# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERV $C$ COTTON DIVISION 4841 SUMMER AVENUE, MEMPHIS, TENNE SSEE Telephone 901-521-293 <br> Weekly Cotton Market Review Oept 

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May 29, 1986
Trading was less active on most spot cotton markets, according to the Cotton Division. Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA. Prices were firm. Merchant demand was ligit apd selective. Offerings were primarily of CCC loan equities but some growers refused to sell at merchant bid prices. Qualities in best demand were in light to very light supply. Domestic and foreign mill buying was slow. Interest in forward contracting of 1986-crop cotton was weak. Rains were fairly widespread across the Cotton Belt, providing needed moisture in many areas. The crop made good progress in most localities and insects were controllable. April consumption of cotton by domestic mills this season was the largest for any month since October 1979. End-of-April stocks at mills were down slightly from last year but public storage stocks were up 88 percent. Although April exports increased from the previous month, total shipments for the August-April period this season were the smallest since 1955-56.

Spot cotton prices for grade 41 staple 34 , mike $35-49$, in the designated markets averaged 64.34 cents per pound during the week ended Thursday, May 29. Prices ranged from a low of 64.25 cents on Friday to a high of 64.48 cents on Thursday. A week earlier, prices averaged 64.04 cents per pound and ranged from 63.88 to 64.27 cents. In the corresponding week a year ago, the average price was 58.86 cents. The New York July 1986 futures settlement price ended the week on Thursday at 68.10 cents per pound compared with 67.16 cents a week earlier. The October settlement price was 34.55 cents against 36.43 cents last Thursday and the December price was 34.77 cents compared with 36.48 cents a week earlier.

Trading was restricted on many spot cotton markets by limited supplies of desired growerheld qualities in the CCC loan. Grower offerings declined slightly because of increasing resistance to bid prices but were fully adequate to meet the light demand. Many merchants who have purchased equities are leaving the cotton in the loan until shipping dates approach. Domestic mills purchased a light volume for both prompt and later delivery. Foreign mills continued to make inquiries for new-crop cotton but little business resulted. A light volume of old crop was purchased by both Far Eastern and European mills. Purchases reported by cotton exchanges in the designated markets totaled 116,700 bales in the week ended Thursday, May 29. This compares with 139,400 bales reported a week earlier and 28,400 bales in the corresponding week last season.

Textile mill report. Most mills have their prompt to nearby needs covered and recent buying was largely for deferred shipment. New-crop purchases were light to moderate. Most segments of the trade were awaiting the announcement of latest developments in the farm program. Mill business remained good to very good. Most mills were operating five to six days per week with some plants on seven days. Sales of most apparels, sheeting, towels, underwear and materials for sportswear were good to strong. Yarn sales were brisk. Industrial and automotive product sales were mixed but fairly steady.

Domestic mill consumption of cotton averaged 24,900 running bales per day in the five weeks ended May 3, according to the Bureau of the Census. This was up from 24,600 bales used per day a month earlier (four weeks) and 21,000 bales in April 1985 (four weeks). Mills used 623,000 bales during April, bringing consumption for the first 40 weeks this marketing year (August-April) to $4,686,900$ bales, the largest usage for this period since

1979-80. Through April last year ( 39 weeks), mills had used 3,934, 600 bales and two years ago ( 39 weeks) $4,280,500$ bales.

Consumption of manmade fibers by domestic mills with cotton system spindles totaled 166.8 million pounds (equivalent to about 347,500 bales of 480 pounds, net weight) in the five weeks ended May 3, according to the Bureau of the Census. This was up from 132.4 million pounds (about 275,800 bales) a month earlier and 121.0 million pounds (about 252,000 bales) used in April 1985. Consumption of manmades during the first nine months this season totaled $1,306.9$ million pounds (about $2,722,600$ bales). This was up 10 percent from usage last year but down 8 percent from two years ago.

Stocks of cotton at mills totaled 787,600 running bales on May 3, according to the Bureau of the Census. This was up from 775,900 bales a month earlier but was the second smallest end-of-April stocks at mills since records began in 1913. At the end of April last year, stocks at mills totaled 795,600 bales and two years ago 766,000 bales. At the April daily rate of consumption, mill stocks were equivalent to slightly over six weeks' supply. Cotton in public storage totaled $9,035,500$ running bales on May 3, the largest end-of-April stocks since 1967. This was down from 9,656,500 bales held in public storage a month earlier and compares with $4,805,900$ bales at the end of April 1985 and 3,956,500 bales two years ago.

All cotton: - Domestic mill consumption, stocks and exports, running bales, by months and seasons, 1981-1985

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Season } \\ & \text { beginning } \\ & \text { August } 1 \end{aligned}$ | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Season 1/ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ |
| Mill consumption 2/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 429 | 517* | 448 | 403 | 400* | 378 | 398 | 493* | 410 | 392 | 460* | 317 | 5,043 |
| 1982 | 386 | 474** | 416 | 391 | 425* | 404 | 430 | 549* | 431 | 441 | 543* | 369 | 5,259 |
| 1983 | 453 | 560* | 459 | 446 | 468* | 469 | 448 | 548** | 430 | 442 | S03* | 354 | 5,628 |
| 1984 | 428 | $509 *$ | 428 | 390 | 423* | 399 | 418 | 519* | 419 | 439 | 525* | 369 | 5,268 |
| 1985 4/ | 458 | 562* | 493 | 477 | 486* | 595* | 499 | 492 | - 623* |  |  |  |  |
| Mill consumption per day |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 21.4 | 20.7 | 22.4 | 20.1 | 16.0 | 18.9 | 19.9 | 19.7 | 20.5 | 19.6 | 18.4 | 15.9 | 19.4 |
| 1982 | 19.3 | 19.0 | 20.8 | 19.5 | 17.0 | 20.2 | 21.5 | 22.0 | 21.5 | 22.0 | 21.7 | 18.4 | 20.2 |
| 1983 | 22.6 | 22.4 | 22.9 | 22.3 | 18.7 | 23.5 | 22.4 | 21.9 | 21.5 | 22.1 | 20.1 | 17.7 | 21.6 |
| 1984 | 21.4 | 20.4 | 21.4 | 19.5 | 16.9 | 20.0 | 20.9 | 20.8 | 21.0 | 21.9 | 21.0 | 18.5 | 20.3 |
| 1985 4/ | 22.9 | 22.5 | 24.6 | 23.9 | 19.5 | 23.8 | 24.9 | 24.6 | 24.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks in consuming establishments 3/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 810 | 695 | 663 | 673 | 757 | 822 | 884 | 917 | 911 | 901 | 871 | 830 |  |
| 1982 | 750 | 671 | 611 | 635 | 698 | 782 | 777 | 790 | 795 | 777 | 757 | 756 | - |
| 1983 | 712 | 639 | 556 | 554 | 611 | 647 | 713 | 741 | 766 | 766 | 822 | 795 | - |
| 1984 | 715 | 645 | 542 | 560 | 683 | 812 | 875 | 815 | 796 | 804 | 734 | 733 | - |
| 1985 4/ | 685 | 621 | 557 | 570 | 604 | 687 | 728 | 776 | 788 |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks in public storage 3/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 1,491 | 1,940 | 4,060 | 7,064 | 9,267 | 9,489 | 8,882 | 7,921 | 7,112 | 6,292 | 5,544 | 5,269 | - |
| 1982 | 5,008 | 5,293 | 7,575 | 10,190 | 11,101 | 11,120 | 10,546 | 9,713 | 8,796 | 7,930 | 7,419 | 6,656 | - |
| 1983 | 6,168 | 5,870 | 7,119 | 8,570 | 8,790 | 7,525 | 6,359 | 4,997 | 3,956 | 2,966 | 2,212 | 1,761 | - |
| 1984 | 1,491 | 1,432 | 3,386 | 6,321 | 7,551 | 7,529 | 6,541 | 5,648 | 4,806 | 4,008 | 3,570 | 2,930 | - |
| 1985 4/ | 2,826 | 3,743 | 6,122 | 8,963 | 10,677 | 10,747 | 10,243 | 9,656 | 9,035 |  |  |  |  |
| Exports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 233 | 211 | 262 | 478 | 732 | 653 | 754 | 873 | 676 | 484 | 498 | 396 | 6,263 |
| 1982 | 342 | 351 | 293 | 382 | 377 | 438 | 368 | 487 | 612 | 464 | 435 | 409 | 4,961 |
| 1983 | 367 | 322 | 261 | 441 | 632 | 663 | 719 | 896 | 723 | 607 | 422 | 365 | 6,419 |
| 1984 | 452 | 264 | 292 | 484 | 629 | 793 | 766 | 625 | 544 | 426 | 353 | 252 | 5,943 |
| 1985 4/ | 166 | 179 | 222 | 196 | 236 | 189 | 202 | 134 | 198 |  |  |  |  |

If Season totals are adjusted data as reported in Supply and Distribution of Domestic and Foreign Cotton in the United States by Bureau of the Census.
2/ Consumption figures relate to four-week months except as noted. Daily consumption rates calculated on the basis of 20 days for four-week months and 25 days for five-week months with no allowance for holidays.
3/ These data refer to a particular day near the end of the month.
4) Preliminary.

Five-week month.
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Exports of cotton from the United States totaled 197,700 running bales during April, according to the Bureau of the Census, Industry Division. This was up from the previous month's shipments of 133,700 bales but was the smallest volume shipped in April since 1966. Shipments during the first nine months this season totaled $1,719,100$ bales, down sharply from $4,848,500$ bales shipped a year earlier and $5,024,100$ bales two years ago. August-April exports this season were the smallest since $1955-56$.

New York futures contract settlement, designated spot market average for grade 41 staple 34 and 'A' Index cotton prices in cents per pound

| Date |  | Grade 41 Staple 34 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Grade } 31 \\ & \text { Staple } 35 \\ & \text { 'A' Index 1/ } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Futures Settlement |  |  |  |  |  | Desig. 8Mkt. Avg. |  |
|  |  | May '86 Jul ' 86 |  | Oct ' 86 | Dec ' 86 | Mar '87 | May ${ }^{1} 87$ |  |  |
| May | 22 | 67.16 | 36.43 | 36.48 | 37.45 | 38.15 | 38.78 | 64.27 | 44.60 |
|  | 23 | 66.99 | 36.05 | 36.18 | 37.20 | 37.75 | 38.60 | 64.25 | 44.60 |
|  | 26 |  |  |  | 0 L I D | A Y |  |  |  |
|  | 27 | 67.45 | 35.12 | 35.27 | 36.30 | 37.20 | 38.00 | 64.31 | 44.50 |
|  | 28 | 67.47 | 34.95 | 35.05 | 36.04 | 37.00 | 37.85 | 64.31 | 44.50 |
|  | 29 | 68.10 | 34.55 | 34.77 | 35.84 | 36.70 | 37.57 | 64.48 | 44.20 |

I/ C.I.F. Northern Europe price furnished by Cotton Outlook of Liverpool.
U. S. upland cotton export sales and exports, in running bales, for week and year, marketing years 1984-85 and 1985-86

| Description | Marketing Year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 984-85 | 1985-86 |
|  | Through May 23 |  | Through May 22 |
|  | Week | Marketing Year | Week Marketing Year |
| Outstanding sales | - | 1,153,200 |  |
| Exports | 86,700 | 5,218,700 |  |
| Total export commitments | - | 6,371,900 | WILL BE RELEASED |
| New sales | 21,600 |  |  |
| Buy-backs and cancellations | 2,900 | - | MAY 30, 1986 |
| Net sales | 18,700 | - |  |
| Sales next marketing year | 24,400 | 565,000 |  |

Source: Export Sales Reporting Division, Foreign Agricultural Service, USDA

