 | 9 | 2 | * | 1 | 9 | 5,450 |
| Arizona | 19 | 52 | 15 | 9 | 22 | 5 | 1 | * | 3 | 450 |
| California | 25 | 20 | 15 | 14 | 11 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 22 | 1,450 |
| New Mexico | * | 9 | 3/ | 3/ | 3/ | - | - | - | 1 | 68 |
| Western states | 22 | 27 | 15 | 13 | 14 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 17 | 1,968 |
| United States | 15 | 12 | 5 | 10 | 17 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 12 | 10,668 |

If Contracting estimates based on January prospective plantings report 1976-1981 and based on February thereafter.
2/ February 1984, Crop Reporting Board, Statistical Reporting Service, USDA.
3/ Not included in planting intentions report.
Less than 0.5 percent.
Purchases reported in running bales, by exchanges in designated spot markets, by months and seasons, 1973-1983 1/

| Year beginning August | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales |
| 1973 1974 | 189,180 91,569 | 174,177 107,964 | $1,191,662$ 387,963 | $1,949,927$ 798,034 | $1,987,875$ 964,883 | $2,034,618$ $1,141,348$ | 665,919 808,759 | 609,505 730,484 | 418,543 739,844 | 240,313 597,197 | 136,014 454,528 | 134,693 429,784 | 9,732,426 $7,252,357$ |
| 1975 | 370,073 | 278,846 | 309,865 | 830,586 | 1,595,091 | 1,860,556 | 727,813 | 436,621 | 340,193 | 278,776 | 233,529 | 71,392 | 7,333,341 |
| 1976 | 106,336 | 88,508 | 323,868 | 1,084,182 | 1,560,964 | 1,228,698 | 772,833 | 492,834 | 179,966 | 160,204 | 110,757 | 88,594 | 6,197,744 |
| 1977 | 119,508 | 218,078 | 658,054 | 1,251,752 | 1,542,656 | 2,067,265 | 1,103,800 | 958,007 | 491,145 | 822,125 | 309,879 | 202,216 | 9,744,485 |
| 1978 | 383,950 | 264,986 | 828,579 | 1,105,672 | 1,055,308 | 1,635,262 | 919,807 | 605,959 | 428,349 | 536,848 | 393,790 | 183,188 | 8,341,698 |
| 1979 | 284,889 | 229,192 | 529,677 | 1,499,688 | 2,498,483 | 2,901,588 | 1,068,127 | 642,337 | 333,008 | 139,875 | 123,119 | 110,892 | 10,360,875 |
| 1980 | 107,920 | 92,769 | 499,579 | 961,488 | 1,565,792 | 1,143,395 | 878,913 | 576,871 | 268,136 | 243,096 | 142,885 | 121,300 | 6,602,144 |
| 1981 | 115,017 | 201,791 | 468,124 | 821,205 | 1,606,620 | 2,049,345 | 1,163,850 | 877,323 | 403,824 | 449,948 | 277,553 | 420,336 | 8,854,936 |
| 1982 | 122,082 | 150,629 | 375,083 | 717,258 | 1,160,522 | 1,139,575 | 793,071 | 829,016 | 356,510 | 434,794 | 478,658 | 247,150 | 6,804,348 |
| 1983 | 236,607 | 270,662 | 688,534 | 1,022,458 | 1,639,279 | 1,697,601 | 750,963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Purchases reported in running bales, by exchanges in designated spot markets, by months, February 1983-February 1984

| Month | Greenville | Augusta | Montgomery | Memphis | Greenwood | Dallas | Lubbock | Phoenix | Fresno | Market total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales |
| Feb. 1983 | 15,305 | 9,065 | 67,067 | 159,096 | 104,454 | 64,326 | 199,636 | 128,038 | 46,084 | 793,071 |
| Mar. " | 1,157 | 12,430 | 74,866 | 284,139 | 10,525 | 59,719 | 246,143 | 106,409 | 33,628 | 829,016 |
| Apr. | 1,270 | , | 9,483 | 162,893 | 2,395 | 23,497 | 128,912 | 24,669 | 3,391 | 356,510 |
| May | 20,799 | - | 25,383 | 160,525 | 664 | 39,688 | 174,334 | 6,137 | 7,264 | 434,794 |
| June | 5,473 | - | 21,926 | 137,258 | 4,598 | 41,816 | 258,141 | 2,981 | 6,465 | 478,658 |
| July | 5,827 | - | 20,598 | 82,051 | 652 | 27,121 | 106,499 | 1,484 | 2,918 | 247,150 |
| Aug. " | 4,042 | - | 14,140 | 72,403 | 954 | 24,842 | 110,956 | 2,971 | 6,299 | 236,607 |
| Sept. "' | 3,879 | - | 14,449 | 122,843 | 1,768 | 61,499 | 63,297 | 2,575 | 352 | 270,662 |
| Oct. " | 706 | - | 38,288 | 396,311 | 23,140 | 89,588 | 107,289 | 32,042 | 1,170 | 688,534 |
| Nov. " | 11,841 | - | 51,093 | 450,220 | 36,764 | 106,719 | 204,418 | 125,655 | 35,748 | 1,022,458 |
| Dec. | 80 | - | 54,150 | 478,657 | 46,137 | 175,307 | 584,302 | 197,367 | 103,279 | 1,639,279 |
| Jan. 1984 | 2,749 | - | 97,360 | 464,364 | 16,234 | 175,594 | 718,684 | 179,338 | 43,278 | 1,697,601 |
| Feb. " | 0 | - | 40,367 | 295,250 | 8,555 | 36,888 | 278,903 | 61,880 | 29,120 | 750,963 |
| Aug.-Feb. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982-83 | 101,567 | 52,855 | 365,677 | 1,190,832 | 517,350 | 344,509 | 857,218 | 649,846 | 378,366 | 4,458,220 |
| 1983-84 | 23,297 | - | 309,847 | 2,280,048 | 133,552 | 670,437 | 2,067,849 | 601,828 | 219,246 | 6,306,104 |

Reported purchases in the designated markets totaled 750,963 running bales in February. This was the smallest volume for that month since 1976. Purchases reported during the August-February period this marketing year amounted to $6,306,104$ bales compared with $4,458,220$ bales a year ago. On the basis of reported purchases, the leading market so far this season is Memphis with $2,280,048$ bales. Lubbock is the second leading market with $2,067,849$ bales.

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New York futures contract settlement, designated spot market average for grade 41 staple 34 and ' $A$ ' Index cotton prices in cents per pound

| Date |  | Grade 41 Staple 34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Futures Settlement |  |  |  |  | 8-Market Average |  |
|  |  | Mar ${ }^{1} 84$ | May '84 | Jul '84 | Oct ${ }^{1} 84$ | Dec '84 |  |  |
| Mar. | 1 | 78.37 | 78.33 | 78.74 | 75.35 | 73.85 | 72.96 | 87.90 |
|  | 2 | 79.20 | 79.19 | 79.67 | 76.15 | 74.62 | 73.79 | 87.95 |
|  | 5 | 78.55 | 79.17 | 79.43 | 76.28 | 74.43 | 73.78 | 88.35 |
|  | 6 | 78.85 | 78.73 | 78.87 | 75.99 | 74.22 | 73.45 | 88.35 |
|  | 7 | 79.00 | 78.80 | 78.92 | 75.75 | 74.11 | 73.50 | 88.00 |
|  | 8 | 78.70 | 79.39 | 79.67 | 76.00 | 74.42 | 73.91 | 88.00 |

1/ C.I.F. Northern Europe price furnished by Cotton Outlook of Liverpool.
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U. S. upland cotton export sales and exports, in running bales, for week and year, marketing years 1982-83 and 1983-84

| Description | Marketing Year |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1982-83 |  | 1983-84 |  |
|  | Through March 3 |  | Through March 1 |  |
|  | Week | Marketing Year | Week | Marketing Year |
| Outstanding sales | - | 1,924,300 | - | 2,938,000 |
| Exports | 101,600 | 2,518,200 | 195,700 | 3,551,400 |
| Total export commitments | - | 4,442,500 | - | 6,489,400 |
| New sales | 207,200 | - | 104,700 | - |
| Buy-backs and cancellations | 10,800 | - | 6,400 | - |
| Net sales | 196,400 | - | 98,300 | - |
| Sales next marketing year | 17,400 | 227,000 | 29,400 | 547,700 |

Source: Export Sales Reporting Division, Foreign Agricultural Service, USDA.
Upland cotton export sales during the week ended March 1 resulted in a net increase of $\overline{98,300}$ running bales for the $1983-84$ marketing year, according to the Foreign Agricultural Service, USDA. This was 30 percent below a week earlier and 21 percent less than the four-week average. The major buyers were South Korea 21,500 bales, Canada 15,000, Taiwan 11,500 and Japan 10,100 bales. Additional increases for the German Republic of 14,000 bales and USSR of 11,100 bales were switches from unknown destinations. Sales for the 1984-85 marketing year of 29,400 bales were mainly to Italy 10,800 bales, Japan 7,100 and South Korea 6,200 bales. Weekly exports of 195,700 bales were 26 percent above a week earlier and 10 percent above the four-week average. Asian destinations accounted for 57 percent of the week's shipments, European 21 percent, USSR 13 percent and Western Hemisphere 8 percent.

