Calculators are not allowed on this exam. Work all questions completely. Show all work as described in class. Copyright 2017 Dept of Mathematics and Statistics, Texas Tech University. Unauthorized reproduction prohibited.

- 1. Consider the region bounded by $y = x^2$, y = 4, and the y-axis. Set up (but do not solve) integrals to find
 - (a) The volume of the solid generated by rotating this region about the x-axis using washers.
 - (b) The volume of the solid generated by rotating this region about the line x = 5 using shells.
- 2. Graph $r = 3(1 \sin(\theta))$ and set up an integral to find the area enclosed by the graph.
- 3. A spring whose natural length is 2 ft exerts a force of 100 lb when stretched to a length of 2.25 ft. **Set up** an integral to find the work done in stretching the spring 1 ft beyond its natural length.
- 4. Evaluate the following integrals.

(a)
$$\int x e^{3x} dx$$
 (b) $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+x^2}} dx$
(c) $\int \frac{4x-3}{(x+2)(x-3)} dx$ (d) $\int \sin^2(3x) dx$

- 5. Indicate if the following series converge or diverge. You must identify all the tests you use and show all the work needed to apply them.
 - (a) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{2^k}$ (b) $\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{k}{\ln k}$
(c) $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(k+2)!}{(2k)!}$ (d) $\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{2+\sqrt{k}}{k}$

6. Find all values of x so that $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{k} 3^k} (x-7)^k$ converges

- 7. If $a_k > 0$ and $a_{k+1} = 3a_k$ for all k > 1, does $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k$ converge? Why or why not?
- 8. Find the first 3 terms of the Taylor series for $f(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$ centered at x = 7.
- 9. Let $\mathbf{u} = < 2, 1, 0 > \text{ and } \mathbf{v} = < -3, 0, 4 >$.
 - (a) Find ||u 2v||.
 - (b) Find a vector orthogonal to both \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} .
 - (c) Find the cosine of the angle between \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} .