

# How do I prepare files for Printing?

It's best to prepare your file using Spectrolite, <u>https://spectrolite.app/</u>, a free app designed by artists for prepping color separations for the RISO. If you're working in a digital space to prepare files, we recommend using the RGB color codes of the RISO colors we have in the studio. If you're working in an analogue style, you can scan your image and use spectrolite to create color separations. We have a copy of spectrolite on all computers in the RISOlab. You can utilize these computers to prepare your files—please ask the RISO tech for assistance.

## Paper

RISO inks print well on most uncoated papers, as it can be absorbed onto the surface and allowed to dry.

We stock Smooth, 8.5" x 11" 60lb text 96 Bright White Paper from French Paper for student and faculty use.

You will need to supply your own paper if you want to print 11" x 17" or on a color paper. We recommend that you only use French Paper on the RISO. https://www.frenchpaper.com/collections/paper-text

#### WEIGHTS

Bond	Cover
20lb-60lb	60lb-80lb

#### **Preparing Files**

For print, artwork should be:

1. Grayscale/ b&w

2. Resolution = 300 dpi

Naming and Preparing Files

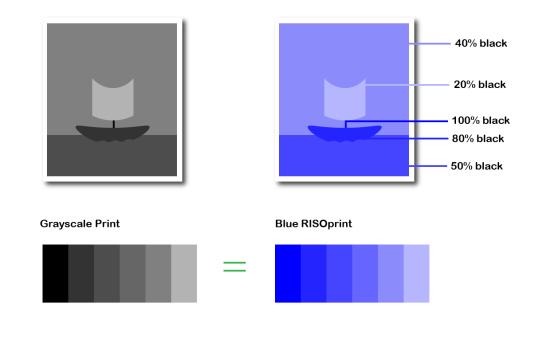
3. Each color layer printed as a separate file.

We need a grayscale file for every color you'd like to print. If your files are digital, please follow naming conventions and email your files to the lab tech.

Naming Conventions: yourname\_color\_order of print. See example below.

# Name\_Yellow\_A.pdf Name\_Green\_B.pdf Two-Color RISO Print!

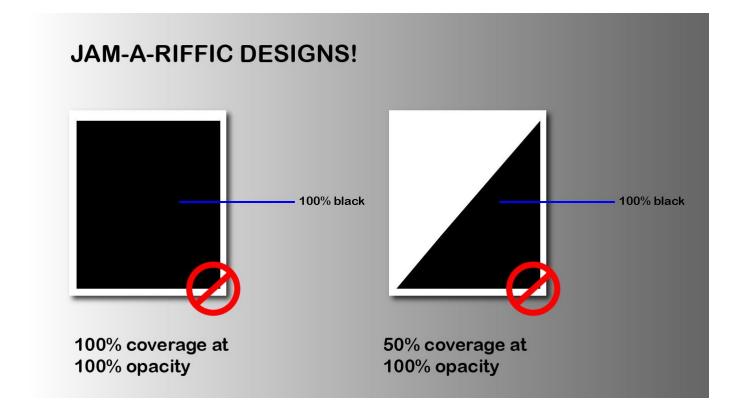
All files sent through the RISOgraph printer should be grayscale. Colors are added through the RISOgraph printer. Your Grayscale image will be translated into a color print with corresponding opacities.



## **Ink Coverage**

Too much ink coverage can jam the machine. We will not print artwork that jams the machine. The RISO can't print 100% ink density across 100% of the paper. Large areas of 100% ink density can cause jams (surface area over 40% of the paper at 100% in density will jam).

To prevent jamming, it's best to design with your darkest color at 85% opacity. If you're covering the entire surface of the paper or a shape that covers over 40% of the surface, the opacity of the ink should be 70%.

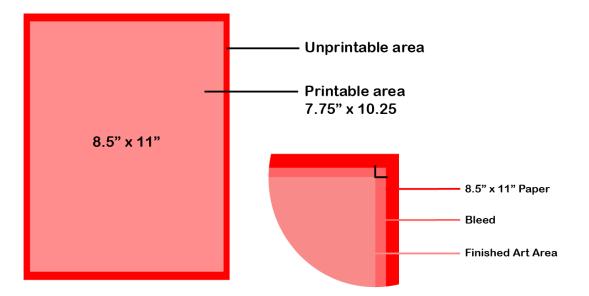


## **Full Bleed**

The RISOgraph does not print all the way to the edge of the paper (full bleed).

You must leave at least .375 of an inch around the edge of the paper clear of a design.

To print full bleed, create crop marks inside the printable area. Print your design beyond the crop marks. You can then trim the paper to reach a full bleed effect.



# Colors

Sunflower

SUNFLOWER					
JAPANESE NAME:					

Blue

BLUE						
			100	%	75%	
JAPANESE NAME: ブルー		CMYK 99, 22, 0, 1				

#### Red

RED			100%	75%	500/	
			100%	75%		
JAPANESE NAME: レッド	PANTONE WARM RED U	RGB 255, 102, 94				

#### Brown

BROWN				100%	75%	
JAPANESE NAME: ブラウン	HEX 925F52		CMYK <b>18, 62, 84, 23</b>	PART # <b>S-4390</b>		

## Moss

MOSS					
			100%	75%	
JAPANESE NAME:		CMYK 38, 11, 89, 42	PART # S-3303		

# Tomato

ΤΟΜΑΤΟ							
			100	%	75%	50%	
JAPANESE NAME:		RGB <b>210, 81, 94</b>					

# Orange

ORANGE						
				100%		
JAPANESE NAME: オレンジ	HEX FF6C2F	PANTONE ORANGE 021 U				

# Green

GREEN						
			100	0%	75%	
JAPANESE NAME: グリーン		CMYK 73, 0, 81, 0				

## Violet

VIOLET					
			100%		
JAPANESE NAME: ヴァイオレット		RGB <b>157, 122, 210</b>			

# Notes

# 1. "Risotto's Print Bible Risograph Guide," by Risotto Studio, accessed 10/4/23,

https://cdn.shopify.com/s/files/1/0549/0003/1648/files/RISOTTO\_Studio\_PRINT\_GUIDE\_2021\_DIGITAL. pdf?v=1636409189