

**Reported Occupationally Acquired Infections
(Frogs, Toads, Salamanders) Zoonoses**

Disease	Causative Organism	Probable Means of Spread to Man	Prevention
Salmonellosis	<i>Salmonella spp.</i>	Fecal contamination; occupational exposure	Good sanitation, along with good personal hygiene, avoiding stress, and using salmonella free feed, is very important; thoroughly wash hands after animal contact.
Campylobacteriosis	<i>Campylobacter spp.</i>	Occupational exposure; fecal contamination; mainly food and waterborne	Use good hygiene practices, handwashing, sanitation; wear protective clothing (gloves) when handling infected animals

Physical Hazards:

- **Some frogs and toads have toxins released from their skin. Wear gloves when handling frogs and toads and wash hands after animal contact.**