D) The equilibrium quantity is 8000 tires and the equilibrium price is \$90. E) The equilibrium quantity is 6000 tires and the equilibrium price is \$70.

FULL SOLUTION. Write the entire solution that provides the answer to the question. Show your work. Solve the problem.

4) The price p and x, the quantity of a certain product sold, obey the demand equation

$$p = -\frac{1}{100}x + 100$$
, $0 \le x \le 10000$.

a) Express the revenue R as a function of x.



b) What is the revenue if 450 units are sold?



c) What quantity x maximizes revenue? What is the maximum revenue?



d) What price should the company charge to maximize revenue?



s the question. 5) The price of a ne	ew car is \$20,000	Assume an indivi	dual makes a down	navment of	5)
25% toward the 8%/year compound what monthly parts.	purchase of the ca anded monthly. ayment will he be	ar and secures fina	ncing for the balance	ce at the rate of	
6) Referring to prol months loan? A) \$2,911,26 B) \$2,119.26 C) \$2,947.10 D) \$1,525.20 E) Other	olem 6, what will	be the total interes	t charged for the du	uration of the 54	6)
7) Find the accumurate r = 3% per y to two decimal p A) \$10,836.46 B) \$10,886.23 C) \$10,869.17 D) \$10,913.19 E) \$10,936.46	tear for $t = 10.5$ ye laces		\$8,000 is invested semiannually. Roun		7)
8) A municipal bon				er a period of 9	8)
		rest did the bond p			

FULL SOLUTION. Write the entire solution that provides the answer to the question 9) If Dan deposits money into an account that earns 5.5% per year compounded continuously, how long will it take for his investment to be tripled?(Round your answer to one decimal place)	. Show your work. 9)

10) A couple decides on the following savings plan for their child's college education. When the child is 6 months old, and semi-annually thereafter, they will deposit \$310 into a savings account paying 10% interest compounded semi-annually. After the child's tenth birthday, having made 20 such payments, they will stop making deposits and let the accumulated money earn interest, at the same rate, for 8 more years, until the child is 18 years old and ready for college. How much money (to the nearest dollar) will be in the account when the child is ready for college?

10) _____

MUL quest	TIPLE CHOICE.	Choose the one a	lternative that b	est completes the	statement or ansv	vers the
quest	11) To help plan the conducted, and 130 students ate 184 students are 275 students are 112 students ate 112 students ate	the following data breakfast lunch dinner breakfast and lunch breakfast and dinner	were obtained:	a college cafeteria	, a survey was	11)
	How many of th	ne students ate exac	ctly two meals in	the cafeteria?		
	A) 166	B) 78	C) 33	D) 97	E) 61	
Solve	the problem. 12) A student must of 5 programm A) 350 course C) 175 course E) Other	ing electives. How e selections	v many possible o B)	es, 1 of 7 science course selections at 35 course selection 17 course selection	e there?	12)
	13) In how many wa group of 11 mer A) 110	ays can a committen and 11 women? B) 54,450	ı	nd four women be 7,840,800	formed from a D) 554,400	13)
	,	, ,	,	· ·		14)
	14) How many diffe word ATLAN	ГА?				14)
	A) 5040	B) 420	C) 1	D) 7 nCr 1	E) Other	
	15) Two light bulbs is the probability A) 0.672	are selected at ran y that at least 1 of t B) 0.047			e defective. What E) 0.312	15)
	16) A pair if six-side die is recorded. A) 2/3			t appears on the up of the numbers is D) 1/4		16)

17) The number of accidents that occur at a certain intersection known as "Five Corners" on 17) a Friday afternoon between the hours of 3 P.M. and 6 P.M., along with the corresponding probabilities, are shown in the following table. Find the expected number of accidents during the period in question.

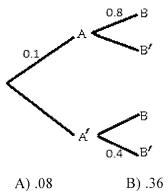
Accidents	0	1	2	3	4
Probability	.913	.04	.02	.02	.007

- A) 0.168
- B) 0.143
- C) 0.218
- D) 0.203
- E) 0

18) ____

19)

18) Refer to the tree diagram below to find P(A and B').



- C) .02
- D) .6
- E) .9
- 19) A desk lamp produced by Luminar was found to be defective. The company has three factories where the lamps are manufactured. The percentage of the total number of desk lamps produced by each factory and the probability that a lamp manufactured by that factory is defective are shown in the accompanying table. What is the probability that the defective lamp was manufactured in factory II?

	Percent of Total	Probability of Defective
Factory	Production	Component
Ĭ	0.30	0.01
II	0.30	0.015
III	0.40	0.01

- A) 0.035
- B) 0.261
- C) 0.348
- D) 0.391
- E) 0.114

FULL SOLUTION. V	Write the entire solution that provides the answer to the question. Show your work.
20) Determine wh	tether the given events A and B are independent if $P(A) = .6$, 20)
P(B) = .4 an	d $P(A \cap B)$ =.24. Explain your answer mathematically.

- 2) C
- 3) B

4) a) (40%)
$$R(x) = (-\frac{1}{100}x + 100) * x = -\frac{1}{100}x^2 + 100x$$

b)
$$(10\%)$$
 R $(450) = $42,975.00$

c) (25%) The maximum value is obtained at the vertex of the parabola: the maximum quantity: -b/(2a) = -100/2/(-1/100) = 5000 the maximum revenue: R(5000) = 250,000

d) (25%) The price when
$$x=5000$$
 is $-1/100*5000+100=50$

- 5) B
- 6) A
- 7) E
- 8) A

9) (30%) The formula that needs to be used is
$$A = Pe^{rt}$$

(25%) Then
$$3P = Pe^{.055t}$$

(25%) So
$$ln(3) = ln(e^{.055t})$$

$$(20\%)$$
 $t = \ln(3) / .055 = 19.97$ years

10)
$$(50\%)$$
 $A = 310 \left[\frac{(1+.1/2)^{20} - 1}{.1/2} \right] = 10,250.4457$

$$(40\%)$$
 $A = 10,250.4457*(1+.1/2)^{16} = 22,375.437$

(10%) Round off: \$22,375

- 11) D
- 12) C
- 13) B
- 14) B
- 15) E
- 16) B
- 17) A
- 18) C
- 19) D
- 20)

.4*.6 = .24 which does equal .24. The events are independent.

Finance Formulas

Simple Interest Formula: A = P(1 + rt)

Compound Interest Formula: $A = P(1 + \frac{r}{m})^{mt}$

Continuously Compounded Interest Formula: $A = Pe^{rt}$

Effective Rate Formula for Compounded Interest:

$$r_{eff} = \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^m - 1$$

Effective Rate Formula for Continuously Compounded Interest:

$$r_{eff} = e^r - 1$$

Future Value Formula:
$$S = R \left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^{mt} - 1}{\frac{r}{m}} \right]$$

Present Value Formula:
$$P = R \left[\frac{1 - \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^{-mt}}{\frac{r}{m}} \right]$$

$$(n = mt \text{ and } i = \frac{r}{m})$$

Note: There are alternate ways of writing the above formulas by making the substitution n=mt and i=r/m. These forms are equivalent and they will produce identical results.