To the Student:

After your registration is complete and your proctor has been approved, you may take the Credit by Examination for French 2B.

WHAT TO BRING

- You must bring a recording device for audiocassette tape or digital sound media. Please contact your proctor for the correct device needed. For digital recordings, your device must have sound-recording software already installed and able to record in .wav or .mp3 format.
- You must also bring one blank audiocassette tape (full size only), CD-R or CD-RW (full size only), or a small USB flash drive (depending on the proctor’s requirements) on which to save your recording.

ABOUT THE EXAM

The French 2B Credit By Examination will cover second-year vocabulary pertaining to transportation (car, truck, motorcycles, maps, and highways), health (accidents, the emergency room, the doctor’s office, and surgery), hotels (checking into and out of, the hotel room, and the bathroom), public transportation (subway and bus), city life and country life, and French holidays. Grammatical structures covered include the conditional tenses of regular and irregular verbs, double object pronouns, interrogative and relative pronouns, commands with pronouns, the pronoun y, forming questions, the expression venir de with an infinitive, and using the infinitive after prepositions.

The examination will consist of six sections for a total of 175 points (30 points for the writing/speaking portion). The six sections are as follows:

I. **Listening Comprehension.** In this section, you will listen to a recording pertaining to automobiles, public transportation, and French holidays, and then answer questions about what you have heard. You will choose your answer and mark it on a bubble answer sheet.

II. **Vocabulary.** The vocabulary section will consist of 50 multiple-choice questions in groups of five.

III. **Culture.** The true/false culture questions will be based on transportation in France and French holiday customs.

IV. **Structure.** In the structure section, you will answer some multiple-choice, fill-in-the blank sentences and some short-answer questions by actually writing out your answers.
V. **Reading Comprehension.** In this section, you will read a selection and answer comprehension questions (in English) about what you have read.

VI. **Writing and Speaking Proficiency.** In this section, you will be asked to write five to seven sentences on your choice of two out of three prompts. You will then read your answers aloud and record it on your own recording medium (see “What to Bring” on the first page of this document).

You will have three hours to complete the exam.

The examination is based on the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills for this subject. Since questions are not taken from any one source, you can prepare by reviewing any of the state-adopted textbooks that are used at your school. The textbook used with our French 2B course is *Glencoe French II, Bon Voyage!* from McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. (2005).

The practice exam included in this document will give you a model of the types of questions that will be asked on your examination. It is not a duplicate of the actual examination. It is provided to illustrate the format of the exam, not to serve as a review sheet.

Good luck on your examination!
FREN 2B Practice Exam

Vocabulary
Choose the answer that best completes the sentence.

1. Pour prendre l’autoroute, il faut payer un ________.
   A. contravention
   B. clignotant
   C. tout droit
   D. motard
   E. péage

2. Le ________ surveille la circulation.
   A. contravention
   B. clignotant
   C. tout droit
   D. motard
   E. péage

3. Si je roulaïs trop vite, je recevrais une ________.
   A. contravention
   B. clignotant
   C. tout droit
   D. motard
   E. péage

4. Ne tournez pas à gauche! Allez ________.
   A. contravention
   B. clignotant
   C. tout droit
   D. motard
   E. péage

5. N’oubliez pas de mettre votre ________.
   A. contravention
   B. clignotant
   C. tout droit
   D. motard
   E. péage

Structure
Answer each question below with the appropriate form of “celui.”

   A. celui
   B. celle
   C. ceux
   D. celles

7. Quelles livres veux-tu? ________-là.
   A. celui
   B. celle
   C. ceux
   D. celles

Complete each sentence with the conditional form of the verb in parentheses.

8. Nous ____________________ des escargots. (manger)

9. Il ____________________ changer des dollars en euros. (faillir)

Rewrite the following commands, replacing the direct objects with object pronouns.

10. Ne touchez pas le pansement. ____________________

11. Ouvre la porte! ____________________
Replace the places in bold in the sentences below with the pronoun y. Be sure to put y in the proper place!

12. Nous allons au café. ____________________________________________

13. Vous allez mettre le clé dans votre sac? ____________________________

Culture
Indicate whether each statement is true or false.

14. Renault et Peugeot sont deux marques de voitures préférées en France.

15. Il y a 5 tickets de métro/autobus dans un carnet.

16. Beaucoup de Français vont à la messe de minuit la veille de Noël.
FREN 2B Practice Exam Answer Key

1. E
2. D
3. A
4. C
5. B
6. A
7. C
8. mangerions
9. faudrait
10. Ne le touchez pas.
11. Ouvre-la!
12. Nous y allons.
13. Vous allez y mettre la clé?
14. true
15. false
16. true
Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills
FREN 2B – French, Level II, Second Semester

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subchapter C. High School</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Authority: The provisions of this Subchapter C issued under the Texas Education Code, §28.002, unless otherwise noted.</td>
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§114.21. Implementation of Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills for Languages Other Than English, High School.

The provisions of this subchapter shall supersede §75.62(a)-(g) and (k)-(o) of this title (relating to Other Languages) beginning September 1, 1998.

(a) General requirements.

1. Levels I and II - Novice progress checkpoint can be offered in elementary, middle, or high school. At the high school level, students are awarded one unit of credit per level for successful completion of the level.

2. Using age-appropriate activities, students develop the ability to perform the tasks of the novice language learner. The novice language learner, when dealing with familiar topics, should:

- (A) understand short utterances when listening and respond orally with learned material;
- (B) produce learned words, phrases, and sentences when speaking and writing;
- (C) detect main ideas in familiar material when listening and reading;
- (D) make lists, copy accurately, and write from dictation;
- (E) recognize the importance in communication to know about the culture; and
- (F) recognize the importance of acquiring accuracy of expression by knowing the components of language, including grammar.

3. Students of classical languages use the skills of listening, speaking, and writing to reinforce the skill of reading.

(b) Introduction.

1. Acquiring another language incorporates communication skills such as listening, speaking, reading, writing, viewing, and showing. Students develop these communication skills by using knowledge of the language, including grammar, and culture, communication and learning strategies, technology, and content from other subject areas to socialize, to acquire and provide information, to express feelings and opinions, and to get others to adopt a course of action. While knowledge of other cultures, connections to other disciplines, comparisons between languages and cultures, and community interaction all contribute to and enhance the communicative language learning experience, communication skills are the primary focus of language acquisition.

2. Students of languages other than English gain the knowledge to understand cultural practices (what people do) and products (what people create) and to increase their understanding of other cultures as well as to interact with members of those cultures. Through the learning of languages other than English, students obtain the tools and develop the context needed to connect with other subject areas and to use the language to acquire information and reinforce other areas of study. Students of languages other than English develop an understanding of the nature of language, including grammar, and culture and use this knowledge to compare languages and cultures and to expand insight into their own language and culture. Students enhance their personal and public lives and meet the career demands of the 21st century by using languages other than English to participate in communities in Texas, in other states, and around the world.

(c) Knowledge and skills.

1. Communication. The student communicates in a language other than English using the skills of listening, speaking, reading, and writing. The student is expected to:

- (A) engage in oral and written exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information;
- (B) demonstrate understanding of simple, clearly spoken, and written language such as simple stories, high-frequency commands, and brief instructions when dealing with familiar topics; and
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<th>(C) present information using familiar words, phrases, and sentences to listeners and readers.</th>
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<td><strong>(2) Cultures.</strong> The student gains knowledge and understanding of other cultures. The student is expected to:</td>
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<td><strong>✓</strong></td>
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<td><strong>✓</strong></td>
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<td><strong>(3) Connections.</strong> The student uses the language to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:</td>
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<td><strong>✓</strong></td>
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<td><strong>✓</strong></td>
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<td><strong>(4) Comparisons.</strong> The student develops insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to another. The student is expected to:</td>
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<td><strong>✓</strong></td>
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<td><strong>(5) Communities.</strong> The student participates in communities at home and around the world by using languages other than English. The student is expected to:</td>
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<td><strong>✓</strong></td>
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*Source: The provisions of this §114.22 adopted to be effective September 1, 1998, 22 TexReg 4930.*