

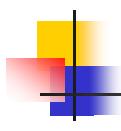
# Food Safety Shocks and Their Effect on International Competitiveness

# A Case Study from the Guatemalan Raspberry Industry

Juan M. Estrada-Valle
MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY

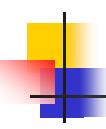
# Outline

- Introduction
- Research questions
- Data and Methods
- Background
- Analysis
- Conclusions



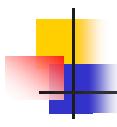
#### Introduction

- Globalization of the Agro-food Systems
  - Increased risk
- Food safety crises
  - Profitability
  - Market share
- Crisis prevention vs. crisis management



#### Research Questions

- What are the factors currently constraining the industry's competitiveness?
- What actions need to be implemented in order to effectively regain market share?
- What are the lessons learned for agribusiness management?



#### Data and Methods

- Preliminary data from a set of case studies from Guatemalan horticulture
  - Surveys and informal interviews with producers, exporters, Importers and retail firms (U.S and E.U)
- Porter's Diamond of National Advantage
- SWOT analysis



## Background

- Origin of the industry
- Seasonal complementarities
- Rate of growth
- Market share



Cyclospora cayetanensis

- Outbreak
  - 1465 people infected
  - 20 U.S states and 2 Canadian provinces

## Strategic Responses

- Supply side
  - Model Plan of Excellence
    - GAPs, GMPs, SOPs, HACCP, traceability
    - PIPAA
- Demand side
  - U.S
    - Cutback in orders
    - Stricter contracts
  - E.U
    - Private standards



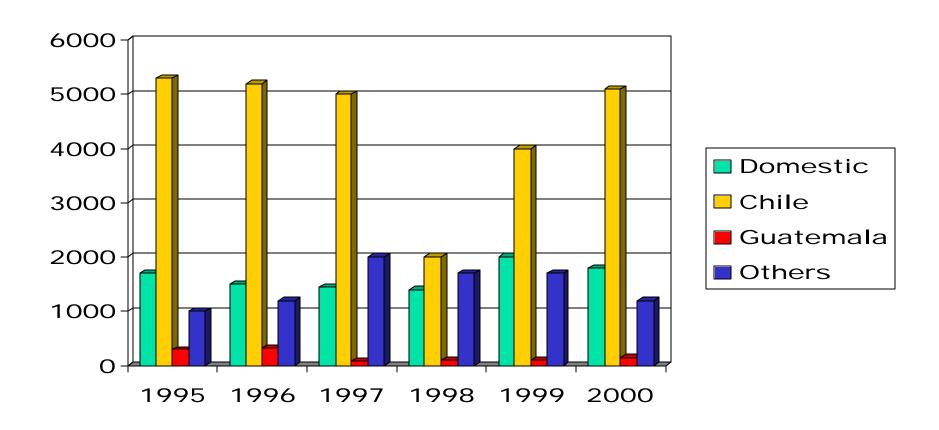
## Effect on the Supply Chain

- Compliance costs
  - Exit of 93 percent of firms
  - Reduction of 79 percent of cultivated area
  - Elimination of producer contracts



## Impact on Demand

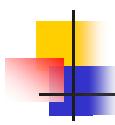
U.S Raspberry Supply 1995-2000





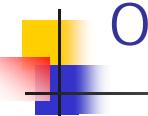
#### Strengths

- Seasonal complementarities
- Strong network of support industries
- Institutional representativeness
- PIPAA
- Governmental trade policy
- Shared commitment with food safety



#### Weaknesses

- Lack of a business strategy at industrylevel
- Poor coordination among firms
- Unwillingness to invest in promotional activities
- Strong "internal" rivalry
- Liability insurance



#### Opportunities

- Increasing demand for food safety attributes
- Food safety differentiation
- Joint ventures with US and EU retailers
- Bilateral efforts, private / public sector
- Generic promotion

# Threats

- Consumer unwillingness to purchase Guatemalan raspberries
- Increase of Chilean exports
- Expansion of Mexican raspberry production
- Precautionary principle approach (U.S retailers)



- Vulnerability of the food industry
  - Increased consumer awareness
  - Need for preventive measures
- Crisis prevention vs. Crisis management
  - Rebuilding reputation
- Food safety differentiation

## Conclusions

- Effectiveness of strategic response, a function of:
  - Effectiveness of food safety assurance mechanisms
  - Aggressive communication strategies (in the case of highly publicized crises)
  - Strong inter-firm coordination
  - Close coordination Public-Private sector