

**TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY STUDENT
HANDBOOK 2020-2021**

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General Purpose

FOREWARD

A University, like any community, must have regulations and/or standards by which its members abide and procedures by which its organization functions. The standards should provide order and an atmosphere conducive to intellectual and personal development. This Student Handbook and the *Code of Student Conduct* contained within are intended to serve these purposes in the interest of all segments of Texas Tech University.

The University has a responsibility to maintain order within the University community and to discipline those who violate its standards, rules, and/or policies. Enrollment requires students to share this responsibility. Students are responsible for knowing the information, policies and procedures outlined in this document. Students agree to abide by the standards, rules and/or policies set forth in this Student Handbook, the Undergraduate Catalog and other official University publications, as well as the Texas Education Code. Student organizations also agree to follow these standards, rules, and/or policies. The University or its representative may amend this document at any time without notice. Neither this handbook nor the Code of Student Conduct constitutes a contract.

The University reserves the right to make changes to this *Code* as necessary and once those changes are posted online, they are in effect. Students are encouraged to check online [<http://www.depts.ttu.edu/dos/handbook/>] for the updated versions of all policies and procedures. Students are also informed of changes to the *Code of Student Conduct* by electronic notification outlets and/or official campus publications. The Student Handbook was approved by the Board of Regents on August 7, 2020 to be effective Friday, August 7, 2020.

Membership in the TTU Community

As members of the academic community, University students enjoy the privileges and share the obligations of the larger community of which the University is a part. Students are entitled to the privileges that accrue to them by virtue of this membership. These privileges carry with them the obligations of responsible citizenship. Students shall conform to University regulations. Students should recognize that citizenship also includes contributing deliberately to strengthening the educational community, improving learning for themselves and their classmates and promoting excellence within the above context. Freedom of discussion, inquiry and expression is protected and nurtured in the classroom as the safeguard of the freedom to learn. Students are expected to exercise their freedom to learn in a manner consistent with the maintenance of good order. Responsibility for maintaining good order in the classroom is vested in the instructor. *The Code of Student Conduct* outlines the standards of behavior for University students and the disciplinary processes to address misconduct.

Texas Tech University Vision

Texas Tech is a great public research University where students succeed, knowledge is advanced, and global engagement is championed.

Texas Tech University Mission

As a public research University, Texas Tech advances knowledge through innovative and creative teaching, research, and scholarship. The University is dedicated to student success by preparing learners to be ethical leaders for a diverse and globally competitive workforce. The University is committed to enhancing the cultural and economic development of the state, nation, and world.
Approved by the Texas Tech University Board of Regents on May 14, 2010.

Texas Tech Statement of Ethical Principles

Texas Tech University is committed to ethical leadership practices at all levels and to our tradition of community service, both within the University community and in our relationships with the greater community. We strive for exemplary professional and community service through research, creative works, and service programs that extend beyond the University environment. We strive to provide excellent service in a caring and friendly environment and encourage such involvement in the community by all faculty, students, staff, and administration.

School of Law and Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center

Students enrolled in, and student organizations registered with, the Texas Tech University School of Law are subject to the *Code of Student Conduct*. In addition to the *Code of Student Conduct*, Tech Law students and registered organizations are also subject to the Honor Code of the School of Law. In specific situations, students may find themselves in violation of either the *Code of Student Conduct* or the Honor Code of the School of Law, or both.

Questions concerning the respective jurisdiction of the *Code of Student Conduct* and the Honor Code of the School of Law will be resolved by the Vice Provost Student Affairs and the Dean of the School of Law.

Students enrolled in the Schools of Medicine, , Health Professions, Nursing, Pharmacy, Graduate School of Biomedical Sciences/Public Health, and organizations registered with the Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center are subject to the TTUHSC Student Handbook/Code of Professional Conduct.

PART I CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT

SECTION A: STUDENT CONDUCT MISSION AND POLICIES

The *Code of Student Conduct* outlines behavioral standards developed by the University community for students and student organizations and the related procedures for addressing misconduct. Students should be aware that the student conduct process is not a criminal or civil court proceeding. Students and student organizations are responsible for actions that constitute misconduct and violate the *Code of Student Conduct*. Any student or student organization found responsible for misconduct may be subject to conduct sanctions.

The University provides a fair and equitable student conduct process, utilizing a thorough, neutral, and impartial investigation, from which is generated a prompt resolution.

The *Code of Student Conduct* and related processes educate students about their rights and responsibilities while promoting holistic development, self-worth, and mutual respect for all members of the University community. Freedom of discussion, inquiry and expression is also fostered by an environment in which the privileges of citizenship are protected and the obligations of citizenship are understood.

The Office of Student Conduct is committed to an educational and developmental process that balances the interests of individual students with the interests of the University community. No student will be found in violation of University policy without sufficient information and evidence showing that it is more likely than not that a policy violation occurred and any sanctions will be proportionate to the severity of the violation and to the cumulative conduct history of the student.

The student conduct process at the University exists to protect the interests of the community and to challenge those whose behavior is not in accordance with our policies. Sanctions are intended to challenge students' moral and ethical decision-making and to help them bring their behavior into accord with our community expectations and values. When a student is unable to conform their behavior to community expectations, the student conduct process may determine that the student should no longer share in the privilege of participating in this community.

1. Disciplinary Authority

The authority to enact and enforce regulations of the University is vested in the Board of Regents. The responsibility for enforcing the regulations and imposing penalties is delegated to the President of the University and any University officials the President designates. The Office of the Vice Provost, Undergraduate Education and Student Affairs is the principal agency for the administration of student conduct. The Office of the Dean of Students, the Office of Student Conduct, and University Student Housing shall implement the student discipline procedures. All references to the officials listed above shall be interpreted to include persons designated to act on their behalf.

The Dean of Students, Managing Director of the Office of Student Conduct and the Title IX Administrator, herein after referred to as the Managing Director or designee, will assume responsibility for the investigation of an allegation of misconduct to determine if the complaint has merit.

a. Investigator

An Investigator is a trained University staff member whose role is to conduct a thorough, reliable, and impartial investigation and compile the information that they gathered into an Investigation Report. In most cases heard by a Hearing Panel, the Investigator will present the information and evidence obtained through the investigation to the Panel, which will make a determination of responsible or not responsible and assign a sanction. In non-Title IX cases heard through the Administrative Hearing process, or completed via an Informal Conference, the Investigator may issue allegations, may render findings and may issue sanctions. In Sanction Only Hearings for non-Title IX cases, the Investigator will issue allegations and the finding and may issue the sanction(s) but may at times only issue the allegations and the finding.

Investigators are assigned to cases by the Dean of Students, the Managing Director or designee, or Title IX Administrator. Investigators may be staff members in the Office of Student Conduct, or trained staff in other departments such as the Office for Student Rights & Resolution, the Office of the Dean of Students, Center for Campus Life, and University Student Housing. The investigator may assist the Resource Person or Committee Chairperson during the hearing.

b. Administrative Hearing Officer

An Administrative Hearing Officer is a trained University staff member whose role is to make a decision of responsibility and assign sanctions, as appropriate in an Administrative Hearing. In non-Title IX cases, the Administrative Hearing Officer may be the Investigator who completed the Investigation/Investigation Report, or an Administrative Hearing Officer assigned by the Managing Director or designee.

c. Hearing Panel

The Hearing Panel will conduct disciplinary Panel Hearings. The Panel will be composed of full-time faculty members, full-time students, full-time staff, and Administrative Hearing officers.

1. Hearing Panel Appointments

The Managing Director or designee will be responsible for assembling and training the Hearing Panel annually. Students, faculty and staff may apply to serve to serve on the Hearing Panel pool by contacting the Office of Student Conduct. The Hearing Panel will consist of students, faculty, and staff members, according to the following guidelines:

a. Student Recommendations

The President of the Student Government Association, Graduate Student Advisory Council, and the President of the Residence Halls Association, and Associate Academic Deans are invited to make recommendations for student members to serve on the Hearing Panel. Upon recommendation, student members will be invited to participate in an application process, prior to appointment. Upon completion of the application process, selected student members will be appointed by the Managing Director or designee. To be eligible for appointment, undergraduate students must be considered full-time students, be in academic good standing and have completed 12 hours of Texas Tech University academic credit with a cumulative GPA of at least 2.5, be in good standing with the Office of Student Conduct throughout the semester(S) in which they serve. Good standing is defined as having no record of misconduct during the semester(s) in which a student wishes to serve on the Panel. Graduate students must be in

academic good standing and have completed 6 hours of Texas Tech University academic credit with a cumulative GPA of at least 3.0, and be in good standing with the Office of Student Conduct throughout the semester in which they serve. Good standing is defined as having no record of misconduct during the semester(s) in which a student wishes to serve on the Panel. A serious history of misconduct could disqualify a student for service. Students must submit a letter of recommendation from a faculty member or administrator from within the University community.

b. Faculty Recommendations

The President of the Faculty Senate and Associate Academic Deans are invited to make recommendations for faculty members to serve on the Hearing Panel. Upon recommendation, faculty members will be invited to participate in an application process, prior to appointment. Upon completion of the application process, faculty members will be appointed by the Managing Director or designee.

c. Staff Appointments

The President of the Staff Senate is invited to make recommendations for staff members to serve on the Hearing Panel. Upon recommendation, staff members will be invited to participate in an application process, prior to appointment. Upon completion of the application process, staff members will be appointed by the Managing Director or designee, in consultation with the Dean of Students. Staff who served as Investigators will not serve as a Resource Person or Panel Member in a Hearing.

d. Administrative Hearing Officer Appointments

An Administrative Hearing Officer may be appointed as member of the Hearing Panel by the Managing Director or designee and are selected from the group of trained University staff members designated as Administrative Hearing Officers. Administrative Hearing Officers who served as Investigators in the case may not serve on the Hearing Panel as a voting participant or as the non-voting Resource Person, and will participate only as the Investigator in the Panel Hearing.

2. Hearing Panel Terms

Each member will be appointed for a single one-year term by the Managing Director or designee. Members may be re-appointed for consecutive one-year terms, but must complete the Hearing Panel training each year.

3. Hearing Panel Composition

For each Panel Hearing, a Panel of three (3) members will be chosen from the available pool by the Managing Director or designee. The Hearing Panel will usually be comprised of one student, one faculty member, and one staff member or Administrative Hearing Officer. Availability may determine a different composition for the Panel. In cases involving Part I, section B.1 (Academic Misconduct), the Hearing Panel will be comprised only of students and faculty. In cases involving Part I, section B.2 (Actions against Members of the University Community and Others), or other sensitive issues, the Managing Director or designee will appoint three Hearing Panel members for the Panel. A Hearing Panel Chair may be selected in order to assist the Resource Person in conducting an orderly hearing. A Hearing Panel Chair may not be a student.

4. Resource Person

The Managing Director or designee appoints a Resource Person in each Panel Hearing.

The Resource Person is a non-voting participant and assures that University/College procedures are followed throughout the Panel Hearing. The Resource Person is responsible for composing the Panel's decision, assisting the Panel in composing the rationale, assisting the Panel in drafting the decision letter, providing clarification on policy and procedure and providing clarification on appropriate sanctions, if assigned.

5. Removal of a Hearing Panel Member

The Managing Director or designee may remove a member from this Panel when, in his/her judgment, the member has failed or refused to effectively serve and perform the duties and functions of the Panel. The Hearing Panel member may recuse themselves on a case by case basis if there is a conflict of interest. Additionally, the Complainant or Respondent may request the removal of a Panel Member whose ability to be impartial is in question. The Managing Director or designee will review and approve or deny student requests for removal of a Panel Member.

6. Panel Hearings

The Office of Student Conduct will establish meeting dates and times during which cases will be heard and will provide for scheduling special meetings as needed. Panel Hearings will be conducted by a subgroup of the Hearing Panel Members.

7. Panel Hearing Deliberation

When deliberating a case, the Hearing Panel will meet in closed session with only voting Panel members present.

8. Additional Hearing Panel Members

The Managing Director for the Office of Student Conduct or designee may appoint additional members of the Hearing Panel to expedite the orderly disposition of cases and/or to aid in the administration of disciplinary action within the University. The additional member(s) of the Hearing Panel will complete the same training, have the same duties and Responsibilities, and the same authority as the original Hearing Panel member.

9. Hearing Panel Orientation & Training

Prior to serving in a Hearing, members of the Hearing Panel will be required to participate in an orientation and training program facilitated by the Office of Student Conduct. Members are encouraged to attend additional trainings throughout their service on the Hearing Panel.

d. The *Code of Student Conduct* Review Committee

The *Code of Student Conduct* is reviewed every year by the *Code of Student Conduct* Review Committee in conjunction with the Office of Student Conduct, University Student Housing, Dean of Students, and the Vice Provost for Student Affairs. The *Code of Student Conduct* Review Committee will conduct an annual review of the *Code of Student Conduct* and make recommendations to the Vice Provost for Student Affairs regarding omissions, clarifications, constructive changes and other matters relevant to the proper interpretation and operation of the *Code of Student Conduct*. The Vice Provost for Student Affairs will then present the *Code of Student Conduct* for review and consideration by the Board of Regents.

1. Committee Appointment

The *Code of Student Conduct* Review Committee members are appointed by the Managing Director or designee who will invite recommendations by the President of the Faculty Senate, President of the Staff Senate, President of the Student Government

Association, President of the Graduate Student Assembly, and the President of the Residence Halls Association.

2. Committee Composition

The *Code of Student Conduct* Review Committee will include members from the following classes of Texas Tech University community members:

- a. Full-time faculty;
- b. Full-time staff;
- c. Full-time undergraduate student(s);
- d. Full-time graduate student(s).

3. Committee Removals

The Managing Director or designee may remove a member from this committee when, in their judgment, the member has failed or refused to serve and perform the duties and functions of this committee.

4. Committee Meetings

The Office of Student Conduct will establish meeting dates and times during which the *Code of Student Conduct* will be reviewed and will provide for scheduling special meetings as needed.

5. Committee Quorum

A quorum for the committee is five (5) members.

6. Additional Committee Members

The Managing Director or designee may appoint additional members of the *Code of Student Conduct* Review Committee to expedite the review process of the code. The additional members of the *Code of Student Conduct* Review Committee.

2. **Jurisdiction**

Students at the University are provided an electronic copy of the *Code of Student Conduct* annually in the form of a link on the Student Handbook website. Students are responsible for having read and abiding by the provisions of the *Code of Student Conduct*.

The University community has developed standards of behavior pertaining to students and to student organizations. Students and student organizations are subject to conduct action according to the provisions of the *Code of Student Conduct*. The University respects the rights and responsibilities of students and will consider each violation of University policy and each violation of federal, state and/or local law on a “case-by-case” basis and will further attempt to initially use educational options and subsequent intervention and/or prevention options to assist students.

The *Code of Student Conduct* and the student conduct process applies to the conduct of individual students, both undergraduate and graduate, including law students and all student organizations. For the purposes of student conduct, the University considers an individual to be a student when an offer of admission has been extended and thereafter as long as the student has a continuing educational interest in the University.

The *Code of Student Conduct* applies to behaviors that take place on University premises, at University-sponsored activities and events, and may apply to off-campus behavior when the Dean of Students or Managing Director or designee determine that the off-campus conduct affects a substantial University interest, such as situations where a student’s conduct may

present a danger or threat to the health or safety of him/herself or others; situations that infringe on the rights of other students; situations causing significant disruption to the educational community or detrimental to the educational mission of the University.

Proceedings under the *Code of Student Conduct* may be carried out prior to, independent of, concurrent with or following civil or criminal proceedings. Misconduct which may constitute a violation of federal, state, local laws, and/or Texas Tech University policy will be considered a violation of this policy, and will be investigated and adjudicated through the University conduct system and standard of proof. A lack of conviction in any criminal proceeding will not, in and of itself, serve as evidence in a University conduct proceeding.

Determinations made and/or sanctions imposed as a result of University disciplinary proceedings will not be subject to change because criminal charges arising out of the same facts that resulted in the violation of University rules were dismissed, reduced, or resolved in favor of or against a criminal law defendant.

The University retains conduct jurisdiction over students who choose to take a leave of absence, withdraw or have graduated for any misconduct that occurred prior to the leave, withdrawal or graduation. If sanctioned, a hold may be placed on the student's ability to reenroll, obtain official transcripts, and/or graduate. All sanctions must be satisfied prior to reenrollment eligibility. In the event of serious misconduct committed while still enrolled, but reported after the accused student has graduated, the University may invoke these procedures and should the former student be found responsible, the University may revoke that student's degree. The University reserves the right to address and adjudicate behavior of previously enrolled students when there is a continued University interest.

The *Code of Student Conduct* may be applied to behavior conducted online, via email, or other electronic medium. Students should also be aware that online postings such as blogs, web postings, chats and social networking sites are in the public sphere and are not private. These postings can subject a student to allegations of conduct violations if evidence of policy violations is posted online. The University does not regularly search for this information, but may take action when such information is brought to the attention of University officials.

The *Code of Student Conduct* applies to guests of community members whose hosts may be held accountable for the misconduct of their guests. The *Code* may also be applied to resident non-students, campers and high school bridge/extension/partner/dual-credit and continuing education program students, or by contractual agreement. Visitors to and guests of the University may seek resolution of violations of the *Code of Student Conduct* committed against them by members of University community.

3. **Notice**

Notice is deemed to have been properly provided when written notification is sent to the student's official assigned Texas Tech University email address, delivered via Certified Mail to the student's last known address, or personally delivered to the student. University email is the University's primary means of communication with students. Students are responsible for all communication delivered to their University email address. Students will be given a reasonable amount of time to respond to requests to meet with University officials. Pre-Scheduled meetings are scheduled around a student's published academic schedule and include the opportunity to

reschedule in the event of unavoidable conflicts. Should a student wish to reschedule an appointment, they should do so in a timely manner. The University will make all reasonable efforts to accommodate student schedule conflicts, but will not permit unreasonable delays in the Conduct Process. After proper notice has been given to the student, the Investigator or designee may proceed with the conduct process. Should a student fail to comply with the requests of an Investigator or designee, the Office of Student Conduct may issue a 'Failure to Comply' *Code of Student Conduct* allegation to the student. Students are advised to keep their most current local address, permanent address, and local telephone number updated in the student records system at www.raiderlink.ttu.edu/.

Student organizations are provided notice through the organization's spokesperson via the notification procedures described above. In most cases, the organization's spokesperson is the President of the organization. However, organizations may appoint an alternate spokesperson to formally represent the organization. A student organization spokesperson must be a currently enrolled Texas Tech University student who is a member of the responding organization. The spokesperson may not be an alumni advisor, chapter advisor, faculty/staff advisor, national or international headquarters volunteer or staff member, or coach. Student organizations may only appoint one spokesperson for each case and must inform the University in the event that the appointed spokesperson is not the President of the organization.

4. **Timelines**

It is recommended that reports of alleged violations of the *Code of Student Conduct* should be received by the Office of Student Conduct and/or the Office for Student Rights & Resolution within ten (10) University working days of the alleged incident to initiate conduct procedures. There is no time limit on reporting violations; however, the longer someone waits to report an offense, the more difficult it becomes to obtain information and evidence regarding the incidents.

The Office of Student Conduct and/or the Office for Student Rights & Resolution will make every effort to complete the process as quickly as possible. Timelines may vary depending on the availability of individuals participating in the process, availability of evidence, delays for concurrent criminal investigations, breaks between academic semesters, and other delays.

5. **Standards of Evidence**

The proceedings are not restricted by the rules of evidence governing criminal and civil proceedings. The standard of proof used in *Code of Student Conduct* proceedings is the preponderance of evidence, or more likely than not.

6. **Reporting Allegations of Misconduct**

To file allegation(s) of misconduct against student(s) or student organization(s), individuals should complete an online [incident report form](#). The written allegation should describe the action or behavior in question. Individuals may also file a report in person at the Office of Student Conduct, located in suite 211 of the Student Wellness Building. Staff are also available in the Office of the Dean of Students to take initial reports of allegations and assist with conduct processes. The Office of Student Conduct also regularly reviews reports submitted from Texas Tech University faculty and staff, University Student Housing, and the Texas Tech Police Department.

To submit a concern regarding a student organization or to file an allegation of misconduct against a student organization or its members, individuals (faculty, staff, students, organization members, parents, community members or other parties) may complete an online form. Individuals may also file a report in person with the Center for Campus Life, 201 Student Union. Staff are also available in the Office of the Dean of Students and Office of Student Conduct to discuss reports of misconduct against student organizations.

Student organization leaders, members, and/or advisors are encouraged to self-report organization or member behavior, including future events that may be considered violations of TTU policy.

To file allegations of misconduct against a student or student organization that involves gender or sex based harassment, the individual(s) should complete an online incident report form. The written allegation should describe the action or behavior in question. Individuals may also file a report in person at the Office for Student Rights & Resolution Student Union Building Room 232E.

If after an initial report has been made a student experiences a subsequent concern or continued incident(s) of alleged misconduct, a student may file an additional report pursuant to the procedures in this section (Part I, section A.6).

7. Confidentiality

Texas Tech University is committed to ensuring confidentiality during all stages of the student conduct process. If students are unsure whether they want to involve family or friends, and are not yet certain whether they want to report to the police or the University, there are resources available, both on and off campus, that offer confidential assistance and support. Information about the TTU Student Counseling Center can be found at www.depts.ttu.edu/scc/.

The University is committed to facilitating an environment that supports students reporting incidents of misconduct, and will always attempt to resolve a situation in accordance with a student's wishes. In most cases, the University will not initiate student conduct proceedings or take administrative action without consulting with the reporting student.

In some exceptional circumstances, where the incident in question presents a continuing threat to the campus community, the University may be required to investigate irrespective of the Complainant's desire to pursue allegations of student misconduct, and may be required to issue a "timely warning" to the campus community, as required by The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. Timely warnings do not include personally identifiable information of involved parties.

All reports of misconduct will be maintained with the highest possible level of confidentiality. Information provided by the student will only be shared with essential staff members and only as is necessary for the effective investigation and adjudication of the case. Where reports of misconduct involve other students, either as respondents or witnesses in the case, some information may need to be shared with those involved parties in order to complete a thorough investigation.

8. Anonymity

Texas Tech understands the sensitive nature of some incidents of alleged misconduct. Further, the University is mindful of a Complainants' desire, in some cases, to report an incident without disclosing their name or other identifying information. Texas Tech will always attempt to protect a student's anonymity if that is the student's request. Doing so, however, can oftentimes make it more difficult to thoroughly and effectively investigate an incident. The University will work with each student on a case-by-case basis to find the approach that best fits the student's wants and needs.

9. Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)

FERPA protects the privacy of student education records, including personally identifiable information derived from student conduct records. Generally, schools must have written permission from a student in order to release any information from a student's education record. FERPA allows schools to disclose student records, without consent, in situations including, but not limited to school officials with legitimate educational interest, other schools to which a student is transferring, to comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena, to parents when there is a health or safety emergency involving the student, to parents when the student has committed a disciplinary violation with respect to use or possession of alcohol or a controlled substance and the student is under 21 years of age at the time of the disclosure, to the complainant or subject of a crime of violence or a nonforcible sex offense concerning the final results of a disciplinary Hearing.

NOTE: Additional information on Student Records is available in The Student Handbook, Part II, Section P.

10. Student Organizations

Information gathered during an Investigation of student organization misconduct, as well as any conduct findings and decisions, may be shared with the student organization's Headquarters, sponsoring department, or organization as appropriate. This otherwise confidential information will not be shared with other students or the Greek community.

Student organization records do not affect the content of individual student records for members of those student organizations. A finding of responsibility for misconduct for a student organization does not indicate a finding of responsibility for individual students. Individual students may be subject to their own conduct processes separate from the student organization process.

All records concerning a student organization related to conduct processes will remain on file with the University for a minimum of seven (7) years from the date of the completion of the case via Informal Conference, any Hearing process, and/or conduct appeal processes.

11. Reporting Criminally

Some instances of student misconduct may also constitute a violation of state, federal, or local law. Students have the option to report misconduct to the University, to local law enforcement, or to both. Texas Tech administrators are happy to assist students in making a report to law enforcement, and will even accompany the student if they wish.

12. Amnesty

The University will provide educational options in lieu of conduct proceedings in certain situations. Examples of the amnesty provision include, but are not limited to:

- Victims of or witnesses to misconduct who were engaging in policy violations, such as underage drinking or drug use, at the time of the incident.
 - In investigations into matters of Actions Against Members of the University Community and Others, all involved parties may be reviewed under this amnesty provision.
- Students who offer assistance to others by calling medical personnel or law enforcement.
- Students who bring their own use, addiction, or dependency to alcohol, drugs, or other addictions to the attention of the University prior to any conduct incidents or reports.
- The university will not take any disciplinary action against a student who in good faith reports being the victim of, or witness to, an incident of sexual harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, or stalking, for a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct* occurring at or near the time of the incident, regardless of the location at which the incident occurred or the outcome of the disciplinary process regarding the incident.
- Students or Student Organizations who voluntarily and in good faith reports the incident before being contacted by the institution concerning the incident or otherwise being included in the institution's investigation of the incident.
- A student may not receive amnesty for reporting the student's own act of hazing of at least one or more others.
- A student may not receive amnesty if the student reports an act of hazing in bad faith or with malice.

Abuse of amnesty provisions can result in a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct*. Amnesty does not preclude students from being charged with allegations of misconduct related to Part II, section B.2 (Actions against Members of the University Community and Others). *The Code of Student Conduct* amnesty provisions do not influence criminal proceedings or charges. Amnesty does not preclude students from being required to meet with University staff and to participate in conditions such as counseling, alcohol assessments, and other requirements. The Office for Student Rights & Resolution may also assist with questions related to amnesty provisions, but the final determination regarding amnesty will be made by the Managing Director of the Office of Student Conduct or designee or the Title IX Administrator or designee in Title IX cases.

13. Withdrawal

A responding student facing an alleged violation of the *Code of Student Conduct* may have a hold placed on their transcript requiring them to contact the Managing Director or designee to request permission to withdraw from the University. While a student may be permitted to withdraw from the University, the hold will remain on the student's transcript until all allegations are resolved. The investigation into alleged conduct violations may continue regardless of the student's withdrawal or choice to participate in the Investigation. The University reserves the right to reinstate a student who withdraws at any point during the conduct process.

NOTE: *For information pertaining to withdrawing from a course involving Academic Integrity allegations, see Part II Community Policies Section Academic Integrity item d. Withdrawal and Assignment of Grades.*

SECTION B: MISCONDUCT

1. Academic Misconduct

Academic misconduct includes cheating, plagiarism, collusion, falsifying academic records, misrepresenting facts, violations of published professional ethics/standards, and any act or attempted act designed to give unfair academic advantage to oneself or another student. Additional information about academic misconduct is available in the Texas Tech University Community Policies section.

a. Cheating

1. Copying from another student's academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment
2. Receiving assistance from and/or seeking aid from another student or individual to complete academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment without authority.
3. The use or possession of materials or devices during academic work, test, quiz or other assignment which are not authorized by the person administering the academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment.
4. Possessing, using, buying, stealing, transporting, selling or soliciting in whole or in part items including, but not limited to, the contents of an unadministered test, test key, homework solution, or computer program/ software. Possession, at any time, of current or previous course materials without the instructor's permission.
5. Obtaining by any means, or coercing another person to obtain items including, but not limited to, an unadministered test, test key, homework solution or computer program/software, or information about an unadministered test, test key, homework solution or computer program.
6. Transmitting or receiving information about the contents of academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment with another individual who has completed or will complete the academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment without authority.
7. Substituting for another person, or permitting another person to substitute for oneself in order to take a course, take a test, quiz or other assignment or sign in/register attendance.
8. Taking, keeping, misplacing, damaging or altering the property of the University or of another, if the student knows or reasonably should know that an unfair academic advantage would be gained by such conduct.
9. Uploading, downloading, or accessing complete or incomplete academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment without the prior approval of the instructor.
10. Uploading, downloading, or accessing complete or incomplete academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment without the prior approval of the instructor.
11. Falsifying research data, laboratory reports, and/or other academic work offered for credit.
12. Failing to comply with instructions given by the person administering the academic work, test, quiz or other assignment.

b. Plagiarism

1. The representation of words, ideas, illustrations, structure, computer code, other expression or media of another as one's own and/or failing to properly cite direct, paraphrased or summarized materials.
2. Self-plagiarism which involves the submission of the same academic work more than once without the prior permission of the instructor and/or failure to correctly cite previous work written by the same student.

c. Collusion

The unauthorized collaboration with another individual to complete academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment, providing unauthorized assistance to another student, allowing another student access to completed academic work, conspiring with another person to commit a violation of academic dishonesty, and/or any other collaboration or attempted collaboration with another person that results in similarities in academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment.

d. Falsifying academic records

1. Altering or assisting in the altering of any official record of the University and/or submitting false information.
2. Omitting requested information that is required for, or related to, any official record of the University.

e. Misrepresenting facts

1. Providing false grades, falsifying information on a resume, or falsifying other academic information.
2. Providing false or misleading information in an effort to injure another student academically or financially.
3. Providing false or misleading information or official documentation in an effort to receive a postponement or an extension on academic work, test, quiz, other assignment, credit for attendance, and/or obtain an academic or financial benefit for oneself or another individual.

NOTE: Examples include, but are not limited to, fabricated, altered, misleading, or falsified documentation for medical excuses family and personal emergencies, and signing into class and failing to remain the entire time.

f. Violation of Professional Standards

Any act or attempted act that violates specific Professional Standards or a published Code of Ethics.

NOTE: Students are held accountable under this policy based on their college or school of enrollment, declared major, degree program, and/or pre-professional program.

g. Unfair Academic Advantage

Any other action or attempted action that may result in creating an unfair academic advantage for oneself or may result in creating an unfair academic advantage or disadvantage for another student that is not enumerated in items a-f above.

2. Actions against Members of the University Community and Others

Any act, or attempted act, perpetuated against another person or persons including, but not limited to:

a. Disruptive and/or Obstructive Conduct

Intentional or reckless behavior that disrupts or obstructs the University operations including the cessation or temporary cessation of teaching, research, administration, other University activities, and/or other authorized non-University activities which occur on campus.

b. Harmful, Threatening, or Endangering Conduct

Intentional or reckless behavior that harms, threatens, or endangers the health or safety of self or others, including but not limited to:

1. Assault

- a. Intentionally, recklessly, or knowingly causing physical harm to another individual.

- b. Intentionally, recklessly, or knowingly causing physical contact with another when the person knows or should reasonably believe that the other will regard the contact as offensive or provocative.

2. Threats

An act or communication a reasonable person would interpret as a serious expression of intent to inflict bodily harm upon a specific individual(s).

- a. Written or verbal conduct that causes a reasonable expectation of injury to the health or safety of any person or damage to any property.
- b. Intimidation defined as implied threats or acts that cause a reasonable fear of harm in another.
- c. A threat, including but not limited to, threats of mass violence, issuing a bomb threat, constructing mock explosive devices, etc., against any person, group of people, or property.

3. Intimate partner / relationship violence/dating violence

For the purposes of this policy, see Part I, Section D.

4. Bullying / cyber bullying

Repeated or severe aggressive behaviors that intimidate or intentionally harm or control another person physically or emotionally. Activities protected by freedom of expression will not be considered violations of the *Code of Student Conduct*. NOTE: Information related to freedom of expression policy is available in Part II, Section Q Use of University Space.

5. Stalking

A course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety/safety of others or would cause the person to suffer substantial emotional distress. A “course of conduct” means two or more acts in which a person directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with the person’s property. This may also be covered under Part I, Section D.

6. Mutual Combat

Any incident between two or more individuals in which violence or the threat of violence is mutual.

NOTE: Claims of self-defense will be evaluated as a mitigating factor on a case-by-case basis and may still be investigated by the Office of Student Conduct.

c. Sexual Misconduct See Part I, Section D

d. Hazing

Intentional, knowing, or reckless act directed against a student by one person acting alone or by more than one person occurring on or off University premises for the purpose of pledging or associating with, being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, seeking and/or maintaining membership in any organization whose membership consists of primarily students. Consent and/or acquiescence by a student or students subjected to hazing is not a reasonable defense in a disciplinary proceeding. Hazing includes, but is not limited to:

1. Any type of physical brutality, such as whipping, beating, using a harmful substance on the body or similar activity.
2. Any type of activity that subjects the student to an unreasonable risk of harm or that

adversely affects the mental or physical health or safety of a student, such as humiliation, sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement, personal servitude, or calisthenics.

3. Any activity that involves consumption of a food, liquid, alcoholic beverage, liquor, drug or other substance, other than as described by item 4 below, which subjects a student to an unreasonable risk of harm or which adversely affects the mental or physical health or safety of a student.
4. Any activity that induces, causes, or requires the student to perform a duty or task that involves coercing a student to consume a drug, an alcoholic beverage, or liquor in an amount that would lead a reasonable person to believe that the student is intoxicated.
5. Any activity in which a person solicits, encourages, directs, aids or attempts to aid another in engaging in hazing; intentionally, knowingly or recklessly permits hazing to occur; has firsthand knowledge of the planning of a specific hazing incident which has occurred or may occur; witnesses or participates in a specific hazing incident, and knowingly fails to report the incident in writing to the Office of Student Conduct.
6. Any activity in which hazing is either condoned or encouraged or any action by an officer or combination of members, pledges, associates or alumni of the organization of committing or assisting in the commission of hazing.
7. Any activity that involves coercing a student to consume an alcoholic beverage, liquor, or drug, or creates an environment in which the student reasonably feels coerced to consume any of those substances.

NOTE: See Texas Education Code, Sections 37.151-37.155 and Section 51.936

e. Discriminatory Harassment

Conduct based on a student's sex, race, national origin, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, gender, or other protected categories, classes, or characteristics that is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it adversely affects the victim's education or creates an intimidating, hostile, abusive or offensive educational environment which interferes with the student's ability to realize the intended benefits of the University's resources and opportunities.

f. Retaliatory Discrimination or Harassment

Any intentional, adverse action taken by an individual or allied third party, absent legitimate nondiscriminatory purposes, against a participant [or supporter of a participant] in a conduct process, civil rights grievance proceeding, or other protected activity.

g. Complicity or Knowingly Present

1. Assisting via acts or omissions another student, individual, or group in committing or attempting to commit a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct*.
2. Complicity with or failure of any organized group to address known or obvious violations of the *Code of Student Conduct* by its members.
3. Any person who is knowingly present for the commission of a violation of the Code of Student Conduct and does not take steps to remove themselves from the location of the violation.

NOTE: Actions involving free expression activities are covered in Community Policies, Section H.

3. Alcoholic Beverages

Unlawful or unauthorized possession, use, distribution, delivery, or sale of alcohol and/or public intoxication; consumption that endangers oneself; or operating a vehicle while

intoxicated or under the influence of alcohol.

4. Narcotics or Drugs

Possession, use, sharing, furnishing or distribution of illegal drugs, intoxicants, controlled substances and/or drug paraphernalia; including the distribution, use or possession of prescription medications contrary to a valid prescription; being under the influence of illegal drugs, intoxicants, and/or controlled substances.

5. Smoking, Vaping, and/or Tobacco Use

Smoking, vaping, and/or tobacco use (including smokeless tobacco) in unauthorized areas on University property as designated by the Texas Tech University [smoke-free and tobacco-free environment policy](#) (OP 60.15).

6. Firearms, Weapons and Explosives

Illegal or unauthorized possession of firearms, explosives, other weapons, or dangerous chemicals or use of any item, in a manner that attempts to harm others.

NOTE: See *Texas Tech University Operating Policy related to Campus Carry* at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/opmanual/> and University Student Housing Contract Guide for specific approved devices allowed in the residence halls.

7. Flammable Materials/Arson

- a. Use of items or materials to ignite, spread, or intensify flames for fire, or the attempt to ignite, spread, or intensify flames for fire, except as expressly permitted by University officials, such as the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee.
- b. Attempting to ignite and/or the action of igniting University and/or personal property on fire either by intent or through reckless behavior that results, or could result, in personal injury or property damage of University premises.

8. Theft, Damage, Littering or Unauthorized Use

- a. Attempted or actual theft of property or services, including, but not limited to property or services of the University, other University students, other members of the University community, campus visitors or others.
- b. Possession of property known to be stolen or belonging to another person without the owner's permission.
- c. Attempted or actual damage to property including, but not limited to property owned or leased by the University, by other University students, by other members of the University community, by campus visitors or others
- d. Littering (as defined by the State of Texas Health and Safety Code, Section 365.011.6) on grounds owned or leased by the University, by other University students, other members of the University community, campus visitors, or others.
- e. Failure to meet financial obligations owed to the University, or components owned or operated by the University, including, but not limited to, the writing of checks from accounts with insufficient funds.
- f. Alteration, forgery or misrepresentation of any form of identification.
- g. Selling items including but not limited to: stolen items, student identification cards and/or any item which may be used as a form of false identification.

9. Gambling, Wagering, Gaming and/or Bookmaking

Gambling, wagering, gaming and bookmaking as defined by federal, state, local laws, and/or Texas Tech University policy are prohibited on University premises involving the use of

University equipment or services.

10. False Alarms

Intentional sounding of a false fire alarm or falsely reporting an emergency. The destruction or activation of fire sprinklers, filing false police reports, or improperly possessing, tampering with, or destroying fire equipment or emergency signs on University premises.

11. Unauthorized Entry, Possession or Use

- a. Unauthorized entry into or use of University premises or equipment including another student's room.
- b. Unauthorized possession, use, duplication, production or manufacture of any key or unlocking device, University identification card or access code for use in University premises or equipment.
- c. Unauthorized use of the University name, logo, registered marks or symbols; however, registered student organizations are permitted to use the word "Tech" as a part of their organizational names or to use the complete statement "a registered student organization at Texas Tech University."
- d. Unauthorized use of the University name to advertise or promote events or activities in a manner that suggests sponsorship and/or recognition by the University.
- e. Attempted or actual unauthorized use of a credit card, debit card, student identification card, cell phone, personal identification number, test number, eRaider account information and/or personal check, or other unauthorized use of personal property or information of another.
- f. Possession or use of any form of false identification.

12. Failure to Comply

- a. Failure to comply with reasonable directives of a University official acting in the performance of their duties.
- b. Failure to present student identification on directive or identify oneself to any University official acting in the performance of their duties.
- c. Any intentional, retaliatory, or adverse action taken by a respondent individual or third party, absent legitimate nondiscriminatory purposes, against a party or supporter of a party to a Misconduct or Sexual Misconduct proceeding or other protected activity under this *Code of Student Conduct*.
- d. Failure to comply with the sanctions imposed by the University under the *Code of Student Conduct* the Student Handbook.

NOTE: Examples include but are not limited to directives from the Office of the Dean of Students staff, Office of Student Conduct staff, Title IX staff, University Student Housing staff, Texas Tech University Police Department, Athletic staff, and others.

13. Abuse, Misuse, or Theft of University Information Resources

"Information resources" means procedures, equipment, and software that are employed, designed, built, operated, and maintained to collect, record, process, store, retrieve, display, and transmit information, and associated personnel including consultants and contractors (as defined by Texas Government Code §2054.003(7).) Per Texas statutes, TTU information resources are strategic assets of the state of Texas that must be managed as valuable state resources. Unauthorized use of University information resources is prohibited, and may be subject to criminal prosecution in addition to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to the *Code of Student Conduct*. Usage of TTU information resources may be subject to security testing and monitoring, and users have no expectation of privacy except as otherwise provided by

applicable privacy laws. Use of information resources, regardless of location or method of access, is also subject to the Information Technology Security Policies (<http://depts.ttu.edu/infotech/security/>), University Operating Policies, and other applicable laws. Abuse, misuse, or theft of University information resources includes, but is not limited to the following:

- a. Unauthorized use of University information resources including, but not limited to, confidential and/or sensitive information and passwords, including the unauthorized sharing of confidential and/or sensitive information or passwords with individuals who have not been granted access to University information resources.
- b. Use of University information resources:
 1. For unauthorized or nonacademic purposes including, but not limited to, illegal access, attempted or actual unauthorized accessing, copying, transporting or installing programs, records, data, or software belonging to the University, another user, or another entity, and/or illegal activity (e.g., sharing copyrighted materials or media).
 2. To violate Part I, Section B.2 of the *Code of Student Conduct* (Actions against Members of the University Community and Others).
- c. Attempted or actual:
 1. Breach of the security of another user's account and/or computing system, depriving another user of access to TTU information resources, compromising the privacy of another user or disrupting the intended use of TTU information resources.
 2. Use of TTU information resources to interfere with the normal operation of the University.
 3. Use of TTU information resources for unauthorized political or commercial purposes, or for personal gain. This includes email signatures that promote personal or commercial gain or political agendas.
 4. Destruction, disruption, or modification of programs, records, or data belonging to or licensed by the University or another user, or destruction of the integrity of computer-based information using TTU information resources.
- d. Use of TTU information resources to interfere with the normal operation of the University.
 1. Use of TTU information resources for unauthorized political or commercial purposes, or for personal gain. This includes email signatures that promote personal or commercial gain or political agendas.
 2. Destruction, disruption, or modification of programs, records, or data belonging to or licensed by the University or another user, or destruction of the integrity of computer-based information using TTU information resources.
- e. Access, creation, storage, or transmission of material deemed obscene (as defined by Chapter 43 of the State of Texas Penal Code on Public Indecency or other applicable laws). Exceptions may be made for academic research where this aspect of the research has the explicit approval by the TTU official processes regarding academic ethical issues. Discovery of obscene material, including child pornography, on any TTU information resource must be reported to the Information Security Officer or Chief Information Officer immediately.
- f. Intentional "spamming" of students, faculty, or staff (defined as the sending of unsolicited and unwanted electronic communications, including but not limited to e-mails and text messages to parties with whom the sender has no existing business, professional or personal

relationship) using TTU information resources.

14. Providing False Information or Misuse of Records

Knowingly furnishing false information to the University, to a University official in the performance of their duties, or to an affiliate of the University, either verbally or through forgery, alteration or misuse of any document, record or instrument of identification.

15. Skateboards, Rollerblades, Scooters, Bicycles or Similar Modes of Transportation Use of skateboards, rollerblades, scooters, bicycles or other similar modes of transportation in University buildings or on University premises in such a manner as to constitute a safety hazard or cause damage to University or personal property.

NOTE: Refer to University Parking Services Regulations at <http://www.parking.ttu.edu/Resources/pdf/rulesregulations.pdf>.

16. Interference with Expressive Activities

Unduly interfering with the expressive activities of others on campus resulting in the inability for expressive activities to occur or to continue. Consistent with TTUS Regulation 07.04, students who unduly interfere with the expressive activities of others on campus will be subject to the disciplinary policies and procedures outlined in the *Code of Student Conduct*. The terms of such Regulation shall control in the event of any conflict between the provisions set forth in this Handbook and the terms of such Regulation.

NOTE: See also Code of Student Conduct Part II, Section H – Freedom of Expression Activities & Section Q – Use of University Space

17. Violation of Published University Policies, Rules or Regulations

Violation of any published University policies, rules or regulations that govern student or student organization behavior, including, but not limited to, violations of:

- a. Transportation & Parking Services
- b. University Student Housing
- c. Recreational Sports
- d. Student Organization and Fraternity and Sorority Life
- e. Texas Tech University Board of Regents' Rules
- f. Texas Tech University Operating Policies and Procedures
- g. Community Policies of the Student Handbook
- h. TTU Athletics

18. Violation of Federal, State, Local Law and/or University Policy

Misconduct which may constitute a violation of federal, state local laws, and/or Texas Tech University policy will be considered a violation of this policy, and will be investigated and adjudicated through the University conduct system and standard of proof. A lack of conviction in any criminal proceeding will not, in and of itself, serve as evidence in a University conduct proceeding.

19. Abuse of the Discipline System

- a. Failure of a student to respond to a notification to appear before an Investigator during any stage of the conduct process.
- b. Falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation of information in disciplinary proceedings.
- c. Disruption or interference with the orderly conduct of a disciplinary proceeding.
- d. Filing an allegation known to be without merit or cause.
- e. Discouraging or attempting to discourage an individual's proper participation in or use of the disciplinary system.

- f. Influencing or attempting to influence the impartiality of a member of a disciplinary body prior to and/or during and/or after the disciplinary proceeding.
- g. Influencing or attempting to influence another person to commit an abuse of the discipline system.

SECTION C: CONDUCT PROCEDURES FOR STUDENTS

Upon notice or receipt of potential violation(s) of the *Code of Student Conduct*, The Dean of Students or the Managing Director or designee will appoint an Investigator who will inquire, gather and review information about the reported student misconduct, and will evaluate the accuracy, credibility, and sufficiency of the information.

If it is determined that the information reported does not warrant an allegation, a Policy Clarification letter may be issued to involved parties to clarify the policy in question.

When an initial report of misconduct by a third party does not identify the involved parties or the involved parties are not available, the Investigator will investigate the reported incident to the fullest extent of the information available.

When a Complainant is identified, but is reluctant to participate in the investigative process and/or the student conduct process entirely, the University will make every attempt to follow the wishes of the Complainant while weighing the interests of the campus community and the possibility of a continuing threat. If the Complainant does not want to participate in the investigative process but has no aversion to the University pursuing conduct action with respect to the named Respondent, the University will proceed with the student conduct process to the extent of the information available. If the Complainant does not want the University to pursue the report in any respect, the University will investigate further only if there is reason to believe that a significant continuing threat to the campus community exists.

NOTE: The Managing Director or designee may proceed with the conduct process (even if the complainant(s) chooses not to participate) on a case by case basis if the alleged behavior involves pattern, predation, threat, or violence (PPTV) that may significantly impact the campus community and others.

1. Remedies and Resources

The University may take immediate interim actions to eliminate hostile environments, prevent reoccurrence, and address any effects on the Complainant and community prior to the initiation of formal Investigation and/or formal conduct procedures. These interim steps will be taken to minimize the burden on the Complainant while respecting due process rights of the Respondent. Remedies for students may include, but are not limited to counseling services, modifications to on-campus housing, modifications to parking permissions, and modifications to academic schedule. Remedies will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

a. Resources

Texas Tech University has a variety of resources to assist students involved in conduct processes or experiencing concerns related to other student conduct. Resources include, but are not limited to assistance in reporting criminal behavior to the Texas Tech Police Department or Lubbock Police Department, counseling services, medical assistance,

academic support referrals, and other support services. The Office of the Dean of Students is also available to help students understand the student conduct process and identify resources.

b. Interim Actions

Under the *Code of Student Conduct*, the Managing Director or designee may impose restrictions and/or separate a student from the community pending the completion of the conduct process for alleged violation(s) of the *Code of Student Conduct* when a student represents a threat of serious harm to others that is deemed a continuous threat, is facing allegations of serious criminal activity, to preserve the integrity of an Investigation, to preserve University property and/or to prevent disruption of, or interference with, the normal operations of the University. Interim actions can include separation from the institution or restrictions pending the completion of the conduct process for alleged violation(s) of the *Code of Student Conduct*. Through an interim action or during an interim suspension, a student may be denied access to University Student Housing and/or the University campus/facilities/events. As determined appropriate by the Managing Director or designee, this restriction may include classes and/or all other University activities or privileges for which the student might otherwise be eligible. At the discretion of the Managing Director or designee and with the approval of, and in collaboration with, the appropriate Dean(s), alternative coursework options may be pursued to ensure as minimal an impact as possible on the responding student. Students are informed of interim actions or of an interim suspension by the official notice procedures outlined in Part I, section of the *Code of Student Conduct*. Interim action(s) or an Interim Suspension are not sanctions. It is taken in an effort to protect the safety and well-being of the Complainant, Respondent, and/or other members of the University Community. Interim action(s) is/are preliminary in nature; it is in effect only until the conduct process has been completed. However, violations of interim action may result in additional allegations of the *Code of Student Conduct*. A student who receives an interim action(s) or interim suspension may request a meeting with the Managing Director or designee to demonstrate why an interim action(s) or suspension is not merited. Regardless of the outcome of this meeting, the University may still proceed with conducting an Investigation and the scheduling of a hearing.

1. No Contact Order

When initial inquiry indicates persistent and potentially escalating conflict between members of the University community, a No Contact Order may be issued as a remedial, non-punitive deterrent to further conflict or situational complication. A No Contact Order will be issued by the Office of Student Conduct or Dean of Students via the student's official Texas Tech email. The notice serves as an official directive that the student(s) have no contact with the other listed parties. Contact cannot occur in person, by telephone, email, text message or other electronic means of communication, or through a third party (other than an attorney). Should contact need to occur, the student should coordinate with the Office of Student Conduct. This notice may also come with other information related to changes in class schedule or other restrictions to facilitate the no contact order. Failure to comply with the no contact order may result in additional disciplinary action, including possible suspension or expulsion. Violations of no contact orders may also result in immediate temporary suspension pending the completion of the conduct process. The term of a No Contact Order is "one year from the date of issuance, or the graduation of one or both parties, whichever comes first."

2. Immediate Temporary Suspension – Students

A student may be temporarily suspended pending completion of conduct procedures if, in the judgment of the Managing Director or designee, or on recommendation of an Investigator, the physical or emotional well-being of a student or other students or members of the University community could be endangered or if the presence of the student could significantly disrupt the normal operations of the University. The Managing Director or designee will initiate appropriate conduct procedures to address the disruptive behavior within five (5) University working days from the date of temporary suspension. Initiation of appropriate conduct proceedings includes but is not limited to informing parties that an investigation has begun via a “Notice of Involvement/Notice of Investigation” letter via the official notice procedures outlined in Part I, section A. 3. of the *Code of Student Conduct*.

Upon Immediate Temporary Suspension, the student may no longer attend classes, use University services and/or resources, and is not allowed to be on campus until the conduct proceedings have been concluded or the Interim Action has been modified. Any instances whereby the student should need to return to campus must be coordinated through the Office of Student Conduct and the Texas Tech Police Department. Conduct, on or off campus that typically results in immediate temporary suspension:

- A significant and articulable threat to the health or safety of a student or other member(s) of the University community that is deemed a continuous threat;
- Sexual assault, other forms of sexual misconduct, stalking, and relationship violence that are creating a hostile environment for the Complainant and the remedy for the harassment requires temporary separation;
- Criminal felony charges related to weapons, drugs, aggravated assault, and/or terroristic threats;
- Severe disruption in the academic community related to erratic behavior, threats, property damage, and/or verbal aggression with another student, where the offending student is uncooperative with staff requests;
 - Violation of a No Contact Order;
 - Retaliatory harm, discrimination, or harassment.

3. Other Interim Actions

In the event that the physical or emotional well-being of a student, other students, or members of the University community could be endangered, or if the presence of the student could significantly disrupt the normal operations of the University, other interim actions may be taken to protect the educational environment. These actions include, but are not limited to, temporary removal from University Student Housing, temporary changes in a student’s academic schedule, and temporary restrictions from University activities, services and/or buildings, and representing the University.

In the event an Immediate Temporary Suspension is issued, a student may request a review of the Immediate Temporary Suspension by the Managing Director or designee

A student may request a review of an Immediate Temporary Suspension or Interim Action for off campus courses and activities by the Managing Director or designee. At the discretion of the Managing Director or designee, modifications can be made to an Immediate Temporary Suspension or Interim Action that impacts off campus courses

and/or activities on a case by case basis.

4. Non-Student Interim Actions

Any guest to the University who is alleged to have violated university policies and/or is deemed to pose a threat to the physical and/or emotional well-being of a student or other members of the University community and/or the presence of an individual could significantly disrupt the normal operations of the University, the Office of Student Conduct, in conjunction with the Texas Tech Police Department, will issue a Criminal Trespass to that individual(s).

NOTE: Students of Texas Tech University may be held responsible for actions of their guests.

5. Withdrawal of Consent

a. Grounds for Removal

The Investigator or another University agent acting in accordance with his/her duties may recommend to the Dean of Students that, in accordance with the Texas Education Code, the student have his/her consent to remain on the campus withdrawn if, in the judgment of the Investigator and Dean of Students, it is determined that:

- The student has willfully disrupted the orderly operation of the premises, and;
- The student's presence on the campus or facility constitutes a substantial and material threat to the orderly operation of the premises.
- If the Dean of Students concurs with the recommendation, permission for the student to be on University premises will be withdrawn. This Withdrawal of Consent will not be longer than fourteen (14) calendar days and a Hearing must be held within these fourteen (14) calendar days to determine the student's status at the University. Permission to be on University premises must be coordinated through the Dean of Students and the Texas Tech Police Department. The Dean of Students will notify all parties of the final decision using the written notification procedures outlined in Part I, section A.3 within five (5) University working days.

b. Registration Flag Following Withdrawal of Consent

When a student is withdrawn under this section, an administrative hold will be placed on the student's readmission to the University. This administrative hold will remain on the student's records until the student is readmitted.

NOTE: See [Texas Education Code, sections 51.233-51.244](#)

2. **Referral Meeting**

A University official may request a meeting with a student in order to discuss a referral made to the Office of Student Conduct or other administrative department when the referral may not be deemed a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct*, but when the Investigator or designee determines the referral warrants a discussion. The purpose of the discussion is to clarify concerns of the involved parties, to offer assistance to all involved parties, and to explain to the respondent that repeated referrals may warrant an Investigation which may warrant adjudication.

3. **Voluntary Resolution**

In any matter governed by the *Code of Student Conduct*, the parties (usually the Complainant and Respondent) may mutually agree to attempt to resolve the matter prior to conclusion of the conduct process through a Voluntary Resolution process. The procedures utilized in the

Voluntary Resolution process must be agreed upon by the parties with concurrence from the Managing Director or designee. The parties must mutually agree in writing to all aspects of any resolution reached through the Voluntary Resolution process, including any restrictions, sanctions, or conditions as may be agreed upon by the parties with concurrence from the Managing Director or designee, and any such resolution will be binding and final with no opportunity to appeal. Either party may withdraw from the Voluntary Resolution process at any time prior to final resolution, at which time the matter will proceed through the student conduct process as set forth in the *Code of Student Conduct*. Voluntary Resolution agreements will be maintained in accordance with University policies.

4. The Conduct Process

a. Notice of Investigation/Notice of Involvement

A student will be given notice of their involvement in regard to a referral received by the University or once the University is put on notice by receipt of a “Notice of Investigation/Notice of Involvement” Letter. When preliminary information indicates that certain, identifiable student(s) are associated with the reported incident, those student(s) will be asked to meet with an Investigator. In the event that a student fails to respond to written notification, an administrative hold may be placed on the student’s record to prevent further registration and transcript receipt. The administrative hold will remain until such time as the Investigator receives an appropriate response. Failure to comply with or respond to a notice issued as part of conduct procedure and/or failure to appear will not prevent an Investigator from proceeding with the conduct process. Likewise, failure of a student to respond to notification to appear may result in additional alleged violations and result in a charge of Failure to Comply.

b. Rights and Responsibilities

Prior to the formal investigative process, a student will be provided a Student Rights and Responsibilities document. This document will be reviewed and signed by the student prior to an interview with the Investigator. The Student Rights and Responsibilities document informs the student of their rights to be exercised before and during the investigative process. Information gathered during the course of the Investigation and student conduct process may only be shared with faculty, staff, students, and/or advisors who are directly involved in the incident or necessary to the student conduct process.

Information gathered may also be disclosed in compliance with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena.

A student has the right to:

1. A prompt, fair, and equitable process;
2. Be accompanied by an advisor to any meeting or Hearing. An advisor can be any one of the following: a member of the Texas Tech Community (faculty, staff, or student), a parent or legal guardian, a relative, or an attorney. An advisor’s role is that of support – he or she may not speak on behalf of the student and does not have an active, participatory role in the conduct process. If an advisor for the accused student is an attorney, an attorney from the Office of General Counsel may attend the Hearing on behalf of the University. The Complainant and/or the Respondent is responsible for presenting their own information, and therefore, advisors are not permitted to speak or participate directly in any Hearing unless authorized by a Student Conduct Officer. Students should select an advisor whose schedule allows attendance at the scheduled date and time for the Hearing, as delays will not be allowed due to the scheduling

conflicts of an advisor. The Managing Director or designee has the discretion to remove an advisor at any point during the conduct process. A witness, anyone who may have a conflict of interest or anyone who may have any participatory role in the process may not be allowed to serve as an Advisor. Students who have been suspended may not serve as an advisor during their suspension and students who have been expelled may not serve as an advisor.

3. Refrain from making any statement relevant to the Investigation. Students are expected to cooperate with the University conduct process, but may elect not to participate in the Investigation process, either in part or entirely. However, a student's refusal to participate in the Investigation, in whole or in part, lasts for the duration of the conduct process. In other words, if a student chooses not to provide information during the Investigation, they will not be allowed to present new information during the Hearing; similarly, if a student provides only limited information during the Investigation (i.e., answering some of the Investigator's questions but not others), then during the Hearing, the student will only be permitted to speak to the information he or she provided, with no additional commentary. The rationale for this policy is to prevent either party from presenting new evidence at the Hearing that was available during the investigative process for the purpose of disadvantaging the other party.

NOTE: See Pre-Hearing Process, below, for details on inclusion of new, previously unavailable information after conclusion of the investigative process.

4. The opportunity to provide information and evidence in support of his/her case;
5. Know if they have been issued any allegations of misconduct;
6. Know the range of sanctions that may be imposed for a conduct violation, if one is alleged and found to have occurred;
7. Know the Texas Tech University conduct policies and procedures, and where to find them;
8. Know that any information provided by the student may be used in a conduct proceeding;
9. Know that if a student makes any false or misleading statements during the student conduct process, that student could be subject to further disciplinary action.

It is the student's responsibility to:

1. Be responsive to all correspondence from the University;
2. Provide information relevant to the incident or situation;
3. Be honest and provide true and accurate information during the Investigation;
4. Review the *Code of Student Conduct* in order to fully understand all aspects of the student conduct process.

c. Investigation

The Managing Director or designee will appoint an Investigator who will conduct a thorough, reliable, and impartial Investigation of the reported allegation. Reported allegations of misconduct under the *Code* have varying degrees of complexity and severity. Therefore, the Investigation procedures described below may vary.

When initial inquiry indicates a concurrent police Investigation is occurring, the Investigator will, where possible, collaborate with the Texas Tech Police Department during the Investigation. Elements of this collaborative Investigation may include the Investigator coordinating with responding officers at the scene of the incident, joint interviews with police

detectives, and evidence sharing. The Investigator will never take physical custody of any physical or electronic evidence, but will work closely with the Texas Tech Police Department to inspect, analyze, and incorporate physical or electronic evidence into the Investigative report.

During the Investigation, Complainants and Respondents are responsible for providing all information or evidence that they believe should be considered.

Once the Investigation is complete, the Investigator will compile the relevant information and evidence into an Investigation Report, which may include a timeline of the event(s), statements from interviews, physical and electronic evidence, a breakdown of the discrepancies in the various interviews, and credibility considerations. The Investigator will document any physical or electronic evidence in a manner that is conducive and does not obstruct concurrent or forthcoming police Investigations. A student will have access to review the completed Investigation Report and/or investigative materials relevant to the Investigation after the Investigation has concluded. In order to protect confidentiality students may be given an electronic password protected copy of the investigation report which may be redacted.

Allegations of potential violations of the *Code of Student Conduct*, if appropriate, are assigned at the conclusion of the Investigation at which point the Investigator explains the options for resolution to the involved parties. Should students not participate in the Investigative Process, the conduct process may continue without their participation. The Investigator may assign allegation(s) to the respondent based on the information that the Investigator collected without the student's participation, if appropriate.

1. Informal Conference

If after the Investigation, the responding student accepts responsibility for the allegations of the *Code of Student Conduct* outlined in an Investigation Report, the student can choose to resolve the issue informally. Should the student wish to participate in the Informal Conference Process, the Investigator conducting the initial inquiry/Investigation will inform the student of the appropriate sanctions for the misconduct. To participate in the Informal Conference process, a student must accept both the finding and the sanctions. If accepted, the process ends, the finding is final, and there is no appeal.

In cases involving another student (a Complainant) and/or a violation of Part I, section B.2 (Actions against Members of the University Community and Others) of the *Code of Student Conduct*, both the Complainant and the Respondent must agree to both the finding and the sanctions as recommended by the Investigator. The case will only be reopened if new material, previously unavailable is presented.

Written notification of the outcomes and sanctions, if applicable, of the Informal Conference will be provided to the student and appropriate University Administrators within five (5) University working days of the effectuation of the Informal Conference.

2. Pre-Hearing Process

In cases involving an Administrative or Panel Hearing, the Pre-Hearing Process will be followed. Once the Investigation is complete, the involved parties will participate in the Pre-Hearing Process. During the Pre-Hearing Process, students will be given the opportunity to

review the Investigation Report, relevant evidence, and other documents to be used in the Administrative or Panel Hearing. Other documents reviewed may include notification of Respondent's allegations, Hearing Panel composition, and Hearing Script. Following the Pre-Hearing, student(s) will be notified, via the notification procedures, outlined in Part I, section A.3 of a date, time, and location of the Hearing. Should students not participate in the Pre-Hearing Process, the conduct process may continue without their participation, including the assignment of allegations and the completion of an Administrative or Panel Hearing.

While students may identify errors in their own statements during the Pre-Hearing, they are not able to add additional information to the Investigation Report unless that information, in the judgment of the Investigator, was unavailable during the investigative process and is pertinent to the consideration of the case. If a student discovers new, previously unavailable information during the time after the Pre-Hearing but before the Administrative or Panel Hearing, the student should inform the Investigator immediately. If the new information is pertinent to the consideration of the case, the Investigator will determine whether the new information should be included in the Investigation Report or presented verbally during the Administrative or Panel Hearing. If there is new evidence introduced, other involved parties would also be given the opportunity to provide a response to any new evidence that will be presented in the Administrative or Panel Hearing.

The student conduct process is designed to be non-adversarial. Students will be permitted to question the statements and evidence presented by the other involved parties, but may not do so directly. After reviewing the Investigation Report, during the Pre-Hearing, Complainants and Respondents will have the opportunity to question the statements and evidence presented by the other involved parties, via the Investigator, who will pose the questions and supplement the Investigation Report.

NOTE: Questions that are deemed objectionable, inappropriate, and/or irrelevant by the Investigator may be rejected.

Students may indicate whether an Administrative Hearing, Panel Hearing or Sanction Only Hearing is preferred. However, the Dean of Students or Managing Director or designee has the sole discretion in all cases to designate whether an Administrative Hearing, Panel Hearing or Sanction Only Hearing will be held notwithstanding the student's preference.

In cases requiring a Hearing Panel, the Investigator will share the pool of faculty, staff, and students trained for Hearing Panels. Students will be given the opportunity to request to strike any member of the Hearing Panel whose impartiality may be in question. In order to strike a member of the Hearing Panel, the student must provide the Investigator with a reasonable and substantiated rationale for the request. Once the composition of the Hearing Panel is set, the Investigator will schedule the Panel Hearing.

At the discretion of the Managing Director or designee, a review of the conduct case may occur at any point during the investigation or conduct process for clarification of procedural processes and may remand to investigation or adjudication if deemed necessary.

5. **Hearings**

Upon completion of the initial inquiry/Investigation, after the allegation(s) have been assigned, and proper notice has been given to the student, the University may proceed to

conduct either an Administrative or a Panel Hearing and issue a finding and accompanying sanctions, if applicable. The Administrative or Panel Hearing may be held and a decision made, regardless of whether the student responds, fails to respond, attends the Hearing, or fails to attend the Hearing. Should the student fail to attend the Administrative or Panel Hearing, the Investigator or the Hearing Panel may consider the information contained in the Investigation Report and render a decision. If the student accepts responsibility for the allegations issued in the Investigation Report the student may request a Sanction Only Hearing. Arrangements can be made for either party to participate electronically, from another room, etc., if requested in advance of the Hearing date.

Hearings are closed to the public. In cases involving another student (a Complainant) and/or a violation of Part I, section B.2 (Actions against Members of the University Community and Others) of the *Code of Student Conduct*, both the Complainant and the Respondent students have the right to be present at the Hearing; however, they do not have the right to be present during deliberations. Arrangements can be made so that complaining and responding students do not have to physically be in the Hearing room at the same time. To request changes in the scheduled Hearing time, students should contact the Office of Student Conduct prior to the scheduled Hearing.

The university will attempt to facilitate reasonable questioning of involved parties throughout the investigation and conduct process.

An In Absentia decision may be rendered by the appointed hearing body after proper notice has been given to the student, and the student has failed to respond within the allotted time frame to meet with an investigator.

a. Administrative Hearing

An Administrative Hearing is the process of adjudicating allegations of violations of the *Code of Student Conduct* by an Administrative Hearing Officer. The Administrative Hearing Officer in an Administrative Hearing may be the Investigator that completed the Investigation Report, or Administrative Hearing Officer assigned by the Managing Director or designee. The Investigator or Administrative Hearing Officer makes the decision of responsibility and assigns sanctions, as appropriate. Written notification of the outcomes of the Administrative Hearing will be provided to the student within five (5) University working days of the conclusion of the Administrative Hearing. Decisions made through the Administrative Hearing may be appealed by students by utilizing the Conduct Appeal Procedures outlined in Part II, section C.5.

b. Panel Hearing

For each Panel Hearing, a Panel of three (3) members will be chosen from the available pool by the Managing Director or designee. The Panel will usually be comprised of one student, one faculty member, and one staff member or an Administrative Hearing Officer. Availability may determine a different composition for the Panel. In cases involving Part I, section B.1 (Academic Misconduct), the Panel will be comprised only of students and faculty. In cases involving Part I, section B.2 (Actions against Members of the University Community and Others), or other sensitive issues, the Managing Director or designee will appoint three trained panel members.

Administrative Hearing Officers who served as Investigators for the case being heard by a

Hearing Panel may not serve as either a member of the Panel as a voting participant or as the non-voting Resource Person, and will participate only as the Investigator in the Panel Hearing.

The Managing Director or designee shall appoint a Resource Person in each Panel Hearing who facilitates the Hearing. The Resource Person is a non-voting participant in the Hearing and is a staff member in the Office of Student Conduct. The Resource Person assures that University/College procedures are followed throughout the Hearing.

The Panel Resource Person may:

- Prepare the Administrative Panel Hearing materials;
- Record the Administrative Panel Hearing proceedings;
- Escort participants into the Hearing room, grant breaks for participants, and distribute evidentiary materials;
- Ensure proper decorum throughout the Administrative Panel Hearing;
- Ensure the procedural soundness of the Administrative Panel Hearing;
- Provide student conduct history of the Respondent during the sanctioning phase, if necessary;
- Transcribe the findings of the Administrative Panel Hearing;
- Compile the post- Hearing documentation,
- Deliver notification to student parties.

The Investigator will present the Investigation Report, evidence, witnesses, allegation(s), and questions for deliberation. The Complainant and Respondent may make an opening statement about key points of the case. During the opening statement phase of the conduct process, the Complainant and the Respondent may not make character statements about themselves or others and may not make impact statements. Likewise, the Complainant and Respondent may make additional comments about the facts of the case. The Panel may ask questions of the Investigator, Complainant, Respondent, and any witnesses. The Complainant and Respondent may not question each other or witnesses directly, but may pose questions through the Investigator. Should new evidence be presented without prior discussion with the Investigator, the Hearing may be halted to consider the inclusion of this information. Impact statements will also be halted if they are shared prior to the sanctioning phase of the Hearing. In the event the Resource Person of the Hearing removes a student due to misconduct (Complainant, Respondent, or witnesses), the alleged misconduct will be forwarded to the Office of Student Conduct for additional processing, as appropriate.

Following the Hearing, the Hearing Panel will deliberate and render a decision regarding the alleged misconduct, as well as determine any sanctions, if applicable. Should the Hearing Panel have any questions for the Investigator, the Complainant, and/or the Respondent during deliberations, the Hearing will reconvene so that all parties have the opportunity to hear and respond to other parties' responses. Simultaneous notification of outcomes of the Panel Hearing should be provided to the student(s) in writing within five (5) University working days, or as soon as practical, following the Panel Hearing. Decisions made through the Panel Hearing may be appealed by students utilizing the Disciplinary Appeal Procedures outlined in Part I, section C.5.

Note: All Hearing proceedings, excluding the deliberations of the Hearing Panel, will

be recorded by the University.

c. **Sanction Only Hearing**

If the student accepts responsibility for the allegations issued in the Investigation Report, the student may request a Sanction Only Hearing, by either a Hearing officer or a Hearing Panel. During a Sanction Only Hearing, the Investigation Report and finding are presented to the Hearing body by the Investigator. During presentation of the Investigation Report and finding, the respondent and the Complainant are not allowed to dispute the facts or details of the case. Both the Respondent and the Complainant may be present and both the Respondent and the Complainant may provide impact statements prior to sanctioning. Mitigating factors as well as a character statement may also be presented by the Respondent and may be considered by the Hearing body. Simultaneous notification of the outcome of the Sanction Only Hearing will be provided to the student(s) within five (5) University working days of the conclusion of the Sanction Only Hearing. Decisions made through the Sanction Only Hearing may be appealed by the students by utilizing the Conduct Appeal Procedures outlined in Part II, section C.5. In Sanction Only Hearings, students may appeal the sanction(s), and can only appeal on the following grounds, “the sanction imposed substantially varies from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions.”

Note: A student may only choose a Hearing Panel for Sanction Only Hearings for potentially separable offenses.

6. Sanctions

An Investigator, Administrative Hearing Officer, or a Hearing Panel may impose sanctions as a result of an Informal Conference, Administrative Hearing, or Panel Hearing, when a student is found responsible. The potential sanctions are listed in the *Code of Student Conduct* grid at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/studentconduct>. The grid is provided only as a guideline for administering sanctions by the Investigator, Administrative Hearing Officer, or the Hearing Panel. The Investigator, Administrative Hearing Officer and/or the Hearing Panel may deviate from the grid for sufficient reason. Implementation of the disciplinary sanction(s) will begin immediately or as assigned.

In limited instances such as removal from University Student Housing, Suspension, or Expulsion, a student may submit an *Intent to Appeal* to the Managing Director or designee as soon after receipt of the hearing decision as possible and prior to the deadline to appeal (3 days). The student must clearly state an intent to appeal and must include the preliminary identification of the appropriate ground(s) of which the student believes an error occurred. Upon confirmation of receipt of the intent to appeal by the Managing Director or designee, the effective date of the student’s sanction(s) will be delayed pending the outcome of the appeal. However, upon the judgement of the Managing Director or designee, some cases (e.g. including but not limited to reasonable belief the student poses an active threat to at least one member of the University community) with sanctions of housing removal, suspension, or expulsion may begin prior to the completion of the conduct appeal process.

Note: an Intent to Appeal does not satisfy the need for the student to articulate and submit a written appeal request as detailed in Section 7 – Conduct Appeal Procedures below.

Both the Respondent and the Complainant (if applicable) will be simultaneously notified of the

appellate officer's decision and sanctions as appropriate. When sanctions are final, appropriate University Administrators may be notified of the student's sanctions. Findings and sanctions agreed upon through the Informal Conference Process are final and cannot be appealed.

All records related to the disciplinary process will remain on file in the Office of Student Conduct or University Student Housing for a minimum of seven (7) years from the date the case is completed through an Informal Conference, Administrative Hearing, or Panel Hearing and/or Conduct Appeal Procedures in Part I, section C.5. All records related to the disciplinary process resulting in suspension and/or expulsion will remain on file indefinitely.

If a student is found responsible for violating the *Code of Student Conduct*, sanctions may be imposed and can include, but are not limited to the following:

a. Disciplinary Reprimand

The disciplinary reprimand is an official written notification using the notice procedures outlined in Part I, section A.3 to the student that the action in question was misconduct.

b. Disciplinary Probation

Disciplinary Probation is a period of time during which a student's conduct will be observed and reviewed. The student must demonstrate the ability to comply with University policies, rules, and/or standards and any other requirement stipulated for the probationary period. Further instances of misconduct under the *Code of Student Conduct* during this period may result in additional sanctions.

c. Time-Limited Disciplinary Suspension

Time-Limited Disciplinary Suspension is a specific period of time in which a student is not allowed to participate in class, University related activities, or be present on campus property. The status of Disciplinary Suspension will be shown on the student's academic record, including the transcript. Disciplinary Suspension is noted on the student's transcript by the phrase "Disciplinary Suspension" and will include the period of time in which the student is/was suspended from the University.. In most instances, the notation of Disciplinary Suspension will remain on the transcript permanently. A student has the ability to petition to remove a Disciplinary Suspension notation in the following instances: 1) the student is eligible to reenroll in the institution or 2) the Managing Director or designee determines that good cause exists to remove the notation. A Disciplinary Suspension of a student will indicate the date on which the suspension period begins and the earliest date the application for student readmission will be considered. The Managing Director or designee may deny a student's readmission, if the student's misconduct during the suspension would have warranted additional disciplinary action. If the student has failed to satisfy any sanction that was imposed prior to application for readmission, the Managing Director or designee may recommend denial of readmission of a student. On denial of a student's readmission, the Managing Director or designee will set a date when another application for readmission may again be made. An administrative hold will be placed on the student's record to prevent registration during the Disciplinary Suspension.

NOTE: For information pertaining to academic courses taken at another higher education institution during time-limited disciplinary suspension, please refer to OP 34.21 located at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/opmanual/OP34.21.pdf>

d. Disciplinary Expulsion

Disciplinary Expulsion occurs when the student is permanently withdrawn and separated from the University. This status of Disciplinary Expulsion will be shown permanently on the

student's academic record, including the transcript. Disciplinary Expulsion is noted on the student's transcript by the phrase, "Expulsion" and the date in which the student's expulsion became effective. In most instances, the notation of Disciplinary Expulsion will remain on the transcript permanently. A student has the ability to petition to remove a Disciplinary Expulsion notation in the following instances: 1) the student is eligible to reenroll in the institution or 2) the Managing Director or designee determines that good cause exists to remove the notation. An administrative hold will be placed on the student's record to prevent future registration.

e. Conditions

A condition is an educational or personal element that is assigned by an Investigator, Administrative Hearing Officer, or Hearing Panel. Costs associated with conditions may be the responsibility of the student. Some examples of conditions include, but are not limited to:

- Personal and/or academic counseling intake session;
- Discretionary educational conditions and/or programs of educational service to the University and/or community;
- Residence hall relocation and/or contract review/cancellation of residence hall contract and/or use of dining facilities;
- Restitution or compensation for loss, damage or injury, which may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement;
- Monetary assessment owed to the University;
- Completion of an alcohol or drug education program;
- Referral to the BASICS Program for assessment.

1. Restrictions

A restriction is an additional component of a disciplinary sanction. A restriction is usually an educational component that is to occur in conjunction with the sanctions and will usually be time specific. Some examples of restrictions include, but are not limited to:

- Revocation of parking privileges;
- Denial of eligibility for holding office in registered student organizations;
- Denial of participation in extracurricular activities;
- Prohibited access to University facilities and/or prohibited direct or indirect contact with members of the University community;
 - Loss of privileges on a temporary or permanent basis.

2. Academic Penalties

In cases involving violations of Part II, section B.1 (Academic Misconduct) an academic penalty may be imposed by the referring party. Academic penalties include, but are not limited to:

- Assignment of a grade for the relevant assignment, exam, or course;
- Relevant make-up assignments;
- No credit for the original assignment;
- Reduction in grade for the assignment and/or course;
- Failing grade on the assignment;
- Failing grade for the course;
- Dismissal from a departmental program;
- Denial of access to internships or research programs;
- Loss of appointment to academically-based positions;
- Loss of departmental/graduate program endorsements for internal and external fellowship support and employment opportunities;

- Removal of fellowship or assistantship support.

3. Parental Notification

Violations of Part I, sections B.3 (Alcoholic Beverages) or B.4 (Narcotics or Drugs) may result in notification to the parents/guardians of dependent students under the age of 21.

NOTE: Any student at any time may request a review of the sanctions in place in writing to the Managing Director or designee.

7. **Conduct Appeal Procedures**

A student may appeal the finding or the sanction(s) imposed in an Administrative Hearing or Panel Hearing by submitting a written petition to the Managing Director or designee within three (3) University working days of the delivery of the written decision. If a student selects a Sanction Only Hearing, the student may appeal the sanction and can only appeal on the following grounds, “the sanction(s) imposed substantially varies from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions.” The student may appeal by submitting a written petition to the designated appeal officer within three (3) University working days of delivery of the written decision. An appeal may not be filed on behalf of the student by a third party.

The Dean of Students, Managing Director, or designee, will select an appeal officer in each case. The designated appeal officer will be a trained University staff or faculty member who did not serve as the Investigator or the Administrative Hearing Officer in the original Conduct Process and will render a neutral, impartial, and unbiased decision.

In cases involving alleged misconduct involving Part I, section B.1 (Academic Misconduct), the designated appeal officer is the Associate Academic Dean of the college where the student is enrolled or the Associate Academic Dean of the college housing the course or program where the violation occurred. In situations where the Associate Academic Dean participated in the Hearing as the Investigator or Instructor of Record, the designated appeal officer is the Academic Dean.

The petition must clearly set forth the grounds for the appeal, together with the evidence upon which the appeal is based. A disagreement with the decision alone shall not constitute grounds for appeal. The only proper grounds for appeal, and the only issues that may be considered on appeal are as follows:

- A procedural [or substantive error] occurred that significantly impacted the outcome of the Hearing (e.g. substantiated bias, material deviation from established procedures, etc.);
- The discovery of new evidence, unavailable during the original Hearing or review of the case, which could substantially impact the original finding or sanction. A summary of this new evidence and its potential impact must be included; or
- The sanctions imposed substantially varies from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions.

NOTE: Lack of participation at any part of the Investigation or conduct process does not constitute as new evidence.

In cases involving alleged misconduct involving Part I, section B.2 (Actions against Members of the University Community and Others), either the Complainant or Respondent may appeal the decision of the Office of Student Conduct. In such cases, the Office of Student Conduct

will provide the written appeal to the other party and provide opportunity for one response. Responses must be provided within three (3) university working days.

The designated appeal officer will first review the appeal to determine if the appeal is timely and properly sets forth the appropriate grounds for appeal, with adequate accompanying evidence. If any of these requirements are not met, the appeal will be dismissed, and the decision will be final. The Hearing Body and/or a representative of the Hearing Body may provide a response to the appeal upon request of the appellate officer within three (3) university working days.

If the designated appeal officer determines that the sanctions imposed substantially vary from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions, the appeal identifies a procedural/substantive error or new evidence that was unavailable at the original Hearing, the appeal officer will then determine whether the error or new evidence would have substantially impacted the decision of the Administrative Hearing Officer or Hearing Panel. If the designated appeal officer determines that the error or new evidence would have substantially impacted the decision, they may:

- Modify the finding and/or increase, decrease, or otherwise modify the sanctions;
- Remand the case to the original Hearing Body; or
- Remand the case to a new Hearing Body.

The Office of Student Conduct shall make all reasonable efforts to simultaneously notify the parties(s) of the status of the appeal throughout the appellate process and shall make all reasonable efforts to notify the student(s) the result of their appeal using the written notification procedures outlined in Part I, section A.3 within ten (10) University working days from receipt of all responses. If necessary, the Designated Appeal Officer will notify the student should they need additional time to determine the outcome of the appeal. The decision of the designated appeal officer is final and cannot be appealed.

If the designated appeal officer remands the decision to a new Hearing Body, the decision of that Hearing Body is final and may not be appealed.

NOTE: For information pertaining to an Intent to Appeal and delay of sanctions, please see sanction procedures.

8. Former Student Conduct & Readmission

A former student who engages in conduct that is a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct* may be subject to conduct procedures prior to reenrollment, a bar against readmission, revocation of a degree, and withdrawal of a diploma.

A student who has had an administrative hold placed on their records under this section must request readmission from the Managing Director or designee at least three (3) weeks prior to any Texas Tech University Office of Admissions application deadlines for the semester or summer session in which the student wishes to re-enroll. The student may be required by the Managing Director or designee to submit evidence in writing supportive of his/her present ability to return to the University. The University will evaluate the student's request and supporting documentation with primary consideration given to satisfying all conditions specified at the time of suspension or withdrawal. If approval is granted by the Managing Director for the Office of

Student Conduct or designee for the removal of the administrative hold, the student must then complete the regular University readmission procedures.

SECTION D: SEXUAL MISCONDUCT PROCEDURES FOR STUDENTS

The University is committed to providing and strengthening an educational, working, and living environment where students, faculty, staff, and visitors are free from sex discrimination of any kind. Texas Tech prohibits discrimination based on sex (which includes pregnancy, sexual orientation, gender identity, and gender expression), and other types of Sexual Misconduct. Sexual Misconduct includes Title IX Sexual Misconduct, sexual harassment, nonconsensual sexual contact, nonconsensual sexual intercourse, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking, public indecency, interpersonal violence, sexual violence, and any other misconduct based on sex. Any acts that fall within the scope of this policy hereinafter are referred to as Sexual Misconduct. Discriminatory behavior is prohibited regardless of the manner in which it is exhibited, whether verbally, in writing, by actions, or electronically displayed or conveyed.

This section provides information regarding the University's prevention and education efforts related to sex discrimination and Sexual Misconduct. This policy, in conjunction with [TTU OP 40.03 and Texas Tech University System Regulation 07.06](#), provides students with their rights and options and also explains how the University will proceed once it is made aware of allegations of prohibited conduct in keeping with the University's values and in order to meet the legal obligations of Title IX, the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), the Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act (SaVE), the Clery Act, Texas Education Code, 34 CFR Part 106, and other applicable law. [Any conflict among the policies set forth in this Handbook, OP 40.03, and System Regulation 07.06 shall be resolved by System Regulation 07.06.](#)

These policies apply to all University students. The University will respond to any Sexual Misconduct and restore or preserve equal access to the University's Education Programs or Activities, as appropriate.

All investigations and procedures will be conducted in a reasonably prompt timeframe and in an equitable and impartial manner. Investigations conducted under this policy are not criminal investigations. For all complaints under this policy, the burden of proof shall be a preponderance of the evidence, which means more likely than not.

The University expects all members of the University Community to comply with applicable laws, System Regulations, and University policies. Members of the University Community who violate these policies and laws may be subject to disciplinary action or sanctions, up to and including termination of employment, expulsion from the University, or being barred from University premises and events.

In accordance with federal and state laws, the University has adopted two distinct policies and procedures for responding to reports of Sexual Misconduct. The applicable policy is based on the nature, context, and location of the alleged conduct. Title IX Sexual Misconduct is addressed in

accordance with [System Regulation 07.06.A](#), and Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct is addressed in accordance with [System Regulation 07.06.B](#). The Title IX Coordinator or designee will assume responsibility for determining which policy should be utilized to address a report of Sexual Misconduct and will coordinate the appropriate processes. The following [flowchart](#) will be utilized to assist the Title IX Coordinator determining what policy will apply to the alleged misconduct.

1. Definitions

For purposes of this policy, the definitions below apply. However, some of these terms are also defined under state law. If a person would like to file criminal charges for any alleged violations of criminal law, the definitions as set forth in state law may apply.

- a. **Actual Knowledge** - Notice of Title IX Sexual Misconduct or allegations thereof to the University's Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinators.
- b. **Complainant** – An individual who was alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute Sexual Misconduct.
- c. **Consent** – Mutually understandable words or actions, actively communicated both knowingly and voluntarily, that clearly conveys permission for a specific activity.

Consent is not effective if it results from: (a) the use of physical force, (b) a threat of physical force, (c) intimidation, (d) coercion, (e) incapacitation, or (f) any other factor that would eliminate an individual's ability to exercise their own free will to choose whether or not to engage in sexual activity.

Before engaging in any type of sexual activity, it is the *initiator's* responsibility to obtain their partner's consent, either verbally or non-verbally. Silence cannot be assumed to express consent and saying "NO" is not the only way a sexual partner may communicate lack of consent. A partner may use non-verbal cues to indicate their lack of consent for any sexual activity. Some examples of non-verbal communication that demonstrate lack of consent include:

- Resistance: pushing hands away, pulling away from partner
- Body going limp or freezing up
- Crying
- Wincing

Other points regarding consent:

- A person is not required to actively resist their aggressor.
- A person's intentional use of alcohol/drugs neither negates nor diminishes the initiator's responsibility to acquire consent before engaging in sexual activity.
- Consent has an expiration date. Consent on Thursday does not mean consent on Friday.
- A prior existing sexual relationship between consenting adults does not imply future consent to engage in sexual activities. This is true even in marriage or other long-term sexual relationships.

A person CANNOT consent to sexual activity when they are incapacitated. Engaging in

sexual activity with someone you know or reasonably should know is incapacitated is a violation of this policy. The question of what the Respondent should have known is objectively based on what a reasonable person would have known about the condition of the Complainant.

Revocation of Consent- One partner can revoke their consent at any time, so long as it's clearly communicated to the other partner. Revocation may be communicated verbally and/or non- verbally. Once a partner has revoked consent, the sexual activity must stop. If sexual activity continues after the other partner has revoked their consent, a sexual assault has occurred.

- d. **Education Program or Activity-** Includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the University exercised substantial control over both the Respondent and the context in which the Title IX Sexual Misconduct allegedly occurred, and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the University.
- e. **Employee** – Any person who receives a W-2 or 1042-S from the University, including full- and part-time faculty, staff, and students. An employee is working in the course and scope of their employment if the Employee is performing duties in the furtherance of the University's interests.
- f. **Formal Complaint-** Document filed by a Complainant or signed by the University's Title IX Coordinator alleging Sexual Misconduct against a Respondent and requesting that the University investigate the allegation of Sexual Misconduct.
- g. **Grievance Process-** The process of addressing Formal Complaints of Sexual Misconduct before the imposition of any disciplinary or other actions that are not Supportive Measures against a Respondent.
- h. **Incapacitation** – A state of being that prevents an individual from having capacity to give consent. Incapacitation includes, but is not limited to:
 - Age: A minor cannot consent to engage in sexual activity. In Texas, the legal age of consent is 17.
 - Intellectual or other Disability: A person with a mental disorder or other cognitive issue which prohibits them from making an informed decision lacks capacity to consent to engage in sexual activity.
 - Physical Incapacitation: A person who is asleep, unconscious, and/or intoxicated to the point of no longer understanding or controlling their actions cannot consent to engage in sexual activity.
- i. **Informal Resolution-** An alternative to the Grievance Process that may be offered and facilitated by the University following the filing of a Formal Complaint and upon the voluntary, written consent of the parties.
- j. **Interpersonal Violence** – For purposes of this policy, Interpersonal Violence is:
 - **Domestic or Family Violence** – Abuse or violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the Complainant, by a person with whom the Complainant shares a child in common, by a person with whom the Complainant is cohabiting (or has cohabited) with a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the Complainant under the domestic or family

violence laws of the state of Texas, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of Texas.

- **Dating Violence** – Abuse or violence, or a threat of abuse or violence, committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the Complainant. The existence of such a relationship will be determined based on the type and length of the relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. A casual acquaintanceship or ordinary socializing between two individuals does not constitute a romantic or intimate relationship. This definition does not include acts covered under Domestic or Family Violence.
- k. **Investigative Report**- A report that summarizes the relevant evidence based upon the completion of an Investigation conducted under the Grievance Process.
- l. **Public Indecency** – Engaging in private or sexual acts in a publicly viewable location, such that it is offensive to accepted standards of decency including, but not limited to:
 - Exposing one's genitals or private areas;
 - Public urination;
 - Defecation; and/or
 - Public sex acts.
- m. **Reporting Party** – A person or entity (in the case of the University), other than the Complainant, who reports an alleged violation of this policy.
- n. **Respondent**- An individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute Sexual Misconduct.
- o. **Sex Discrimination** – An act that deprives a member of the University Community of their rights of access to campuses and facilities and of participation in education, services, programs, operations, employment, benefits, or opportunities with the university on the basis of the person's sex.
- p. **Sexual Assault** – Sexual contact or intercourse with a person without the person's consent, including sexual contact or intercourse against the person's will or in a circumstance in which the person is incapable of consenting to the contact or intercourse. Sexual Assault includes:
 - (1) **Nonconsensual Sexual Contact** – Intentional sexual touching, however slight, with any object or part of one's body of another's private areas without consent. Sexual Contact includes:
 - Intentional contact with the breasts, buttock, groin, or genitals;
 - Touching another with any of these body parts;
 - Making another touch you or themselves with or on any of these body parts; or
 - Any other intentional bodily contact in a sexual manner.
 - (2) **Nonconsensual Sexual Intercourse** – Sexual penetration or intercourse, however slight, with a penis, tongue, finger, or any object, and without consent. Penetration can be oral, anal, or vaginal.

- q. **Sexual Exploitation** – Taking nonconsensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for the benefit of oneself or a third party. Prohibited behavior includes, but is not limited to:
- Purposeful recording, distribution, or dissemination of sexual or intimate images or recordings of another person without that person’s full knowledge or consent;
 - Sexual voyeurism;
 - Inducing another to expose one’s genitals or private areas;
 - Prostituting another; or
 - Knowingly exposing someone to or transmitting a sexually transmitted disease without the party’s full knowledge and consent.
- r. **Sexual Harassment** – Means unwelcome, sex-based verbal or physical conduct that in the education context, is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that the conduct interferes with a student’s ability to participate in or benefit from educational programs or activities.
- s. **Sexual Misconduct** – A broad term encompassing all forms of gender-based harassment or discrimination and unwelcome behavior of a sexual nature. The term includes sexual harassment, nonconsensual sexual contact, nonconsensual sexual intercourse, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking, public indecency, interpersonal violence, sexual violence, and other misconduct based on sex.
- t. **Stalking** – A course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others or would cause that person to suffer substantial emotional distress. A “course of conduct” means two or more acts in which a person directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person or interferes with a person’s property. “Substantial emotional distress” means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling
- u. **Supportive Measures**- Non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the Complainant or Respondent before or after the filing of a Formal Complaint or where no Formal Complaint has been filed.
- v. **Title IX Sexual Misconduct**- Conduct that allegedly occurred against a person in the United States, in a University’s Education Program or Activity, on the basis of sex, and that satisfies one or more of the following:
- i. *Quid Pro Quo*. A University employee conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the University on an individual’s participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
 - ii. *Severe, Pervasive, and Objectively Offensive Conduct*. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the University’s education program or activity. Without limiting the foregoing, the following types of conduct are deemed to meet this severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive standard:

1. “Sexual Assault” as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v);
 2. “Dating Violence” as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10)
 3. “Domestic Violence” as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8) or
 4. “Stalking” as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30).
- w. **University Community** – All faculty, staff, and students of and visitors to any University premises or University-affiliated activity.

2. Title IX Staff

The Office for Student Civil Rights & Sexual Misconduct (SCRSM) will investigate complaints of Sexual Misconduct by or between students. (*Please note, some campus partners refer to SCRSM as “the Title IX Office.”*) The Texas Tech University System Office of Equal Opportunity (Office of EO) will be the primary Investigators for complaints of Sexual Misconduct by or between employees.

SCRSM staff includes the Title IX Coordinator, Assistant Title IX Coordinator/ Case Manager, Investigators, CARE (Campus Advocacy, Response and Education) Coordinators, and a Business Assistant. Information provided to SCRSM is considered private and is only shared with other campus officials in the event of an emergency, or an educational need to know. Reports are only shared with law enforcement with the express consent of the student involved, or through a lawfully issued subpoena.

- a. Title IX Coordinator- A trained University staff member who oversees the University’s compliance with Title IX and other applicable state/federal laws. The University has also designated Title IX Deputy Coordinators, and Title IX Liaisons for students, athletics, academic affairs and employees.
- b. Case Manager/Title IX Deputy Coordinator- A trained University staff member whose role is to respond to all Sexual Misconduct reports. The Case Manager conducts Intake meetings with the Complainant and Respondent, coordinates all Supportive Measures and remedies for students involved in Sexual Misconduct cases, and assists students with anonymous reporting. The Case Manager oversees the University’s compliance in offering assistance to involved parties.
- c. Investigator- A trained University staff member whose role is to conduct a thorough, reliable, and equitable investigation and compile the information gathered into an Investigation Report. Investigators may facilitate Informal Resolutions when requested by the parties involved in the case. In cases heard by a Hearing Panel, the Investigator will present the information and evidence obtained through the Investigation to the Panel. Investigators are assigned to cases by the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinator.
- d. CARE Coordinators- CARE Coordinators are graduate students who, in conjunction with the Case Manager, connect students with resources after a referral is made to SCRSM. They serve as a student’s primary point of contact. CARE Coordinators are trained to work with both Complainants and Respondents, but each Coordinator will only work with one party in a case. CARE Coordinators review and clarify process

and policies, reporting options and available resources; attend meetings as a support person; review documents and materials from the investigation, report, Hearing, decision letters and sanctioning as requested; and provide general support and a safe listening space. CARE Coordinators can assist students in filing anonymous reports but are not a confidential resource. CARE Coordinators do not provide legal guidance.

- e. SCRSM Business Assistant- A staff member who assists with day to day operations of the office.
- f. Title IX Advisors- In a Title IX Sexual Misconduct hearing, the Advisor will conduct cross examination. All students retain the right to select their own advisor, and this advisor may be an attorney. If the Complainant or Respondent does not have an advisor, the University will provide one. For University provided Advisors, that Advisor does not provide legal guidance.

3. Title IX and Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct Allegations

The following constitute allegations that may be assigned under the Title IX and Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct Policy.

1. Complicity or Knowingly Present

- a. Assisting via acts or omissions another student, individual, or group in committing or attempting to commit a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct*.
- b. Complicity with or failure of any organized group to address known or obvious violations of the *Code of Student Conduct* by its members.
- c. Any person who is knowingly present for the commission of a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct* and does not take steps to remove themselves from the location of the violation.

2. Discriminatory Harassment

Conduct based on a student's sex, race, national origin, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, gender, or other protected categories, classes, or characteristics that is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it adversely affects the victim's education or creates an intimidating, hostile, abusive or offensive educational environment which interferes with the student's ability to realize the intended benefits of the University's resources and opportunities.

3. Failure to Comply

- a. Failure to comply with reasonable directives of a University official acting in the performance of their duties.
- b. Failure to present student identification on directive or identify oneself to any University official acting in the performance of their duties.
- c. Any intentional, retaliatory, or adverse action taken by a Respondent, individual, or third party, absent legitimate nondiscriminatory purposes, against a party or supporter of a party to a Misconduct or Sexual Misconduct proceeding or other protected activity under this *Code of Student Conduct*.
- d. Failure to comply with the sanctions imposed by the University under the *Code of Student Conduct* or the Student Handbook.

4. Intimate Partner / Relationship Violence/Dating Violence

For the purposes of this policy, Interpersonal Violence is:

- a. Domestic or family violence is abuse or violence committed by a (1) current or former spouse or intimate partner of the Complainant, (2) person with whom the Complainant shares a child in common, (3) person who is cohabitating (or has cohabited) with the Complainant as a spouse or intimate partner, (4) person similarly situated to a spouse of the Complainant under state/local law, or (5) any other person against an adult or youth who is protected by that person's acts under the state/local domestic or family violence laws.
- b. Dating violence is abuse or violence, or a threat of abuse or violence, committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the Complainant. The existence of such a relationship will be determined based on the type and length of the relationship and the frequency of interaction between the person's involved in the relationship. A casual acquaintanceship or ordinary socializing between two individuals does not constitute a romantic or intimate relationship. This definition does not include acts covered under Domestic or Family Violence.
- c. Verbal abuse must be sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it adversely affects the Complainant's education or creates an intimidating, hostile, abusive or offensive educational environment which interferes with the student's ability to realize the intended benefits of the University's resources and opportunities.

5. Nonconsensual Sexual Contact

Intentional sexual touching, however slight and with any object or part of one's body, of another's private areas without consent. Sexual Contact includes:

- Intentional contact with the breasts, buttock, groin, or genitals;
- Touching another with any of these body parts;
- Making another touch you or themselves with or on any of these body parts; or
- Any other intentional bodily contact in a sexual manner.

6. Nonconsensual Sexual Intercourse

Sexual penetration or intercourse, however slight, with a penis, tongue, finger, or any object, and without consent. Penetration can be oral, anal, or vaginal. This can include intentional removal of a condom or other protective measure during intercourse without the consent of the partner.

7. Public Indecency

Engaging in private or sexual acts in a publicly viewable location, such that it is offensive to accepted standards of decency. Including, but not limited to exposing one's genitals or private area(s), public urination, defecation, and/or public sex acts.

8. Retaliatory Discrimination or Harassment

Any intentional, adverse action taken by an individual or allied third party, absent legitimate nondiscriminatory purposes, against a participant [or supporter of a participant] in a conduct process, civil rights grievance proceeding, or other protected activity.

9. Sexual Exploitation

Taking non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for the benefit of oneself or a third party. Prohibited behavior includes, but is not limited to:

- a. Photography or video recording of another person in a sexual, intimate, or private act without that person's full knowledge and consent;
- b. Purposeful distribution or dissemination of sexual or intimate images or recordings of another person without that person's full knowledge and consent;
- c. Sexual voyeurism;
- d. Inducing another to expose one's genitals or private areas;
- e. Prostituting another student;
- f. Knowingly exposing someone to or transmitting a sexually transmitted infection without the party's full knowledge and consent.

10. Sexual Harassment

Unwelcome sex-based verbal, written, or physical conduct when: (1) Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of employment or education; (2) Submission to or rejection of such conduct is used as a basis for decisions affecting employment or education; or (3) Such conduct has the purpose or effect of interfering with the individual's work or educational performance or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working or educational environment. To constitute an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working or educational environment, the complained of conduct must be either severe, persistent, or pervasive.

11. Stalking

A course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others or would cause that person to suffer substantial emotional distress. A "course of conduct" means two or more acts in which a person directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person or interferes with a person's property. "Substantial emotional distress" means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

12. Title IX Sexual Misconduct

Conduct that allegedly occurred against a person in the United States, in the University's Education Program or Activity, on the basis of sex, and that satisfies one or more of the following:

- a. Quid Pro Quo. A University Employee conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the University on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct.
- b. Severe, Pervasive, and Objectively Offensive Conduct. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the University's Education Program or Activity.
- c. The following incidents are deemed to meet the Severe, Pervasive, and Objectively Offensive standard:
 - i. Sexual Assault- An offense classified as a forcible or nonforcible sex offense.
 - a. Forcible sex offense- Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent, including Rape, Sodomy (oral or anal sexual intercourse), Sexual Assault with an Object, and Fondling
 - b. Nonforcible sex offense- Unlawful, nonforcible sexual intercourse including incest and statutory rape.

- c. (For complete definitions of forcible and nonforcible sex offenses, please see [System Regulation 07.06.A](#))
- ii. Dating Violence- Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic nature with the victim, and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relations, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
 - iii. Domestic Violence- Felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person cohabitation with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the laws of the jurisdiction, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.
 - iv. Stalking- Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.

4. Reporting Sexual Misconduct

All employees, including student employees, who in the course and scope of employment witness or receive information regarding a possible incident of sexual harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, or stalking against a student, employee, or visitor to the institution shall promptly report the incident to the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinators. While not required, students are strongly encouraged to report any incident of Sexual Misconduct to the University, including incidents in which the student was a victim.

Students may also report incidents of Sexual Misconduct to law enforcement, including University and local police. Complainants may choose to notify law enforcement and will be provided the assistance of the Title IX Coordinator, Case Manager, CARE Coordinator, or Investigator in contacting these authorities if the individual wishes. Parties may also choose not to notify law enforcement of incidents of Sexual Misconduct. A student who experiences sexual or dating violence is encouraged to seek medical care for treatment and preservation of evidence, if applicable, as soon as possible after the incident. Preserving DNA evidence can be key to a sexual violence case. Students can undergo a sexual assault forensic exam (SAFE) performed by a sexual assault nurse examiner (SANE) to preserve physical evidence with *or without* police involvement. If possible, this should be done immediately. If an immediate medical exam is not possible, a SANE may still collect evidence up to 4 days following a sexual assault. With the examinee's consent, the physical evidence collected during this medical exam can be used in a criminal investigation. To undergo a SAFE, go to University Medical Center or Covenant Hospital.

Anyone who experiences any form of Sexual Misconduct should also preserve other evidence relevant to the incident reported, such as items of clothing, photographs, phone records, text messages, social media activity, computer records, and other documents.

Making a Report

At Texas Tech, students can make a report in a variety of ways. Reports are private, and will not be shared with law enforcement, other students, faculty, non-SCRSM staff or parent/family members without express consent.

- Filing a report online: A report can be made by visiting the online reporting form via the University Title IX & Sexual Misconduct website (http://www.depts.ttu.edu/titleix/students/Report_an_Incident.php). This report can also be completed anonymously. Please note that reporting anonymously may limit the university's ability to investigate the incident or provide resources to the involved parties.
- Contacting a Title IX staff member directly: Meet with a staff member in person, speak over the phone, or communicate via email. Staff members can answer questions about the policies/procedures and describe options available to students.
 - Title IX Coordinator- Dr. Kimberly Simón; Administration Building Suite 115, 806.834.1949, kimberly.simon@ttu.edu or titleix@ttu.edu
 - Case Manager- Meredith Holden; Student Union Building Room 232E; 806.834.5556, meredith.holden@ttu.edu
 - CARE Coordinators- Student Union Building Room 232E; 806.742.7233
- Complete a report via mail: Reports of incidents of sexual misconduct may be mailed to Kimberly Simón, Box 42055, Lubbock, TX 79409.
- Make an anonymous report: Staff members are available to assist a student in making an anonymous report. Anonymous reports can help put a student in touch with resources even if they are not sure they would like to proceed with formal reporting and investigation procedures. Anonymous reports can be made through the Title IX Case Manager and CARE Coordinators in SCRSM. These staff members can be reached by calling 806.742.7233 or visiting the Student Union Building, Suite 232E.
- Make a confidential report: Students may make a confidential report to licensed clinical and/or mental health professionals acting in their professional roles. These employees are encouraged to provide their students with information and guidance regarding University reporting options and available resources but will not report or otherwise refer incidents to SCRSM without the student's express permission. Confidential reports may be made to the Student Counseling Center, the Family Therapy Clinic, the Psychology Clinic, and Student Health Services on campus. Students can make confidential reports off campus to Voice of Hope, and other licensed clinical and mental health providers.

While there is no deadline to file a report, to promote timely and effective review, the University strongly encourages individuals who believe they have experienced Sexual Misconduct to come forward promptly with their complaints and to seek assistance from the University. Delays in reporting can greatly limit the University's ability to stop the Sexual Misconduct, collect evidence, and/or take effective action against individuals or organizations accused of violating the policy.

*NOTE: if a Respondent has left campus, either by withdrawing or graduating, prior to a report being **filed**, the University's ability to investigate and/or adjudicate may be limited.*

5. Supportive Measures and Remedies

The University may take immediate action to eliminate hostile environments and address any effects on the Complainant and community prior to the initiation of any Investigation and/or formal Grievance Process. These measures will be taken to minimize the burden on the Complainant while respecting due process rights of the Respondent. Support Measures for involved students may include, but are not limited to, counseling services, medical assistance, modifications to on-campus housing, modifications to parking permissions, academic support referrals, modifications to academic or work situations, instituting a No Contact Order between the parties in a complaint, and reporting criminal behavior to the Texas Tech Police Department, Lubbock Police Department, or other local law enforcement agency. Additionally, the University may pursue Emergency Removal, altering the University status of the Respondent. Other Supportive Measures may be implemented and will be evaluated on a case- by-case basis. Supportive Measures may be kept in place through the conclusion of any review, Investigation, resolution, or Appeal process. Supportive Measures can be implemented regardless of whether or not the Complainant pursues a Formal Complaint or criminal action. SCRSM is available to help students understand the Grievance Process and identify resources.

Remedies may be implemented after a determination of responsibility in Grievance Proceedings to restore and preserve equal educational opportunities to the Complainant.

Complainants and Respondents who are the subjects of a reported incident of Sexual Misconduct (sexual harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, or stalking) will be allowed to drop a course in which they are both enrolled without any academic penalty.

No Contact Order

When initial inquiry indicates persistent and potentially escalating conflict between members of the University Community, a No Contact Order may be issued as a remedial, non-punitive deterrent to further conflict or situational complication. A No Contact Order will be issued by SCRSM via the student's official Texas Tech email. The notice serves as an official directive that the student(s) have no contact with the other listed parties. Contact cannot occur in person, by telephone, email, text message or other electronic means of communication, or through a third party (other than an attorney). Should contact need to occur, the student should coordinate with the Case Manager or Investigator. This notice may also come with other information related to changes in class schedule or other restrictions to facilitate the No Contact Order.

Failure to comply with the No Contact Order may result in disciplinary action, including possible suspension or expulsion. Violations of No Contact Orders may also result in Emergency Removal pending the completion of a Grievance Process. The term of a No Contact Order is one year from the date of issuance, or the graduation of one or both parties, whichever comes first.

Emergency Removal

The University shall conduct an individualized safety and risk analysis to determine if an individual poses an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of Sexual Misconduct that justifies removal. Where the University finds that a Respondent poses an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or individual, the University may remove the Respondent prior to the conclusion of the Grievance Process to protect the safety of the University Community where an immediate threat exists. The University shall provide the Respondent with notice and an immediate opportunity to challenge the decision in writing to the Title IX Coordinator immediately following the removal.

Through an Emergency Removal, a student may be denied access to University Student Housing and/or the University campus/facilities/events. As determined appropriate by the Title IX Coordinator or designee, this restriction may include classes and/or all other University activities or privileges for which the student might otherwise be eligible. At the discretion of the Title IX Coordinator or designee and with the approval of, and in collaboration with, the appropriate Dean(s), alternative coursework options may be pursued to ensure as minimal an impact as possible on the responding student.

Students are informed of the Emergency Removal by the official notice procedures outlined in this section. Emergency Removal is not a sanction. It is taken in an effort to protect the safety and well-being of the Complainant, Respondent, and/or other members of the University Community. Emergency Removal is preliminary in nature; it is in effect only until the Grievance Process has been completed. However, violations of Emergency Removal may result in additional allegations of the *Code of Student Conduct*. A student who receives an Emergency Removal may request a meeting with the Vice Provost of Student Affairs or designee to challenge an Emergency Removal.

Regardless of the outcome of this meeting, the University may still proceed with an Investigation and adjudication.

The Title IX Coordinator or designee will initiate the appropriate Grievance Process to address the disruptive behavior within three (3) University working days from the date of Emergency Removal. Initiation of the appropriate Grievance Process includes but is not limited to informing parties that an investigation has begun via a “Notice of Formal Complaint” letter.

Non-Student Support Measures

SCRSM, in conjunction with the Texas Tech Police Department, may issue a Criminal Trespass to any individual(s) or guest of the University whose presence could significantly disrupt the normal operations of the University, or who is alleged to have violated University policies and/or is deemed to pose a threat to the physical and/or emotional well-being of a student or other members of the University Community.

Note: Students of Texas Tech University may be held responsible for actions of their guests.

6. Rights and Responsibilities

Prior to the formal investigative process, a student will be provided a Student Rights and Responsibilities document. This document will be reviewed and signed by the student prior to an interview with the Investigator. The Student Rights and Responsibilities document informs the student of their rights to be exercised before and during the Grievance Process.

Subject to applicable law, information gathered by the University during the course of the Investigation and Grievance Process may only be shared with faculty, staff, students, and/or advisors who are directly involved in the incident or necessary to the Grievance Process.

Information gathered may also be disclosed in compliance with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena.

Involved parties have the right to, and are encouraged to, be accompanied by an advisor of the individual's choosing during all meetings, proceedings, and/or disciplinary hearings at which the individual is present. In Title IX Sexual Misconduct cases, the University will provide a Title IX Advisor for any Complainant or Respondent who requests one. The Title IX Advisor will conduct cross examination during a Title IX Sexual Misconduct hearing. In Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct Hearings, the role of the advisor will be limited to advising only and will not be allowed to actively participate in the Hearing. CARE Coordinators may also attend any meeting or Hearing in addition to the student's advisor.

A student has the right to:

1. A reasonably prompt, fair, and equitable process. The process for addressing a Formal Complaint under the Grievance Process will be concluded within the reasonably prompt timeframe of 120 days. There may be certain circumstances that allow for limited extensions of this timeframe for good cause. For such extensions of time or delays, there must be written notice to both the Complainant and Respondent of the delay/extension and the reason for the action;
2. A presumption that the Respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the Grievance Process;
3. File a Formal Complaint to begin the formal Grievance Process;
4. Be accompanied by an advisor to any meeting or Hearing. If an advisor for the Respondent is an attorney, an attorney from the Office of General Counsel may attend the Hearing on behalf of the University. Students should select an advisor whose schedule allows attendance at the scheduled date and time for the Hearing, as delays will not be allowed due to the scheduling conflicts of an advisor. In Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct cases, a witness, anyone who may have a conflict of interest, or anyone who may have any participatory role in the process may not be allowed to serve as an Advisor. Students who are currently separated from the University as the result of a disciplinary process may be excluded from serving as an advisor.
5. Refrain from making any statement relevant to the Investigation. Students are expected to cooperate with the University Grievance Process but may elect not to participate in the Investigation process, either in part or entirely. If a student fails or refuses to provide information during the Investigation, they will not be allowed to

present new information during the Hearing; similarly, if a student provides only limited information during the Investigation (i.e., answering some of the Investigator's questions but not others), then during the Hearing, the student will only be permitted to speak to the information they provided, with no additional commentary. The rationale for this policy is to prevent either party from presenting new evidence at the Hearing that was available during the investigative process for the purpose of disadvantaging the other party.

NOTE: See Pre-Hearing Process, below, for details on inclusion of new, previously unavailable information after conclusion of the investigative process.

6. The opportunity to provide information and evidence in support of their case;
7. Receive a written copy of the Notice of Formal Complaint relevant to their case, and have adequate time to prepare for any subsequent interviews;
8. Access and utilize Support Measures whether or not a Formal Complaint is filed;
9. Know the range of sanctions that may be imposed for a *Code of Student Conduct* violation, if one is alleged and found to have occurred;
10. Know the Texas Tech University Grievance Process, where to find it, and have SCRSM staff answer any questions;
11. Know that any information provided by the student may be used in a Grievance Process; and
12. Know that if a student makes any false or misleading statements during the Grievance Process, that student could be subject to disciplinary action.

It is the student's responsibility to:

1. Be responsive to all correspondence from the University;
2. Provide information they wish to be included that is relevant to the incident or situation;
3. Be honest and provide true and accurate information during the Investigation; and
4. Review the *Code of Student Conduct* in order to fully understand all aspects of the Grievance Process.

6. Amnesty

The University will not take any disciplinary action against a student who in good faith reports being the victim of, or witness to, an incident of Sexual Misconduct for a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct* occurring at or near the time of the incident, regardless of the location at which the incident occurred or the outcome of the Grievance Process regarding the incident.

Amnesty will be extended to the Complainant, Respondent, and witnesses who provide statements during an investigation and disclose their own personal drug or alcohol use.

The University may provide educational options to students to address any concerning behavior as part of the afforded amnesty or in lieu of conduct proceedings.

Abuse of amnesty provisions can result in a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct*. Amnesty may not preclude students from being charged with allegations of misconduct

related to Actions against Members of the University Community and Others. The *Code of Student Conduct* amnesty provisions do not influence criminal proceedings or charges. Amnesty does not preclude students from being required to meet with University staff and to participate in conditions such as counseling, alcohol assessments, and other requirements.

SCRSM may assist with questions related to amnesty provisions, and the final determination regarding amnesty in all Sexual Misconduct cases will be made by the Title IX Coordinator or designee.

7. Investigation Process

Response to Receipt of Incident

Upon notice or receipt of an incident report regarding Sexual Misconduct or gender-based harassment/discrimination, the Case Manager or designee will contact the named Complainant via their official TTU email and request a meeting to gather and review information about the nature of the report, and to review Support Measures and the Grievance Process. When health and safety are potentially at risk, the Case Manager may call the student on the phone number listed in their student record. In the event that the Complainant does not respond to communication, the Case Manager will send a second email communication. Complainants are not required to respond or participate in any meetings with the SCRSM staff.

Intake Phase

Once a Complainant has made contact with the office, the Case Manager or designee will schedule an Intake Meeting with the Complainant. During this Intake, the Case Manager or designee will collect any additional demographic information, review this policy and the available options, and facilitate any requested Support Measures. If the Complainant does not return contact or requests to not meet with the SCRSM staff, the case may be closed. If the Complainant requests only Support Measures, the Case Manager contacts the appropriate campus parties to address the needs, and then the case may be closed. If a Complainant wishes to make a statement or file a Formal Complaint (pursue an Investigation), the Case Manager or Title IX Coordinator will appoint an Investigator.

When a Complainant is identified but is reluctant to file a Formal Complaint and/or the Grievance Process entirely, the University will make every attempt to follow the wishes of the Complainant while weighing the interests of the campus community and the possibility of a continuing threat. If the Complainant does not want to participate in the Grievance Process but has no aversion to the University pursuing action with respect to the named Respondent, the institution may investigate the incident in the same manner that an anonymous complaint may be investigated. If the Complainant does not want the University to pursue the report in any respect, the University may investigate further if Title IX Coordinator determines there is reason to believe that a significant continuing threat to the campus community exists. In determining whether to investigate the incident, the institution shall consider the seriousness of the alleged incident, whether the University has received other reports of incidents committed by the alleged perpetrator(s), whether the alleged incident poses a risk of harm to others, and any other factor the institution deems relevant. If the University decides not to investigate the incident, the University shall take

any steps deemed necessary to protect the health and safety of the University Community in relation to the incident. SCRSM will inform the Complainant of the decision to investigate, or not investigate, the reported incident.

NOTE: While in most cases of Sexual Misconduct the University will not move forward without a Formal Complaint signed by the Complainant, the Title IX Coordinator or designee may proceed with the Grievance Process on a case by case basis if the alleged behavior involves pattern, predation, threat, or violence (PPTV) that may significantly impact the University Community.

Filing a Formal Complaint

A Formal Complaint is a document signed by a Complainant or the Title IX Coordinator alleging Sexual Misconduct against a Respondent requesting that the University investigate the allegation(s) of Sexual Misconduct. While incidents may be reported by any third party, only the Complainant or Title IX Coordinator may initiate the Grievance Procedure through the Formal Complaint. A Formal Complaint is also required for any individuals wishing to pursue an Informal Resolution.

When a Formal Complaint is filed, SCRSM provides written notice to the Respondent with sufficient time for the Respondent to prepare a response before an initial interview. The Notice of Formal Complaint includes information about the Grievance Process, the Informal Resolution Process, the allegations and any details known at the time (such as the name of the Complainant, location, date, and time of the alleged incident(s)), and the specific section(s) of the *Code of Student Conduct* the Respondent is alleged to have violated. The Complainant also receives a copy of the Notice of Formal Complaint.

Review of Formal Complaints

When a Formal Complaint is received, SCRSM will evaluate jurisdiction and mandatory and discretionary dismissal described below, assess appropriate Supportive Measures for both parties, evaluate the need for Emergency Removal, and initiate the Grievance Process.

- a. Mandatory Dismissal- SCRSM shall dismiss a Formal Complaint in the following situations:
 - i. For Title IX Sexual Misconduct:
 - i. The allegation does not describe conduct that would constitute Title IX Sexual Misconduct as defined, even if proven;
 - ii. The Title IX Sexual Misconduct did not occur in the University's Education Program or Activity; or
 - iii. The Title IX Sexual Misconduct did not occur against a person in the United States.
 - ii. For Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct
 - i. The allegation describes conduct that would not constitute Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct as defined, even if proven.
 - ii. The Respondent is not a member of the University Community
- b. Permissive Dismissal- SCRSM may dismiss a Formal Complaint in the following situations:

- i. The Complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that they wish to withdraw the Formal Complaint or some allegations in the Formal Complaint;
 - ii. The Respondent is no longer enrolled in or employed by the University; or
 - iii. Circumstances exist that prevent the University from gathering sufficient evidence to reach a determination as to the Formal Complaint or the allegations.
- c. Application of Other Policies Upon Dismissal- If SCRSM dismisses a Formal Complaint or any of the allegations in the Complaint, the office must promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the Complainant and Respondent. Dismissal of a Title IX Sexual Misconduct Formal Complaint does not preclude action under other policies, such as Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct or the *Code of Student Conduct*.
- d. Appeal of Dismissal Decision- Any party can appeal the dismissal decision following the criteria and procedures listed below under *Appeals*.

Investigation Phase

After an Investigator has been appointed, the Investigator will inquire, gather and review information about the reported misconduct, and will evaluate the accuracy, credibility, and sufficiency of the information.

If it is determined that the information reported, even if factually correct, does not meet the criteria of a policy violation, an allegation will not be issued and the complaint will be dismissed. However, the Title IX Coordinator may determine that a Policy Clarification and/or Referral Meeting is warranted, which may result in a Policy Clarification being issued to involved parties to clarify the policy in question. A Policy Clarification is not considered a Sanction.

When an initial report of misconduct by a third party does not identify the involved parties or the involved parties are not available, the Investigator will investigate the reported incident to the fullest extent of the information available.

Withdraw During a Formal Complaint- In accordance with state law, if a student withdraws or graduates from the University pending a Formal Complaint alleging the student violated the *Code of Student Conduct* by committing sexual harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, or stalking, the institution:

- (1) May not end the disciplinary process or issue a transcript to the student until the institution makes a final determination of responsibility; and
- (2) Shall expedite the institution's disciplinary process as necessary to accommodate both the Respondent's and Complainant's interest in a speedy resolution.
- (3) On request from another institution, the University shall provide to the requesting institution information relating to a determination that a student enrolled violated the institution's *Code of Student Conduct* by committing sexual harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, or stalking.

Notice of Formal Complaint

A student will be given notice of their involvement in regard to a Formal Complaint received by the University by receipt of a "Notice of Formal Complaint"

Letter. In the event that a student fails to respond to the Notice of Formal Complaint, an administrative hold may be placed on the student's record to prevent further registration and transcript receipt. The administrative hold may remain until such time as the Investigator receives an appropriate response. Failure to comply with or respond to a notice issued as part of a Grievance Procedure and/or failure to appear will not prevent an Investigator from proceeding with the Grievance Process.

At any point in the Investigation if additional potential allegations are discovered, the Respondent and Complainant will be sent Notice of Additional Allegations letters including the criteria listed above.

When initial inquiry indicates a concurrent police Investigation is occurring, the Investigator will, where possible, collaborate with the Texas Tech Police Department during the Investigation. Elements of this collaborative Investigation may include the Investigator coordinating with responding officers at the scene of the incident, joint interviews with police detectives, and evidence sharing. The Investigator will never take physical custody of any physical or electronic evidence but will work closely with the Texas Tech Police Department to inspect, analyze, and incorporate physical or electronic evidence into the Investigative report.

NOTE: In Title IX Sexual Misconduct Hearings, any statements (including those of the Complainant, Respondent, and witnesses) must be subject to cross examination.

During the Investigation, the burden of proof and burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility is on the University and not on the parties. Complainants and Respondents are encouraged to present witnesses and evidence, including fact and expert witnesses, and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence that they believe should be considered. The University will make all reasonable efforts to obtain relevant information such as surveillance video footage, University card swipe access and other information that may be available to the Institution. The University cannot obtain information that is protected by a legally recognized privilege without the party's voluntary written consent. The University shall not access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party's records that are made or maintained by a physician, therapist/mental health professional, or other professional/paraprofessional providing treatment to the party, unless the party gives voluntary written consent.

At any point in the Investigation, either party may request to initiate the Informal Resolution process. This process is contingent upon the voluntary agreement of both the Complainant and Respondent, with the concurrence of the Title IX Coordinator or designee. More information about the Informal Resolution process can be found under the *Resolution Phase* section below.

Once the Investigation is complete, the Investigator will compile the relevant information

and evidence into an Investigation Report, which may include a timeline of the event(s), statements from interviews, physical and electronic evidence, a breakdown of the discrepancies in the various interviews, and credibility considerations. The Investigator will document any physical or electronic evidence in a manner that is conducive and does not obstruct concurrent or forthcoming police Investigations. Complainants and Respondents will have an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence obtained as part of the Investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in the Formal Complaint. The University shall send each party (and in Title IX Sexual Misconduct cases, the Title IX Advisor) the evidence subject to inspection and review in an electronic format or hard copy, and the parties shall have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response, which the Investigator will consider prior to the completion of the Investigation Report. The completed Investigation Report will fairly summarize the relevant evidence, and will be sent to the Complainant and Respondent (and in Title IX cases, the Title IX Advisor) in electronic format or hard copy, for their review and written response, at least ten (10) days prior to the Hearing. In order to protect confidentiality students may be given an electronic password protected copy of the Investigation Report which may be redacted. Any new evidence identified after completion of the Investigative Report that a party intends to present, introduce, or use at the hearing must be provided to the Title IX Coordinator at least five (5) days prior to the hearing and to the other party at least three (3) days prior to the hearing. Failure to comply with this provision will result in the new evidence being excluded from consideration during the hearing and decision-making process.

Should students not participate in the Investigative Process, the Grievance Process may continue without their participation. The Investigator may assign allegation(s) to the Respondent based on the information that the Investigator collected without the student's participation, if appropriate.

Resolution Phase

Options for resolving Formal Complaints under the Grievance Process include:

Referral Meeting

A University official may request a meeting with a student in order to discuss a referral made to SCRSM or other administrative departments when the referral may not be deemed a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct*, but when the Title IX Coordinator or designee determines the referral warrants a discussion. The purpose of the discussion is to clarify concerns of the involved parties, to offer assistance to all involved parties, and to explain to the Respondent that repeated referrals may warrant an Investigation which may warrant adjudication.

Informal Resolution

After the Complainant and Respondent have been provided written notice of a Formal Complaint, the University may offer and facilitate the Informal Resolution Process. The

procedures utilized in the Informal Resolution process must be agreed upon by obtaining the parties voluntary, written consent, with concurrence from the Title IX Coordinator or designee. The parties must mutually agree in writing to all aspects of any resolution reached through the Informal Resolution process, including any restrictions or conditions that may be agreed upon by the parties with concurrence from the Title IX Coordinator or designee, and any such resolution will be binding and final with no opportunity to appeal. Either party may withdraw from the Informal Resolution process at any time prior to final resolution, and resume the Grievance Process with respect to the Formal Complaint. Informal Resolution agreements will be maintained in accordance with University policies. Should either party violate the terms of the Informal Resolution, the matter may be referred for adjudication.

Informal Conference

An Informal Conference is a form of Informal Resolution. If after the Investigation, the Respondent accepts responsibility for the allegations of the *Code of Student Conduct* outlined in an Investigation Report, the student can choose to resolve the issue informally. Should the Respondent wish to participate in the Informal Conference Process, both the Complainant and the Respondent must agree to both the finding and the Sanctions as recommended by the Investigator. The case may only be reopened if new material, previously unavailable is presented.

Written notification of the outcomes and Sanctions, if applicable, of the Informal Conference will be provided simultaneously to the student(s) and appropriate University Administrators within five (5) university working days of the effectuation of the Informal Conference.

Hearings

The Hearing process to be utilized depends on the type of Sexual Misconduct alleged. For Title IX Sexual Misconduct, the Title IX Hearing procedures must be utilized. For Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct, there are two options available: Administrative Hearing and Panel Hearing. For any type of Hearing, students will first complete the Pre-Hearing Process.

a. Pre-Hearing Process

The Title IX Coordinator or designee shall appoint a Resource Person who facilitates the Pre-Hearing and Hearing. The Resource Person is a staff member in SCRSM that did not serve as the Investigator. The Resource Person is a non-voting participant in the Hearing process. The Resource Person assures that University procedures are followed throughout the Hearing. The Resource Person may:

- Prepare Hearing materials;
- Record the Hearing proceedings;
- Escort participants into the Hearing room, grant breaks for participants, and distribute materials;

- Ensure proper decorum throughout the Hearing;
- Ensure the procedural soundness of the Hearing;
- Provide the conduct history of the Respondent during the sanctioning phase, if necessary;
- Transcribe the findings of the Hearing Panel;
- Compile the Post-Hearing documentation;
- Deliver notification to the parties.

NOTE: In Title IX Sexual Misconduct Hearings, the Title IX Hearing Officer may also assume some duties of the Resource Person.

Complainants and Respondents will meet with their Resource Person to complete the Pre-Hearing Process. In the meeting with the Resource Person, parties will review documents including the Hearing Panel composition, Hearing Script, Opening, Closing, and Impact Statements, and Appeal Procedures. Following the Pre-Hearing, students and their advisors will be notified of a date, time, and location of the Hearing via written Notification of Hearing sent to the student's official assigned Texas Tech University email address, delivered via Certified Mail to the student's last known address, or personally delivered to the student. University email is the University's primary means of communication with students. Students are responsible for all communication delivered to their University email address. Should students not participate in the Pre-Hearing Process, the Grievance Process may continue without their participation, and the completion of an Administrative or Panel Hearing.

Students may indicate whether an Administrative Hearing, Panel Hearing or Sanction Only Hearing is preferred. (Please see Hearings section below for a description of each Hearing type.) However, the Title IX Coordinator or designee has the sole discretion in all cases to designate whether an Administrative Hearing, Panel Hearing or Sanction Only Hearing will be held notwithstanding the student's preference.

In cases requiring a Hearing Panel, the Resource Person will share the pool of staff trained for Hearing Panels. Students will be given the opportunity to request to strike any member of the Hearing Panel whose impartiality may be in question. In order to request a strike of a member of the Hearing Panel, the student must provide the Resource Person with a reasonable and substantiated rationale for the request. Once the composition of the Hearing Panel is set, the Resource Person will schedule the Panel Hearing.

If a student discovers new, previously unavailable information during the time after the Pre-Hearing but before the Administrative or Panel Hearing, the student should inform the Resource Person and the Resource Person will inform the Investigator immediately. If the new information is pertinent to the consideration of the case, the Investigator will determine whether the new information should be included in the Investigation Report or presented verbally during the Administrative or Panel Hearing. If there is new evidence

introduced, other involved parties would also be given the opportunity to provide a response to any new evidence that will be presented in the Administrative or Panel Hearing.

At the discretion of the Title IX Coordinator or designee, a review of the case may occur at any point during the investigation or Grievance Process for clarification of procedural processes and may be remanded to investigation or adjudication if deemed necessary.

Students will be permitted to question the statements and evidence presented by the other involved parties. In Title IX Hearings, the Title IX Advisor will conduct cross-examination on behalf of the party. In Non-Title IX Hearings, via the Investigator, who will pose the questions and supplement the Investigation Report.

NOTE: Questions that are deemed objectionable, inappropriate, and/or irrelevant may be rejected.

b. Hearings

Upon completion of the Pre-Hearing, the University may proceed to a Title IX Sexual Misconduct Hearing, an Administrative Hearing, or a Panel Hearing and issue a finding and accompanying Sanctions, if applicable. The Hearing may be held and a decision made, regardless of whether the Respondent responds, fails to respond, attends the Hearing, or fails to attend the Hearing. Except as prohibited in Title IX Sexual Misconduct Hearings, should the student fail to attend the Hearing, the Administrator or the Hearing Panel may consider the information contained in the Investigation Report and render a decision. If the Respondent accepts responsibility for the allegations issued in the Investigation Report the Respondent may request a Sanction Only Hearing.

Hearings are closed to the public. In Sexual Misconduct cases, both the Complainant and Respondent have the right to be present at the Hearing; however, they do not have the right to be present during deliberations. Arrangements can be made so that the Complainant, Respondent and any witnesses appear virtually at the Hearing, with technology enabling participants to simultaneously see and hear each other. To request changes in the scheduled Hearing time or to participate virtually, students should contact their Resource Person prior to the Hearing.

After proper notice has been given to the parties, a party's failure or refusal to respond within the allotted timeframe may not prevent the Grievance Process from proceeding to a Hearing or a Hearing Body from rendering a final determination regarding responsibility.

Title IX Sexual Misconduct Hearings

[System Regulation 07.06.A Attachment 2](#) outlines the full Title IX Sexual

Misconduct Hearing Procedures.

The University will appoint a four-member Hearing Panel. The Title IX Hearing Officer will be one of the four members and will serve as the Hearing Panel Chair. The Hearing Panel will be the decision-maker that objectively evaluates all relevant evidence and renders a determination regarding responsibility after the live hearing. The determination regarding responsibility will be made by a majority vote of the Hearing Panel. The Hearing Panel will not include the University Title IX Coordinator or an Investigator involved in the matters considered at the Hearing. The Hearing Panel has the right and responsibility to ask questions and elicit information from parties and witnesses on its own initiative to aid in obtaining relevant evidence both inculpatory and exculpatory.

All parties, witnesses, and other participants in a Title IX Hearing must be physically or virtually present in a manner where all participants can simultaneously see and hear each other. Statements of a party or witness that is not present and subject to cross-examination at the Hearing will not be relied on in making a determination regarding responsibility.

Each Complainant and Respondent shall have an advisor of their choice present at the Title IX Hearing. Each party must notify SCRSM at least ten (10) days prior to the Hearing whether the party intends to select and bring an advisor of their choice to the Hearing. If a Complainant or Respondent does not have an advisor of their choice present at the Hearing, the University will provide without fee or charge an advisor of the University's choice. The advisors' only permissible roles at the Hearing are to advise the party and to conduct cross-examination on behalf of the party.

The University will adopt rules of order and decorum provided for and enforced by the Title IX Hearing Officer. Such rules will include, but are not limited to, time limits, hearing order, and requirements that participants not badger a witness, and repetition of the same question may be deemed irrelevant by the Hearing Officer; no party be asked questions in an abusive or intimidating manner; and questioning shall be relevant, respectful, and non-abusive. Each Hearing shall be no more than four (4) hours in length, unless the Hearing Officer determines that exceptional circumstances exist justifying a longer Hearing.

The University will create a record of the Hearing and make it available to the parties for inspection and review upon request.

At the direction of the Hearing Officer, Complainants and Respondents will have an opportunity to offer their own opening and closing statement, subject to time limits set by the Hearing Officer.

Each party will have an opportunity to present evidence to the Hearing Panel. The Hearing Officer will be responsible for making determinations regarding evidence, including

relevance. Information that will be deemed not relevant includes, without limitation, information protected by a legal recognized privilege; questions or evidence about the Complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior (unless offered to prove that someone other than the Respondent committed the conduct alleged by the Complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the Complainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the Respondent and are offered to prove consent); any party's medical, psychological, or similar records (unless the party has given voluntary, written consent); and party or witness statements that have not been subjected to cross-examination at the Hearing. If a party or witness does not attend or refuses to answer cross-examination, the Hearing Panel cannot draw an inference regarding responsibility based solely on that absence or refusal to answer.

Direct Examination may be conducted by the Title IX Hearing Officer or the Hearing Panel. Cross-examination must be conducted directly orally, and in real time by the party's advisor of choice and never by a party personally. Only relevant cross-examination and other questions, including those challenging credibility, may be asked of a party or witness. Before a participant answers a cross-examination or other question, the Title IX Hearing Officer must first determine whether the question is relevant and explain any decision to exclude a question as not relevant.

After a determination regarding responsibility and before a decision regarding Sanctions, the Hearing Panel may request, and the parties may provide impact statements for consideration.

After the Hearing, the Hearing Panel will issue a written determination regarding responsibility that will include: (1) identification of the allegations potentially constituting Title IX Sexual Misconduct; (2) a description of the procedural steps taken throughout the Grievance Process; (3) findings of fact supporting the determination regarding responsibility; (4) conclusions regarding the application of the University's applicable conduct policy to the facts of the alleged conduct; (5) a statement of and rationale for the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary Sanctions imposed on the Respondent, and whether Remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the University's Education Program or Activity will be provided by the University to the Complainant; (6) a statement that the University's procedures are permissible bases to for the Complainant and Respondent to appeal; and (7) a statement that the determination may be appealed by the parties following the procedures listed below. The written determination regarding responsibility becomes final when the time period to file an appeal has expired, or when the appeal decision has been sent to the parties.

Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct Hearings

The Investigator will present the Investigation Report, evidence, witnesses, allegation(s), and questions for deliberation. The Complainant and Respondent may make an opening statement about key points of the case. During the opening statement phase of the Hearing, the Complainant and the Respondent may not make character statements about themselves or others and may not make impact statements. The Complainant and Respondent may make comments about the facts of the case. The Panel may ask questions of the Investigator, Complainant, Respondent, and any witnesses. The Complainant and Respondent may pose questions for each other through the Investigator. Should new evidence be presented without prior discussion with the Investigator, the Hearing may be halted to consider the inclusion of this information. Impact statements will also be halted if they are shared prior to the Sanctioning phase of the Hearing. In the event the Resource Person of the Hearing removes a student due to misconduct (Complainant, Respondent, or witnesses), the alleged misconduct will be forwarded to the Title IX Coordinator for additional processing, as appropriate.

Following the Hearing, the Hearing Panel will deliberate and render a decision regarding the alleged misconduct. Should the Hearing Panel have any questions for the Investigator, the Complainant, and/or the Respondent during deliberations, the Hearing will reconvene so that all parties have the opportunity to hear and respond to other parties' responses. Upon the finding of responsibility for any of the allegations, impact statements will be presented to the Hearing Panel. After the presentation of the impact statements, the Hearing Panel will return to deliberations to determine any Sanctions. Simultaneous notification of outcomes of the Panel Hearing will be provided to the student(s) in writing within five (5) University working days, or as soon as practical, following the Panel Hearing. Decisions made through the Panel Hearing may be appealed by students utilizing the Appeal Procedures outlined below in this document.

NOTE: All Hearing proceedings, excluding the deliberations of the Hearing Panel, will be recorded by the University.

1. Administrative Hearing

An Administrative Hearing is the process of adjudicating allegations of violations of the *Code of Student Conduct* by an Administrative Hearing Officer. The Administrative Hearing Officer is assigned by the Title IX Coordinator or designee. The Administrative Hearing Officer makes the decision of responsibility and assigns Sanctions, as appropriate. Written notification of the outcomes of the Administrative Hearing will be provided to the student within five (5) University working days of the conclusion of the Administrative Hearing. Decisions made through the Administrative Hearing may be appealed by students by utilizing the Appeal Procedures outlined below.

2. Panel Hearing

A Panel Hearing is the process of adjudicating allegations of violations of the *Code of Student Conduct* by a Hearing Panel. For each Panel Hearing, a Panel of three (3) members will be chosen from the available pool by the Title IX Coordinator or designee. Following the Hearing, the Hearing Panel will deliberate and render a decision regarding the alleged misconduct, as well as determine any Sanctions, if applicable. Simultaneous notification of outcomes of the Panel Hearing will be provided to the student(s) in writing within five (5) University working days, or as soon as practical, following the Panel Hearing. Decisions made through the Panel Hearing may be appealed by students utilizing the Appeal Procedures outlined below.

3. Sanction Only Hearing

If the student accepts responsibility for the allegations issued in the Investigation Report, the student may request a Sanction Only Hearing, by either an Administrative Hearing Officer or a Hearing Panel. During a Sanction Only Hearing, the Investigation Report and finding are presented to the Hearing body by the Investigator. During presentation of the Investigation Report and finding, the Respondent and the Complainant are not allowed to dispute the facts or details of the case. The Administrative Hearing Officer or Hearing Panel may ask clarifying questions regarding aggravating and mitigating factors related to the incident.

Both the Respondent and the Complainant may be present and both the Respondent and the Complainant may provide impact statements prior to sanctioning. Mitigating factors as well as a character statement may also be presented by the Respondent and may be considered by the Hearing body. Simultaneous notification of the outcome of the Sanction Only Hearing will be provided to the student(s) within five (5) University working days of the conclusion of the Sanction Only Hearing. Decisions made through the Sanction Only Hearing may be appealed by the students by utilizing the Appeal Procedures outlined below. In Sanction Only Hearings, students may appeal the sanction(s), and can only appeal on the following grounds, “the sanction imposed substantially varies from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions.” A student may only choose a Hearing Panel for Sanction Only Hearings for potentially separable offenses.

c. Sanctions

An Administrative Hearing Officer, or a Hearing Panel may impose sanctions as a result of an Informal Conference, Title IX Sexual Misconduct Hearing, Administrative Hearing, or Panel Hearing, when a student is found responsible. The potential sanctions are listed in the Sanctioning Grid on the Title IX website at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/titleix/>. The grid is provided only as a guideline for administering sanctions by the Administrative Hearing Officer and/or Hearing Panel. The Administrative Hearing Officer and/or the Hearing Panel may deviate

from the grid for sufficient reason. Implementation of the disciplinary Sanction(s) will begin when the time period to file an appeal has expired or when the appeal decision has been sent to the parties.

Both the Respondent and the Complainant will be simultaneously notified of the Appeal Officer's decision and Sanctions as appropriate. When sanctions are final, appropriate University Administrators may be notified of the student's sanctions. Findings and Sanctions agreed upon through the Informal Conference Process are final and cannot be appealed.

All records related to the disciplinary process will remain on file in the Office for Student Civil Rights and Sexual Misconduct and the Office of Student Conduct for a minimum of seven (7) years from the date the case is completed through an Informal Resolution, Informal Conference, Title IX Hearing, Administrative Hearing or Panel Hearing, Sanction Only Hearing and/or the Appeal Procedures. All records related to the Grievance Process resulting in suspension and/or expulsion will remain on file indefinitely.

If a student is found responsible for violating the *Code of Student Conduct*, sanctions may be imposed and can include, but are not limited to the following:

a. Disciplinary Reprimand

The disciplinary reprimand is an official written notification using the notice procedures outlined in this section to the student that the action in question was Misconduct.

b. Disciplinary Probation

Disciplinary Probation is a period of time during which a student's conduct will be observed and reviewed. The student must demonstrate the ability to comply with University policies, rules, and/or standards and any other requirement stipulated for the probationary period.

Further instances of Misconduct under the *Code of Student Conduct* during this period may result in additional sanctions.

c. Time-Limited Disciplinary Suspension

Time-Limited Disciplinary Suspension is a specific period of time in which a student is not allowed to participate in class, University related activities, or be present on campus property. The status of Disciplinary Suspension will be shown on the student's academic record, including the transcript. Disciplinary Suspension is noted on the student's transcript by the phrase "Disciplinary Suspension" and will include the period of time in which the student is/was suspended from the University. In most instances, the notation of Disciplinary Suspension will remain on the transcript permanently. A student has the ability to petition to remove a Disciplinary Suspension notation in the following instances: 1) the student is eligible to reenroll in the institution or 2) the Title IX

Coordinator or designee determines that good cause exists to remove the notation. A Disciplinary Suspension of a student will indicate the date on which the suspension period begins and the earliest date the application for student readmission will be considered. The Title IX Coordinator or designee may deny a student's readmission, if the student's Misconduct during the suspension would have warranted additional disciplinary action. If the student has failed to satisfy any Sanction that was imposed prior to application for readmission, the Title IX Coordinator or designee may recommend denial of readmission of a student. On denial of a student's readmission, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will set a date when another application for readmission may again be made. An administrative hold will be placed on the student's record to prevent registration during the Disciplinary Suspension.

NOTE: For information pertaining to academic courses taken at another higher education institution during time-limited disciplinary suspension, please refer to OP 34.21 located at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/opmanual/OP34.21.pdf>

d. Disciplinary Expulsion

Disciplinary Expulsion occurs when the student is permanently withdrawn and separated from the university. This status of Disciplinary Expulsion will be shown permanently on the student's academic record, including the transcript. Disciplinary Expulsion is noted on the student's transcript by the phrase, "Expulsion" and the date in which the student's expulsion became effective. In most instances, the notation of Disciplinary Expulsion will remain on the transcript permanently. A student has the ability to petition to remove a Disciplinary Expulsion notation in the following instances: 1) the student is eligible to reenroll in the institution or 2) the Title IX Coordinator or designee determines that good cause exists to remove the notation. An administrative hold will be placed on the student's record to prevent future registration.

e. Conditions

A condition is an educational or personal element that is assigned by an Administrative Hearing Officer or Hearing Panel. Costs associated with conditions may be the responsibility of the student. Some examples of conditions include, but are not limited to:

- Personal and/or academic counseling intake session;
- Discretionary educational conditions and/or programs of educational service to the University and/or community;
- Residence hall relocation and/or contract review/cancellation of residence hall contract and/or use of dining facilities;
- Restitution or compensation for loss, damage or injury, which may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement;
- Monetary assessment owed to the university;
- Completion of an alcohol or drug education program;

- Completion of a sexual misconduct education program;
- Referral to Raider Restart;
- Referral to the BASICS Program for assessment.

f. Restrictions

A restriction is an additional component of a disciplinary sanction. A restriction is usually an educational component that is to occur in conjunction with the sanctions and will usually be time specific. Some examples of restrictions include, but are not limited to:

- Revocation of parking privileges;
- Denial of eligibility for holding office in registered student organizations;
- Denial of participation in extracurricular activities;
- Prohibited access to University facilities and/or prohibited direct or indirect contact with members of the University Community;
- Loss of privileges on a temporary or permanent basis.

NOTE: Any student at any time may request a review of the Sanctions in place in writing to the Title IX Coordinator or designee.

Appeal Procedures

In Sexual Misconduct cases, either the Complainant or Respondent may appeal the finding or the Sanction(s) imposed in an Administrative Hearing or Panel Hearing by submitting a written petition to the Title IX Coordinator or designee within three (3) University working days of the delivery of the written decision. If a student selects a Sanction Only Hearing, the student may appeal the sanction and can only appeal on the following grounds, “the sanction(s) imposed substantially varies from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions.” An appeal may not be filed on behalf of the student by a third party.

The petition must clearly set forth the grounds for the appeal, together with the evidence upon which the appeal is based. A disagreement with the decision alone shall not constitute grounds for appeal. The only proper grounds for appeal, and the only issues that may be considered on appeal are as follows:

- A procedural irregularity occurred that significantly impacted the outcome of the Hearing (e.g. material deviation from established procedures.);
- The discovery of new evidence, not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made that could affect the outcome of the matter. A summary of this new evidence and its potential impact must be included;
- The Title IX Coordinator, Investigator(s), or decision maker(s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally or the individual Complainant or Respondent that affected the outcome of the matter; or

- The sanctions imposed substantially varies from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions.

NOTE: Lack of participation at any part of the Investigation or Grievance Process does not constitute new evidence.

Upon the filing of written appeal, the University will give written notice of the appeal to the other party. That party will have three (3) University working days to respond to the appeal.

The Title IX Coordinator will select an Appeal Officer in each case. The designated Appeal Officer will be a trained University staff or faculty member who did not serve as the decision-maker(s) that reached the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal, the Investigator, or the Title IX Coordinator.

The Appeal Officer may submit the written appeal and response to the original Hearing Body, and that Body may submit its response in support of the appeal or original decision to the Title IX Coordinator or designee within three (3) University working days. The Appeal Officer will first review the appeal to determine if the appeal is timely and properly sets forth the appropriate grounds for appeal, with adequate accompanying evidence. If any of these requirements are not met, the appeal will be dismissed, and the decision will be final.

If the Appeal Officer determines that the Sanctions imposed substantially vary from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions, the appeal identifies a procedural/substantive error or new evidence that was unavailable at the original Hearing, the Appeal Officer will then determine whether the error or new evidence would have substantially impacted the decision of the Administrative Hearing Officer or Hearing Panel. If the Appeal Officer determines that the error or new evidence would have substantially impacted the decision, they may:

- Modify the finding and/or increase, decrease, or otherwise modify the sanctions;
- Remand the case to the original Hearing Body; or
- Remand the case to a new Hearing Body.

The Office for Student Civil Rights & Sexual Misconduct shall make all reasonable efforts to simultaneously notify the parties(s) of the status of the Appeal throughout the appellate process and shall make all reasonable efforts to notify the student(s) the result of their appeal using the written notification procedures within five (5) University working days from receipt of all responses. If necessary, the Appeal Officer will notify the student should they need additional time to determine the outcome of the appeal. The decision of the designated appeal officer is final and cannot be appealed.

If the Appeal Officer remands the decision to a new Hearing Body, the decision of that Hearing Body is final and may not be appealed.

Former Student Conduct & Readmission

A former student who engages in Sexual Misconduct that is a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct* may be subject to conduct procedures prior to reenrollment, a bar against readmission, revocation of a degree, and withdrawal of a diploma.

A student who has had an administrative hold placed on their records under this section must request readmission from the Title IX Coordinator or designee at least three (3) weeks prior to any Texas Tech University Office of Admissions application deadlines for the semester or summer session in which the student wishes to re-enroll. The student may be required by the Title IX Coordinator or designee to submit evidence in writing supportive of his/her present ability to return to the University. The University will evaluate the student's request and supporting documentation with primary consideration given to satisfying all conditions specified at the time of suspension or withdrawal. If approval is granted by the Title IX Coordinator or designee for the removal of the administrative hold, the student must then complete the regular University readmission procedures.

8. Retaliation and False Information

Retaliation against an individual who reports a potential violation in good faith under this policy, assists someone with a report of a violation, or participates or refuses to participate in any manner in an investigation or in the resolution of a complaint made under this policy is strictly prohibited and will not be tolerated. Retaliation includes, but is not limited to threats, intimidation, coercion, discrimination, reprisals, or adverse actions related to an individual's employment or education. The University will take appropriate steps to ensure that an individual who, in good faith, reports, complains about, or participates or refuses to participate in an investigation pursuant to this policy will not be subjected to retaliation. Individuals who believe they are experiencing retaliation are strongly encouraged to report the incident to SCRSM using the same procedure outlined in this section.

Individuals who are found to have retaliated under this policy will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment, expulsion from the University, or being barred from University premises and events.

An individual found to have knowingly and in bad faith provided false or malicious information may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal or separation from the University. A determination that a Respondent is not responsible for allegations of Sexual Misconduct does not imply information provided was false. Similarly, a determination that a Respondent is responsible for a policy violation does not imply that a Respondent's statements disclaiming responsibility were false.

9. Confidentiality

Texas Tech is committed to ensuring confidentiality during all stages of the Grievance Process. The confidentiality of the Complainant, the Respondent, the Reporting Party, any individuals who have sought guidance about this policy or have participated in an investigation or incident will be honored by the University to the extent possible without compromising the University's commitment and obligation to investigate allegations of misconduct, to protect the University Community, and to the extent allowed by law. Unless waived in writing by the individual, the identity of aforementioned individuals:

- i. Is confidential and not subject to disclosure under Chapter 552, Government Code; and
- ii. May be disclosed only to:
 1. University Employees or individuals under contract with the University to which the report is made who are necessary for an investigation of the report or other related hearings;
 2. a law enforcement officer as necessary to conduct a criminal investigation of the report;
 3. a health care provider in an emergency, as determined necessary by the University;
 4. the Responding Party, to the extent required by other law or regulation; and
 5. potential witnesses to the incident as necessary to conduct an investigation of the report and to the extent required by other law or regulation.

In some exceptional circumstances, where the incident in question presents a continuing threat to the University Community, the University may be required to investigate irrespective of the Complainant's desire to pursue allegations of Sexual Misconduct, and may be required to issue a "timely warning" to the campus community as required by the Clery Act. Timely warnings do not include personally identifiable information of involved parties.

However, because the University also has an obligation to maintain an environment free of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Misconduct, all University employees have mandatory reporting and response obligations and may not be able to honor a Complaining Party's request for confidentiality. The Title IX Coordinator or designee will evaluate requests for confidentiality. The willful and unnecessary disclosure of confidential information by anyone, including the Complainant or Respondent, may affect the integrity of the investigation.

Students may make confidential reports to the University Student Counseling Center, Family Therapy Clinic, Psychology Clinic or Student Health Services. Complainants may also make confidential reports to Voice of Hope or to other licensed clinical and/or mental health professionals acting in their professional role of providing those services, including medical providers employed by the University. Information may be shared by the clinical and/or medical provider only with the Complainant's or Respondent's consent.

Absent consent from the Complainant, disclosures to a healthcare provider, mental health

care provider, or other medical provider acting in the course and scope of their employment with the University shall only state the type of incident reported and may not include any information that would violate an expectation of privacy. These Employees are encouraged to provide Complainants with information and guidance regarding University reporting options and available resources. This Subsection does not affect the Employee's duty to report an incident under any other law or regulation under which they maintain their licensure.

Responsible Employees and Confidential Resources

All employees, including student employees, who in the course and scope of employment, witness or receive information regarding the occurrence of an incident that the employee reasonably believes constitutes Sexual Misconduct and is alleged to have been committed by or against a person who was a student enrolled at or an employee of the institution at the time of the incident shall promptly report the incident to the institution's Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinators. An Employee is required to report an incident regardless of where or when the incident occurred. Failure to report Sexual Harassment, Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, or Stalking is a violation of state law that shall result in termination of employment and may result in criminal penalties.

The report must include all information concerning the incident known to the Reporting Party, including the involved parties' names, regardless of whether the Complainant has expressed a desire for confidentiality; however, the Reporting Party may also state whether the Complainant has expressed a desire for confidentiality.

Disclosures to a healthcare provider, mental health care provider, or other medical provider acting in the course and scope of their employment with the University are not subject to the foregoing mandatory reporting requirements and are considered Confidential Resources.

These employees are encouraged to provide students or employees with information and guidance regarding University reporting options and available resources but absent consent from the Complainant, disclosures to a healthcare provider, mental health care provider, or other medical provider acting in the course and scope of their employment with the University shall only state the type of incident reported and may not include any information that would violate an expectation of privacy.

The following Confidential Resources are available to Texas Tech Students:

CONTACT	PHONE	Website
Student Counseling Center	806-742-3674	http://www.depts.ttu.edu/scc//
Employee Assistance Program	806-743-1327	https://www.ttuhscc.edu/centers-institutes/counseling/default.aspx
Student Health Services	806-743-2848	https://www.depts.ttu.edu/studenthealth/
Crisis HelpLine	806-742-5555	https://www.depts.ttu.edu/scc/For_Students/crisis.php
Voice of Hope-Rape Crisis Center	806-763-7273	https://www.voiceofhopelubbock.org/

10. Interference with an Investigation

Any person who knowingly and intentionally interferes with a Grievance Process conducted under this policy is subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal or separation from the University. Interference with a Grievance Process may include, but is not limited to:

- Attempting to coerce, compel, influence, or prevent an individual from providing testimony or relevant information;
- Divulging confidential information;
- Removing, destroying, or altering documentation relevant to the investigation;
- Providing false or misleading information to the investigator, or encouraging others to do so; or
- Making a report under this policy that, after investigation is found not to have been made in good faith.

11. Training and Education

Texas Tech’s commitment to preventing and raising awareness of the harm resulting from the conduct prohibited in this policy includes providing primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and new Employees, ongoing education to both Employees and students, and emailing information regarding this policy to students at the beginning of each academic semester. This policy is published on the University’s website and information regarding this policy and related policies is included in orientation materials for new students, faculty, and staff. All incoming first year and transfer students must attend an Orientation session, and must additionally

complete an online education module. Failure to complete this required training may result in a hold being placed on the student's account. All employees must attend Equal Opportunity non-discrimination and sex/gender discrimination training including sexual assault, sexual harassment, and campus crime mandated reporter training within the first 30 days of employment and receive supplemental training every two years. Other appropriate compliance training sessions will also be conducted on an ongoing basis. Training sessions will include information on how and where to report incidents of prohibited conduct, resources available, as well as risk reduction and safe and positive options for bystander intervention. In addition, University Employees and administrators responsible for implementing this policy, including the Title IX Coordinator, Title IX Deputy Coordinators, Investigators, Hearing Officers, and Appeal Officers receive annual training about offenses, investigatory procedures, due process requirements, impartiality, conflicts of interest, informal resolution process, and University policies related to or described in this policy.

Title IX Coordinators, Investigators, Hearing Officers, and Appeal Officers shall receive adequate and unbiased training on the application of the Sexual Misconduct policy, and the Grievance Process, including, where appropriate, how to conduct Hearings, the use of technology, and how to make relevancy decisions. All materials used to train these staff members are publicly available on the [Title IX & Sexual Misconduct website](#).

SECTION E. CONDUCT PROCEDURES FOR STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

Upon notice of an alleged violation of the *Code of Student Conduct* by a student organization, the Managing Director or designee will appoint an Investigator to review allegations of misconduct. The Investigator will inquire, gather and review information about the reported student organization misconduct, and will evaluate the accuracy, credibility, and sufficiency of the information.

Incidents will be forwarded for Investigation when there is reasonable cause to believe a policy has been violated. If it is determined that the information reported does not warrant an allegation, a Policy Clarification Letter may be issued to involved parties to clarify the policy in question.

When an initial report of misconduct by a third party does not identify the involved parties or the involved parties are not available, the Investigator will investigate the reported incident to fullest extent of the information available.

When a Complainant is identified but is reluctant to participate in the investigative process and/or the student organization conduct process entirely, the University will make every attempt to follow the wishes of the Complainant while weighing the interests of the campus community and the possibility of a continuing threat. If the Complainant does not want to participate in the investigative process but has no aversion to the University pursuing conduct action with respect to the named Respondent, the University will proceed with the student conduct process to the extent of the information available. If the Complainant does not want the University to pursue the report in

any respect, the University will investigate further only if there is reason to believe that a significant continuing threat to the campus community exists.

1. Remedies & Resources

The University may take immediate interim actions to eliminate hostile environments, prevent recurrence, and address any effects on the Complainant and community prior to the initiation of formal Investigation and/or formal conduct processes. These interim immediate steps will be taken to minimize the burden on the Complainant while respecting due process rights of the Respondent. Remedies for students may include, but are not limited to counseling services, and modifications to on-campus housing, modifications to parking permissions, and modifications to academic schedule. Remedies will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

a. Resources

Texas Tech University has a variety of resources to assist students involved in conduct processes or experiencing concerns related to student and/or student organization conduct. Resources include, but are not limited to assistance in reporting criminal behavior to the Texas Tech Police Department or Lubbock Police Department, counseling services, medical assistance, academic support referrals, and other support services. The Office of the Dean of Students is also available to help students understand the student conduct process and identify resources.

b. Interim Actions for Student Organizations

Under the *Code of Student Conduct*, the Managing Director or designee may impose restrictions and/or impose an Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities on a student organization pending the completion of the conduct process for alleged violation(s) of the *Code of Student Conduct* when a student organization represents a threat of serious harm to others that is deemed a continuous threat, is facing allegations of serious criminal activity, to preserve the integrity of an Investigation, to preserve University property and/or to prevent disruption of, or interference with, the normal operations of the University. Interim actions can include Interim Suspension of Organization Activities or restrictions pending the completion of the conduct process for alleged violation(s) of the *Code of Student Conduct*. A student organization that receives an interim action(s) or Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities may request a meeting with the Managing Director to demonstrate why an interim action(s) or Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities is not merited. Regardless of the outcome of this meeting, the University may still proceed with conducting an Investigation and the scheduling of a campus Hearing. Through an interim action or during an interim suspension, a student may be denied access to University facilities/events. As determined appropriate by the Managing Director, or designee this restriction may include University activities or privileges for which the student organization might otherwise be eligible. Student organizations are informed of interim actions or of an interim suspension by the official notice procedures outlined in Part I, section A.3 of the *Code of Student Conduct*. Interim action(s) or an Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities are not sanctions. Interim actions are taken in an effort to protect the safety and well-being of the Complainant, Respondent, and/or other members of the University Community. Interim action(s) is/are preliminary in nature; and are in effect only until the conduct process has been completed. However, violations of interim action may result in additional allegations

of the *Code of Student Conduct*.

c. No Contact Order

When initial inquiry indicates persistent and potentially escalating conflict between members of the University community, a No Contact Order may be issued as a remedial, non-punitive deterrent to further conflict or situational complication. A No Contact Order will be issued by the Office of Student Conduct or designee via the student's official Texas Tech email. The notice serves as an official directive that the student(s) have no contact with the other listed parties. Contact cannot occur in person, by telephone, email, text message or other electronic means of communication, or through a third party (other than an attorney). Should contact need to occur, the student should coordinate with the Office of Student Conduct. This notice may also come with other information related to changes in class schedule or other restrictions to facilitate the no contact order. Failure to comply with the no contact order is considered retaliation and will result in disciplinary action, including possible suspension or expulsion. Violations of no contact orders may also result in an Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities during the completion of the conduct process. The term of a No Contact Order is one year from the date of issuance, or the graduation of one or both parties, whichever comes first.

d. Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities

Under the *Code of Student Conduct*, the Managing Director or designee may, when the student organization represents a threat or serious harm to others that is deemed a continuous threat, or is facing allegations of criminal activity, impose restrictions, including, but not limited to temporarily suspending the activities of a student organization pending the outcome of the University's and/or Headquarters, sponsoring department or organization (where applicable) conduct process. The purpose of an interim suspension of activities is to protect students, preserve the integrity of an Investigation, to preserve University property and/or to prevent disruption of, or interference with, the normal operation of the University.

Examples of conduct or incidents that may result in an Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities, include but are not limited to, hazing, organization events and activities resulting in allegations of sexual misconduct, criminal felony charges, severe disruption, retaliatory harassment; alcohol/drug policy violations occurring during recruitment or social events; and cease and desist directives from inter/national or regional organizations. A student organization who receives an Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities may request a meeting with the Managing Director or designee to discuss the rationale for the action. During an Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities, the student organization is limited to minimal functions in order to conduct the Investigation only. Failure or refusal to follow the Interim Suspension of Student Organization Activities may result in additional charges of misconduct. Student organizations will be informed of interim actions pursuant to the official notice procedures outlined in Part I, section A.3. of the *Code of Student Conduct*. An interim action is not considered a sanction.

In the event an Immediate Suspension of Student Organization Activities is issued, a student organization may request a review of the Immediate Suspension of Student Organization Activities by the Managing Director or designee.

2. Referral Meeting

A University official may request a meeting with a student organization spokesperson (in most cases, the President of the Organization) in order to discuss a referral made to the Office of Student Conduct or other administrative department when the referral may not be deemed a violation of the *Code of Student Conduct*, but when the Investigator or designee determines the referral warrants a discussion. The purpose of the discussion is to clarify concerns of the involved parties, to offer assistance to all involved parties, and to explain to the student organization that repeated referrals may warrant an Investigation which may warrant adjudication.

3. Voluntary Resolution

In any matter governed by the *Code of Student Conduct*, the parties (usually the Complainant and Respondent) may mutually agree to attempt to resolve the matter prior to conclusion of the conduct process through a Voluntary Resolution process. The procedures utilized in the Voluntary Resolution process must be agreed upon by the parties with concurrence from the Managing Director. The parties must mutually agree in writing to all aspects of any resolution reached through the Voluntary Resolution process, including any restrictions, sanctions, or conditions as may be agreed upon by the parties with concurrence from the Managing Director, and any such resolution will be binding and final with no opportunity to appeal. Either party may withdraw from the Voluntary Resolution process at any time prior to final resolution, at which time the matter will proceed through the student conduct process as set forth in the *Code of Student Conduct*. Voluntary Resolution agreements will be maintained in accordance with University policies.

4. The Conduct Process for Student Organizations

a. Notice of Investigation/Notice of Involvement

A student organization will be given notice of the organization's involvement in a referral or report received by the University related to the *Code of Student Conduct* by receipt of a "Notice of Investigation/Notice of Involvement" letter which will include an invitation for the student organization spokesperson to meet with an Investigator. In a case of a student organization's dangerous misconduct, serious injury, and/or death, The Managing Director or designee may issue an interim suspension of all organizational activities. In the event that a student organization fails to respond to written notification, interim actions and/or restrictions may be implemented by the Managing Director or designee. Failure to comply with or respond to a notice issued as part of conduct procedure and/or failure to appear will not prevent an Investigator from proceeding with the conduct process. Likewise, failure of a student organization to respond to notification to appear may result in additional alleged violations and result in a charge of Failure to Comply.

The Investigator may notify a student organization's advisor, Headquarters, sponsoring department or organization (that a referral was received by the University).

The Managing Director or designee may proceed with the conduct process (even if the complainant chooses not to participate) on a case by case basis if the alleged behavior involves pattern, predation, threat, or violence that may significantly impact the campus community and others.

b. Rights & Responsibilities

Prior to the formal Investigation process, the student organization spokesperson will be provided a Student Organization Rights & Responsibilities document to review and sign prior to an interview with the Investigator. Additionally, each individual student involved in any capacity with a student organization Investigation will be provided the Student Rights and Responsibilities document detailed in Part I, Section

C.3.b. The Rights & Responsibilities document informs the student organization of rights to be exercised before and during the conduct process. Information gathered during the course of the Investigation and student conduct process may be shared with faculty, staff, students, and/or advisors who are directly involved in the incident or necessary to the student conduct process. Information gathered may also be disclosed in compliance with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena.

A student organization has the right to:

1. A prompt, fair, and equitable process;
2. Be accompanied by one advisor at any conduct or related proceeding. An “advisor” can be any one of the following: a member of the Texas Tech community (faculty, staff, or student), a parent or legal guardian, a relative, or in situations involving criminal legal proceedings, an attorney. An advisor’s role is that of support – he or she may not speak on behalf of the organization and does not have an active, participatory role in the conduct process. If an advisor for the organization is an attorney, an attorney from TTU Office of General Counsel may attend on behalf of the University. Student organizations should select an advisor whose schedule allows attendance at the meeting, as delays will not be allowed due to the scheduling conflicts of an advisor, except at the discretion of the Investigator and with advanced notice. Student organizations are reminded that the organization’s advisor of choice is only permitted to accompany a student in a conduct or related proceeding if they are chosen by that student as that student’s advisor of choice.

The Managing Director or designee has the discretion to remove an advisor at any point during the conduct process. A witness, anyone who may have a conflict of interest or anyone who may have any participatory role in the process may not be allowed to serve as an Advisor. Students who have been suspended may not serve as an advisor during their suspension and students who have been expelled may not serve as an advisor.

3. Refrain from making any statement relevant to the Investigation. Student organizations are expected to cooperate with the University conduct process, but may elect not to participate in the Investigation process, either in part or entirely. However, a student organization’s refusal to participate in the Investigation, in whole or in part, lasts for the duration of the conduct process. In other words, if a student organization chooses not to provide information during the Investigation, they will not be allowed to present new information during the Hearing; similarly, if a student organization provides only limited information during the Investigation (i.e., answering some of the Investigator’s questions but not others), then during the Hearing, the student organization will only be permitted to speak to the information provided, with no additional commentary, The rationale for this

policy is to prevent parties from presenting new evidence at the Hearing that was available during the investigative process for the purpose of disadvantaging the other party.

NOTE: See Pre-Hearing Process, below, for details of inclusion on new, previously unavailable information after conclusion of the investigative process.

4. Provide information and evidence in support of the case;
5. Know if they have been issued any allegations of misconduct;
6. Know the range of sanctions that may be imposed for a conduct violation, if one is alleged and found to have occurred;
7. Know the Texas Tech University conduct policies and procedures, and where to find them;
8. Know that any information provided by the student organization may be used in a conduct proceeding;
9. Know that if the student organization spokesperson, or members of the organization, makes any false or misleading statements on behalf of the organization during the student conduct process, the student organization could be subject to further disciplinary action.

It is the Student Organization's Responsibility to:

1. Appoint one organizational spokesperson. In most cases, the organization's spokesperson is the President of the organization. However, organizations may appoint an alternate spokesperson to formally represent the organization. A student organization spokesperson must be a currently Texas Tech University student who is a member of the responding organization. The spokesperson may not be an alumni advisor, chapter advisor, faculty/staff advisor, national or international Headquarters volunteer or staff member, or coach. Student organizations may only appoint one spokesperson for each case and must inform the University in the event that the appointed spokesperson is not the President of the organization. The student organization spokesperson is responsible for making all official responses on behalf of the organization during any student organization conduct proceeding. In the event that the student organization spokesperson is not able to speak on behalf of the local advisory board to the student organization, a representative from the local advisory board may speak on behalf of the local advisory board. Be responsive to all communications from the University;
2. Provide information relevant to the incident or situation;
3. Be honest and provide true and accurate information during the Investigation;
4. Review the *Code of Student Conduct* in order to fully understand all aspects of the student conduct process.

c. Investigation

The Managing Director or designee will appoint an Investigator to conduct a thorough, reliable, and impartial Investigation of the reported concern. Reported allegations of misconduct under the *Code of Student Conduct* have varying degrees of complexity and severity.

Therefore, the Investigation procedures described below may vary.

1. Partnership Process

At all times, the Managing Director or designee retains the discretion to investigate a

referrals of student organization misconduct. However, in the initial meeting with the Investigator, a student organization may indicate their preference to conduct an internal Investigation as a part of a Partnership Process with the Office of Student Conduct and/or Center for Campus Life.

Student organizations participating in a Partnership Process must commit to the deadlines and formatting requirements provided by the Managing Director or designee. Upon the conclusion of the internal Investigation, the student organization spokesperson shall present a written report of its internal Investigation findings to the Managing Director or designee. If the Managing Director or designee determines that no further action is necessary, he/she may conclude the investigative process, and consider the matter closed.

Upon completion of the internal Investigation, the Managing Director or designee has the discretion to approve and/or adopt the internal investigative report, in whole or in part, as the Final Investigation Report. An internal Investigation may be rejected, in whole, or in part for reasons including, but not limited to, the following:

- The student organization obstructed the process, or provided false, incomplete, or inaccurate information;
- The student organization did not conduct its Investigation or provide a report in a timely manner;
- The student organization violated Interim Actions imposed by the Managing Director or designee; or
- The Office of Student Conduct receives additional referrals of misconduct against the student organization during the pendency of the internal Investigation.

If the internal Investigation Report is accepted by the Managing Director or designee, the assigned Investigator may proceed to assign allegations of the *Code of Student Conduct* to the student organization. If information contained in the internal Investigation Report indicates that there is insufficient evidence to support organizational allegations, but that individual organization members may be responsible, the Investigator may proceed with the conduct process for individual students. In order to proceed with the conduct process for individual students, the names of individuals involved must be provided in the internal Investigation Report.

In the event the internal Investigation Report is rejected, in whole or in part, the Managing Director or designee may proceed with a University Investigation (Part I, Section D.3.c.2).

Note: Student organizations conducting any internal Investigation may be subject to Interim Actions that may be imposed upon the student organization by the Managing Director or designee.

2. University Investigation Process

Should a student organization not complete the Partnership Process, the Managing

Director or designee may proceed with the University Investigation Process.

Investigations of student organization conduct may include the requirement for student organization members to attend an Investigation meeting as a group or as individuals. Students may be asked to complete written questionnaires related to the Investigation. Regardless of the nature of the Investigation, students and student organizations should be aware of their rights and Responsibilities in the conduct process and recognize that any information shared during the course of the student conduct Investigation may be used in formal conduct processes against the student organization or the individual student. Students can always decline to participate in a collaborative Investigation meeting and meet only with the Investigator instead of meeting together with other Investigators. The identities of individuals who issue statements in organizational conduct Investigations, may be withheld from Investigation Reports at the discretion of the Managing Director or designee.

During the investigative process, the student organization spokesperson is responsible for providing all information or evidence that they believe should be considered.

Once the investigative process is complete, the Investigator will compile the relevant information and evidence into an Investigation Report, which will include the allegations of the *Code of Student Conduct* and may include a timeline of the event(s), statements from the interviews, physical and electronic evidence, a breakdown of the discrepancies in the various interviews, and credibility considerations. The Investigator will document any physical or electronic evidence in a manner that is conducive and does not obstruct concurrent or forthcoming police Investigations. The student organization spokesperson will have access to review the completed Investigation Report and/or investigative materials relevant to the Investigation after the Investigative Process has concluded. In order to protect confidentiality, the student organization spokesperson may be given an electronic password protected copy of the investigation report which may be redacted. Allegations of potential violations of the *Code of Student Conduct*, if appropriate, are assigned at the conclusion of the Investigation at which point the Investigator explains the options for resolution to the involved parties. Should a student organization not participate in the Investigative Process, the conduct process may continue without their participation. The Investigator may assign allegation(s) to the Respondent based on the information that the Investigator collected without the student organization's participation, if appropriate.

The university will attempt to facilitate questioning of involved parties throughout the investigation and conduct process.

An In Absentia decision may be rendered by the appointed hearing body after proper

notice has been given to the student organization representative, and the student organization representative has failed to respond within the allotted time frame to meet with an investigator.

d. Informal Conference (Partnership Process)

If after the Investigation, the responding student organization accepts responsibility for the allegation(s) of *The Code of Student Conduct* outlined in the Final Investigation Report, the student organization may be eligible to resolve the issue informally. Student organizations participating in the Informal Conference process must commit to the deadlines and formatting requirements of requested documentation and as provided by the “Managing Director” or designee. The student organization spokesperson is responsible for preparing the Informal Conference, which will include proposed sanction(s), corrective actions, and educational enhancement plans for the student organization. The student organization spokesperson is encouraged to consult appropriate University staff in the Center for Campus Life, the Office of Student Conduct, the appointed Investigator, the Office of Student Conduct sanction grid, the student organization’s officers, advisor, Headquarters, sponsoring department or organization, and/or governing council representative to develop an Informal Conference that is appropriate, effective, and is proportionate to the severity of the incident and the cumulative conduct history of the student organization.

Upon timely receipt of the Informal Conference, the Managing Director or designee may adopt, reject, or supplement, in whole or in part, the sanction(s) proposed in the Informal Conference presented by the student organization. In the event the proposed Informal Conference is rejected, in whole or in part, the student organization’s alleged violations of the *Code of Student Conduct* may be resolved pursuant to the Pre-Hearing process outlined in Part I, Section D.3.e and the Formal Hearing process as outlined in Part I, Section D.4.

There is no appeal of signed Informal Conferences. Once completed, the Informal Conference completes the conduct process for student organizations. The case will only be reopened if new materials, previously unavailable are presented.

Written notification of the outcomes and sanctions, if applicable, of the Informal Conference will be provided to the student organization and appropriate University Administrators within five (5) University working days of the effectuation of the Informal Conference.

Findings and sanctions agreed upon through the Informal Conference Partnership Sanctioning Process, are final and cannot be appealed.

e. Pre-Hearing Process

In cases involving an Administrative or Panel Hearing, the Pre-Hearing Process will be followed. Once the investigative process is complete, the student organization will be given notice of a Pre-Hearing Meeting. Should student organizations not participate in the Pre-Hearing, the conduct process may continue without their participation, including the assignment of allegations and the completion of an Administrative or Panel Hearing. During

this meeting, student organizations will be given the opportunity to review the Investigation Report, relevant evidence, and other documents to be used in the Administrative or Panel Hearing. Other documents include notification of Respondent's allegations, Hearing Panel composition, and Hearing script. Following the Pre- Hearing, student organizations will be notified, via the notification procedures, outlined in Part I, Section A.3 of a date, time, and location of the Hearing.

While students may identify errors in their own statements during the Pre- Hearing, they are not able to add additional information to the Investigation Report unless that information, in the judgment of the Investigator, was unavailable during the investigative process and is pertinent to the consideration of the case. If a student discovers new, previously unavailable information during the time after the Pre-Hearing but before the Administrative or Panel Hearing, the student should inform the Investigator immediately. If the new information is pertinent to the consideration of the case, the Investigator will determine whether the new information should be included in the Investigation Report or presented verbally during the Administrative or Panel Hearing. If there is new evidence introduced, other involved parties would also be given the opportunity to provide a response to any new evidence that will be presented in the Administrative or Panel Hearing.

The conduct process is designed to be non-adversarial. Student organization representatives will be permitted to question the statements and evidence presented by the other involved parties, but may not do so directly. After reviewing the Investigation Report, during the Pre-Hearing, Complainants and Respondents will have the opportunity to question the statements and evidence presented by the other involved parties, via the Investigator, who will pose the questions and supplement the Investigation Report.

Questions that are deemed objectionable, inappropriate, and/or irrelevant by the Investigator may be rejected.

The university will attempt to facilitate questioning of involved parties throughout the investigation and conduct process.

Student organizations may indicate whether an Administrative Hearing or Panel Hearing is preferred. However, the Investigator has the sole discretion in all cases to designate whether an Administrative Hearing or Panel Hearing will be held notwithstanding the student's preference.

In cases requiring a Hearing Panel, the Investigator will share the pool of faculty, staff, and students trained for Hearing Panels. Student organization representatives will be given the opportunity to request to strike any member of the Hearing Panel whose impartiality may be in question. In order to strike a member of the Hearing Panel, the student organization representative must provide the Investigator with a reasonable and substantiated rationale for the request. Once the composition of the Hearing Panel is set, the Investigator will schedule the Panel Hearing.

At the discretion of the Managing Director or designee, a review of the conduct case may occur at any point during the investigation or conduct process for clarification of procedural processes and may remand back to investigation if deemed necessary.

5. Hearings

Upon completion of the initial inquiry/Investigation, after the allegation(s) have been assigned, and proper notice has been given to the student organization, the University may proceed to conduct either an Administrative or a Panel Hearing and issue a finding and accompanying sanctions, if applicable. The Administrative Hearing or Panel Hearing may be held and a decision made, regardless of whether the student organization responds, fails to respond, attends the Hearing, or fails to attend the Hearing. Should the student organization fail to attend the Administrative or Panel Hearing, the Investigator or the Hearing Panel may consider the information contained in the Investigation Report and render a decision. Student organization conduct processes are typically adjudicated by a Hearing Panel.

Hearings are closed to the public. Complainants and Respondents have the right to be present at the formal Hearing; however, they do not have the right to be present during deliberations. Arrangements will be made so that complaining and responding students are not present in the Hearing room at the same time.

Student organizations are represented by the student organization spokesperson. In situations where the organization no longer has a current student representing the organization, the conduct process will continue with the information available at the time. Organizations with inter/national, regional, or local advisory staff or volunteers with a long-term interest in the organization's recognition at the University may be allowed to participate in the resolution of conduct processes when a current student is no longer able to represent the organization.

a. Administrative Hearing

An Administrative Hearing is the process of adjudicating allegations of violations of the *Code of Student Conduct* by an Administrative Hearing Officer. The Administrative Hearing Officer in an Administrative Hearing may be the Investigator that completed the Investigation Report, or Administrative Hearing Officer assigned by the Managing Director or designee. The Administrative Hearing Officer makes the decision of responsibility and assigns a sanctions, as appropriate. Written notification of the outcomes of the Administrative Hearing will be provided to the student within five (5) University working days of the conclusion of the Administrative Hearing. Decisions made through the Administrative Hearing may be appealed by students by utilizing the Disciplinary

Appeal Procedures outlined in Part I, Section D.14.

b. Panel Hearing

For each Panel Hearing, a Panel of three (3) members will be chosen from the available pool by the Managing Director or designee. The Panel will usually be comprised of one

student, one faculty member, and one staff member or Administrative Hearing Officer. Availability may determine a different composition for the Panel. In cases involving Part I, section B.1 (Academic Misconduct), the Panel will be comprised only of students and faculty. In cases involving Part I, section B.2 (Actions against Members of the University Community and Others), or other sensitive issues, the Managing Director or designee will appoint three Administrative Hearing Officers for the Panel.

Administrative Hearing Officers who served as Investigators for the case being heard by a Hearing Panel may not serve as either a member of the Panel as a voting participant or as the non-voting Resource Person, and will participate only as the Investigator in the Panel Hearing.

All Hearing proceedings, excluding the deliberations of the Hearing Panel, will be recorded by the University.

The Director of the Office of Student Conduct, or designee, appoints a Resource Person in each Panel Hearing who facilitates the Hearing. The Resource Person is a non-voting participant in the Hearing and is selected from the pool of Administrative Hearing Officers. The Resource Person assures that University/College procedures are followed throughout the Hearing. The Panel Resource Person may:

- Prepare the Administrative Panel Hearing materials;
- Record the Administrative Panel Hearing proceedings;
- Escort participants into the Hearing room, grant breaks for participants, and distribute evidentiary materials;
- Ensure proper decorum throughout the Administrative Panel Hearing;
- Ensure the procedural soundness of the Administrative Panel Hearing;
- Provide student conduct history of the Respondent, during the sanctioning phase, if necessary;
- Transcribe the findings of the Administrative Panel Hearing;
- Compile the post-Hearing documentation,
- Deliver notification to student parties.

The Investigator presents the Investigation Report, evidence, witnesses, allegation(s), and questions for deliberation. The Complainant and Respondent have the right to make an opening statement about key points of the case. During the opening statement phase of the conduct process, the Complainant and the Respondent do not have the right to make character statements about themselves or others and do not have the right to make impact statements. Likewise, the Complainant and Respondent have the right to add or make additional comments about the facts of the case. The Panel may ask questions of the Investigator, Complainant, Respondent, and any witnesses. The Complainant and Respondent may not question each other or witnesses directly, but may pose questions through the Investigator. Should new evidence be presented without prior discussion

with the Investigator, the Hearing may be halted to consider the inclusion of this information. Impact statements will also be halted if they are shared prior to the sanctioning phase of the Hearing. In the event the Resource Person of the Hearing removes a student due to misconduct (Complainant, Respondent, or witnesses), the alleged misconduct will be forwarded to the Office of Student Conduct for additional processing, as appropriate.

Following the Hearing, the Hearing Panel will deliberate and render a decision regarding the alleged misconduct, as well as decide any sanctions, if applicable. The Investigator would provide information during sanctioning related to any previous conduct history, self-sanctioning occurring with the organization, and general information about the organization's activities and participation at TTU to help inform sanctioning.

Should the Hearing Panel have any questions for the Investigator, the Complainant, and/or the Respondent during deliberations, the Hearing will reconvene so that all parties have the opportunity to hear and respond to other parties' responses.

Outcomes of the Panel Hearing will be provided to the student(s) in writing within five (5) University working days of the Panel Hearing. Decisions made through the Panel Hearing may be appealed by students utilizing the Conduct Appeal Procedures outlined in Part I, section C.5.

c. Sanction Only Hearing

If the student organization accepts responsibility for the allegations issued in the Investigation Report, the student organization may request a Sanction Only Hearing, by either a Hearing officer or a Hearing Panel. During a Sanction Only Hearing, the Investigation Report and finding are presented to the Hearing body by the Investigator. During presentation of the Investigation Report and finding, the Respondent and the Complainant are not allowed to dispute the facts or details of the case. Both the Respondent and the Complainant may be present and both the Respondent and the Complainant may provide impact statements prior to sanctioning. Mitigating factors as well as a character statement may also be presented by the student organization spokesperson and may be considered by the Hearing body. Written notification of the outcome of the Sanction Only Hearing will be provided to the student organization within five (5) University working days of the conclusion of the Sanction Only Hearing. Decisions made through the Sanction Only Hearing may be appealed by student organizations by utilizing the Conduct Appeal Procedures outlined in Part II, section C.5. In Sanction Only Hearings, students may appeal the sanction(s), and can only appeal on the following grounds, "the sanction imposed substantially varies from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions." A student organization may only choose a Hearing Panel for Sanction Only Hearings for potentially separable offenses. Prior to the sanctioning phase of a hearing, the complainant and/or respondent are allowed to give an impact statement. The investigator may assist the Resource Person or

Committee Chairperson during the hearing

6. Sanctions

An Investigator, Administrative Hearing Officer, or a Hearing Panel may impose sanctions as a result of an Informal Conference, Administrative Hearing, or Panel Hearing, when a student organization is found responsible. The potential sanctions are listed in the Student Organization Sanction Grid in the Student Handbook Appendix. The grid is provided only as a guideline for administering sanctions by the Investigator, Administrative Hearing Officer or the Hearing Panel.

The cooperation of an organization during the Investigation and conduct process as well as any self-sanctioning or other required sanctioning will also be considered in the determination of sanctions.

Implementation of the sanctions will not begin until either the time for a conduct appeal has expired or until the conduct appeal process is exhausted. Upon the judgment of the Managing Director or designee, some cases resulting in sanctioning of suspension and expulsion may begin prior to the completion of the conduct appeal process.

If a student organization is found responsible for violating the Code of Student Conduct, sanctions may be imposed and can include, but is not limited to the following:

a. **Disciplinary Reprimand**

The Disciplinary Reprimand is an official written notification that the action in question was misconduct. The disciplinary status of the organization is still good standing.

b. **Disciplinary Probation**

Disciplinary Probation is a period of time during which the organization's conduct will be observed and reviewed. The organization must demonstrate the ability to comply with University policies and any other conditions / requirements stipulated for the period of probation. Further instance of misconduct during this time period may result in additional sanctions, conditions, and/or restrictions.

c. **Time-Limited Disciplinary Suspension**

Time-Limited Disciplinary Suspension is a specific period of time in which a student organization's registration with the University is suspended, including the privileges and benefits of registration. All organizational activity, whether on or off campus, official or unofficial, must immediately cease until the conclusion of the suspension. Suspended student organizations may not hold events or activities on campus, may not solicit or utilize University grounds or services to promote organizations or events or to recruit members, and may not utilize any other benefits or services provided to registered student organizations. The suspension will not commence for purposes of calculating the end date of such suspension until all activity of the organization has completely ceased, and such end date will be extended for any time in which such activities resume and/or continue during the suspension. If an inter/national or regional organization suspends the charter of an organization, the time-limited suspension for the student organization will

be the time period of the suspended charter. Notification of disciplinary suspension of a student organization will indicate the date on which it begins and the earliest date the student organization's application for registration will be considered. The Managing Director or designee may deny an application for registration if the organization's misconduct during suspension would have warranted additional disciplinary action. If the student organization has failed to satisfy any sanction that was imposed prior to application for registration, the Managing Director or designee may deny registration to the student organization. On a denial of student organization registration, the Investigator or Managing Director or designee will set a date when another application for registration may again be made.

d. Disciplinary Expulsion

Disciplinary Expulsion occurs when the student organization is permanently separated from the University with no opportunity for future registration as a student organization.

e. Conditions

A condition is an additional component of a disciplinary sanction, usually an educational element assigned to occur in conjunction with a period of probation or deferred suspension or assigned to occur prior to returning from time-limited suspension. Examples include, but are not limited to

- Hosting educational programs or initiatives for the organization or community related to the misconduct
- Requirements for additional training or advisement from TTU staff, advisory boards, or other appropriate parties
- Requirements for membership to complete online education programs or other activities
- Requirements for community service or other activities beneficial to the membership and associated with remedying the impact of behavior on the community
- Restitution or compensation for loss, damage or injury, which may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement
- Requirements for completion of membership reviews and providing updated rosters
- Requirements to submit information about updated and improved organizational processes such as new member education plans, or social event plans

f. Restrictions

A restriction is an additional component of a disciplinary sanction, usually an educational restriction on organization activities that occurs during a time period of probations or deferred suspension or upon return from time-limited suspension. Examples include, but are not limited to

- Revocation of organization benefits such as eligibility for SGA funding, eligibility to reserve rooms, eligibility to solicit or hold events on campus

- Denial of participation or restrictions associated with participation in University activities as a student organization such as homecoming, intramurals, recruitment activities

g. Required Notifications

Some organization misconduct requires additional notifications. Texas Education Code, Chapter 51.936 indicates that institutions of higher education shall distribute to each student enrolled at the institution no later than the 14th class day of each fall and spring semester a copy of, or an electronic link to a copy of, a report on hazing committed on or off campus by an organization registered with or recognized by the institution.

Each postsecondary educational institution shall develop and post in a prominent location on the institution's Internet website a report on hazing committed on or off campus by an organization registered with or recognized by the institution. The report must include:

1. Information regarding each disciplinary action taken by the institution against an organization for hazing, and each finding of responsible of hazing by an organization, during the three years preceding the date on which the report is issued or updated, including:
 - A. The name of the organization disciplined or found responsible;
 - B. The date on which the incident occurred or the citation was issued, if applicable;
 - C. The date on which the institution's investigation into the incident, if any, was initiated;
 - D. A general description of:
 - i. The incident;
 - ii. The violations of the institution's Code of Student Conduct;
 - iii. The findings of the institution;
 - iv. Any sanctions imposed by the institution on the organization;
 - E. The date on which the institution's disciplinary process was resolved;
2. The report must be updated to include information regarding each disciplinary process not later than the 30th day after the date on which the disciplinary process is resolved; and
3. The report may not include personally identifiable student information and must comply with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA).

Each postsecondary educational institution shall provide to each student who attends the institution's student orientation a notice regarding the nature and availability of the report required under Texas Education Code, Chapter 51.936 and include the Internet website address to access the report.

A student organization spokesperson may, at any time request a review of the sanctions in place in writing to the Managing Director or designee.

7. Conduct Appeal Procedures

- a. A student organization may appeal the decision of a formal Hearing or the sanction(s), condition(s), and restriction(s) imposed following a formal Hearing by submitting a written petition for appeal to the to the Managing Director or designee within three (3) University working days of receiving the written decision.
- b. The Managing Director, or designee, will select an appeal officer in each case. The designated officer will be a trained University staff or faculty member who was wholly uninvolved in the original Conduct Process and will render a neutral, impartial, and unbiased decision.
- c. Petitions for appeal must clearly identify the grounds for the appeal, together with the evidence upon which the appeal is based. A disagreement with the decision alone shall not constitute grounds for appeal.
- d. The only proper grounds for appeal are as follows
 - Procedural or substantive error that significantly impacted the outcome of the Hearing (e.g. substantiated bias, material deviation from established procedures, etc.);
 - Discovery of new evidence, unavailable during the original Hearing or review of the case, which could substantially impact the original finding or sanction. A summary of this new evidence and its potential impact must be included; and
 - The sanctions imposed substantially vary from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions.
- e. In cases involving alleged misconduct involving Part I, section B.2 (Actions against Members of the University Community and Others), either the Complainant or Respondent may appeal the decision of the Office of Student Conduct. In such cases, the Office of Student Conduct will provide the request for appeal to the other party and provide opportunity for one response. Responses must be provided within three (3) university working days.
- f. The designated appeal officer will first review the appeal to determine if the appeal is timely and properly sets forth the appropriate grounds for appeal, with adequate accompanying evidence. If any of these requirements are not met, the appeal will be dismissed, and the decision will be final. The Hearing Body and/or a representative of the Hearing Body may provide a response to the appeal upon request of the appellate officer within three (3) university working days
- g. If the designated appeal officer determines that the sanctions imposed substantially vary from the range of sanctions normally imposed for similar infractions, the appeal identifies a procedural/substantive error or new evidence that was unavailable at the original Hearing, the appeal officer will then determine whether the error or new evidence would have substantially impacted the decision of the Administrative Hearing Officer or Hearing Panel. If the designated appeal officer determines that the error or new evidence would have substantially impacted the decision, they may:

- Modify the finding and/or increase, decrease, or otherwise modify the sanctions;
 - Remand the case to the original Hearing Body;
 - Remand the case to a new Hearing Body.
- h. The Office of Student Conduct or designee shall make all reasonable efforts to notify the student organization of the status of the appeal throughout the appellate process and shall make all reasonable efforts to notify the student organization of the result of their appeal using the written notification procedures outlined in Part I, section A.3 within ten (10) University working days of receipt of all responses. If necessary, the Designated Appeal Officer will notify the student organization should they need additional time to determine the outcome of the appeal. The decision of the designated appeal officer is final and cannot be appealed.
- i. If the designated appeal officer remands the decision to a new Hearing Body, the decision of that Hearing Body is final and may not be appealed.

8. Student Organization Records

- a. All records concerning a student organization related to conduct processes will remain on file with the University for a minimum of seven (7) years from the date of the completion of the case via Informal Conference, formal Hearing, and/or conduct appeal processes.
- b. Student organization records do not impact the content of individual student records for student organization members. Findings of responsibility of misconduct for student organizations does not indicate a finding of responsibility for individual students. Individual students are subject to their own conduct processes separate from the student organization process.
- c. Student organization conduct decisions and finding are shared with the student organization's Headquarters, sponsoring department, or organizations as appropriate.

PART II
COMMUNITY POLICIES

SECTION A. ALCOHOL POLICY & INFORMATION

a. Alcoholic Beverage Provisions in the *Code of Student Conduct*

SECTION B. ACADEMIC INTEGRITY

a. Texas Tech University Statement of Academic Integrity

Academic integrity is taking responsibility for one's own class and/or course work, being individually accountable, and demonstrating intellectual honesty and ethical behavior.

Academic integrity is a personal choice to abide by the standards of intellectual honesty and responsibility. Because education is a shared effort to achieve learning through the exchange of ideas, students, faculty, and staff have the collective responsibility to build mutual trust and respect. Ethical behavior and independent thought are essential for the highest level of academic achievement, which then must be measured. Academic achievement includes scholarship, teaching, and learning, all of which are shared endeavors. Grades are a device used to quantify the successful accumulation of knowledge through learning. Adhering to the standards of academic integrity ensures grades are earned honestly. Academic integrity is the foundation upon which students, faculty, and staff build their educational and professional careers. [[Texas Tech University \("University"\) Quality Enhancement Plan, Academic Integrity Task Force, 2010](#)]

b. Academic Dishonesty Definitions

Students must understand the principles of academic integrity and abide by them in all class and/or course work at the University. Academic Misconduct violations are outlined Part I, section B of the *Code of Student Conduct*. If there are questions of interpretation of academic integrity policies or about what might constitute an academic integrity violation, students are responsible for seeking guidance from the faculty member teaching the course in question.

c. Instructor Responsibilities

Any person becoming aware of alleged violations of academic integrity should report the allegation to the instructor of record in the course. The instructor in a course is responsible for initiating action in each case of dishonesty or plagiarism that occurs in that class. The instructor should contact the Office of Student Conduct to discuss the nature of the violation and the student's record of academic integrity violations.

Instructions for reporting allegations of academic dishonesty are available in the *Code of Student Conduct*. The instructor should attempt to discuss the matter with the student and receive a response from the student about the allegations. Then, the instructor may notify the student of possible academic sanctions including, but not limited to assigning a paper or research project related to academic integrity, make-up assignment that is different than the original assignment, issue no credit for the original assignment, reduce the grade for the assignment and/or course, issue a failing grade on the assignment, and/or issue a failing grade for the course. The academic penalty will not be implemented or assigned until all disciplinary procedures are complete. All academic integrity violations should be referred to

the Office of Student Conduct as a central clearinghouse of violations and for adjudication as a *Code of Student Conduct* violation where disciplinary sanctions will be assigned.

d. Withdrawal and Assignment of Grades

1. Once a student has been notified of an academic integrity allegation, the student may not drop the course until the academic integrity processes are complete. If a student drops or withdraws, the student will be reinstated to the course in question. A student should continue attending class and participating in course work until the disciplinary process is complete. If it is determined that the student was not responsible for academic integrity violations and/or the referring faculty member allows the student to withdraw from the course, the student may file a request with the Vice Provost for Student Affairs for approval to drop the course or withdraw from the University retroactively. Any student found responsible for an academic integrity violation and assigned an academic penalty of F in the course may not drop the course during the semester in which the violation occurred.
2. If a referring faculty member must submit a final course grade before an Academic Integrity Violation allegation is resolved, the faculty member should notify the Department Chair and the Associate Academic Dean of the intention to assign a grade of F and/or leave the final grade blank. The involved student may be given a temporary grade of X by the Office of the Registrar, which does not affect the student's GPA, until the academic integrity adjudication process is complete. When the academic integrity adjudication process is complete, the final grade will be assigned through the appropriate academic channels and the completion of a grade change form. All appeals related to academic integrity violations should follow the process outlined in Part I, section C. (Conduct Appeals Procedures).

e. Academic and Disciplinary Penalties

The academic and disciplinary penalties will not be implemented until the disciplinary procedure and appeal process has been exhausted. In cases in which a student is found not responsible for academic dishonesty, the student will be entitled to the grade he/she would have received in the absence of an academic integrity violation. In addition, the student will be allowed to continue in the particular course without prejudice.

f. Referrals to the Office of Student Conduct

In addition to the assignment of academic sanctions by the instructor of record, a referral of the academic integrity violation should also be made to the Office of Student Conduct for the assignment of disciplinary sanctions. Instructions for reporting academic dishonesty violations are available in the *Code of Student Conduct*. A student referred to the Office of Student Conduct for alleged violations of academic misconduct is entitled to all substantive and procedural guarantees provided in the *Code of Student Conduct*.

Law students are subject to discipline procedures as described in the Honor Code of the School of Law. Instructors of record of the course where the violation occurred and the associate academic dean of the college where the student is enrolled or of the college housing the course where the violation occurred may participate in the adjudication of the violation and assignment of additional sanctions with the Office of Student Conduct as outlined in the *Code of Student Conduct*.

NOTE: Additional Academic Integrity information is available from the Office of Student Conduct

SECTION C. ANTI-DISCRIMINATION POLICY

The university does not tolerate discrimination or harassment based on or related to sex (including pregnancy), race, color, national origin, religion, age, disability, protected veteran status, genetic information, sexual orientation, gender identity, or other protected categories, classes, or characteristics. (<http://www.depts.ttu.edu/opmanual/OP40.02.pdf>)

1. Discriminatory Harassment

- a. Discriminatory harassment is verbal or physical conduct that shows hostility toward an individual based on or related to sex, race, color, national origin, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, genetic information, or other protected categories, classes, or characteristics and that 1) Creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working or educational environment; 2) Has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an employee's or student's educational performance; 3) Adversely affects an employee's employment opportunities or student's educational opportunities; and 4) Is severe or pervasive.
- b. Examples of inappropriate behavior that may constitute discriminatory harassment include, but are not limited to:
 - Slurs and jokes about a protected class of persons or about a particular person based on protected status, such as sex or race;
 - Display of explicit or offensive calendars, posters, pictures, drawings, cartoons, screen savers, e-mails, or other multi-media materials in any format that reflects disparagingly upon a class of persons or a particular person in a protected category;
 - Derogatory remarks about a person's national origin, race or other ethnic characteristics;
 - Disparaging or disrespectful comments if such comments are made because of a person's protected status;
 - Loud or angry outbursts or obscenities in the academic environment directed toward another student, faculty, staff, or visitor;
 - Disparate treatment without a legitimate business reason; or
 - Other threats, discrimination, hazing, bullying, stalking, or violence based on a protected category, class, or characteristic.

2. Sexual Harassment

- a. Unwelcome sex-based verbal, or physical conduct that: 1) In the employment context, unreasonably interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment. To constitute an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment, the complained of conduct must be either severe, persistent, or pervasive; or 2) In the educational context, is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that the conduct unreasonably interferes with a student's ability to participate in or benefit from educational programs or activities.
- b. Examples of inappropriate behavior that may constitute sexual Harassment

include, but are not limited to:

- Sexual teasing, jokes, remarks, or questions;
- Sexual looks and gestures;
- Sexual innuendoes or stories;
- Communicating in a manner with sexual overtones;
- Inappropriate comments about dress or physical appearance;
- Gifts, letters, calls, e-mails, online posts, or materials of a sexual nature;
- Sexually explicit visual material (calendars, posters, cards, software, internet, or other multimedia materials);
- Sexual favoritism;
- Pressure for dates or sexual favors;
- Inappropriate discussion of private sexual behavior;
- Non-consensual video or audio-taping of sexual activity;
- Exposing one's genitals or inducing another to expose their genitals;
- Unwelcome physical contact (touching, patting, stroking, rubbing);
- Nonconsensual Sexual Intercourse, Sexual Assault, or rape;
- Stalking;
- Domestic or Dating violence;
- Other gender-based threats, discrimination, intimidation, hazing, bullying, Stalking, or violence.

Note: While not appropriate, not all rude or offensive comments or conduct constitute misconduct, sexual harassment, or unlawful discrimination.

See Part I, Section B: Misconduct, C. Sexual Misconduct of the Code of Student Conduct

3. Submitting a Report

Students wishing to report an incident of discrimination or harassment, including gender-based discrimination, sexual harassment, or sexual assault, should contact the Title IX Administrator or the Office of the Dean of Students. If the complaint is against an employee the student may also contact the Office of Equal Opportunity. Additional reporting information, including how to make a confidential report, can be found at titleix.ttu.edu/, <https://www.depts.ttu.edu/dos/>, or <http://www.texastech.edu/offices/equal-employment/>.

Students reporting discrimination or harassment in their employment capacity should contact the Office of Equal Opportunity. Information on reporting may be found here:

<http://www.texastech.edu/offices/equal-employment/>.

Note: The State of Texas requires Texas Tech University employees, including student employees, to report an incident of sexual harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, or stalking that is alleged to involve a student enrolled at or an employee of the University at the time of the incident. For more information, please see: ...

4. Office of Civil Rights Complaints

Nothing in this policy shall prevent a student from presenting a charge of discrimination or other grievance covered by this policy to an external agency, such as the United States Department of Education: Office of Civil Rights (OCR), 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20202-1100, Customer Service Hotline#: (800) 421-3481, <http://www.ed.gov/ocr>.

5. Retaliation

Retaliation is strictly prohibited against a person who files a complaint of discrimination or harassment in good faith, assists someone in reporting a complaint, or participates in any manner in an investigation or in the resolution of a complaint. Retaliation is defined as any intentional, adverse action taken by an individual or allied third party, absent legitimate nondiscriminatory purposes, against a participant [or supporter of a participant] in a conduct process, civil rights grievance proceeding, or other protected activity.

6. Confidentiality

Confidentiality of both the involved parties will be honored by the University to the extent possible without compromising the University's commitment and obligation to investigate allegations of discrimination or violations of law, to protect the university community, and to the extent allowed by law. The willful and unnecessary disclosure of confidential information by the involved parties may affect the integrity of the investigation and may result in appropriate disciplinary measures against the offending party.

7. Faculty/Staff and Student Relationships

Texas Tech University is committed to the promotion of professional and educational relationships and open channels of communication among all individuals. The faculty/staff and student relationship is of the highest value and impacts a student's educational experience. Consensual relationships, including affectionate liaisons or other intimate or close relationships between faculty and students in a faculty members class or with whom the faculty member has an academic or instructional connection are prohibited. Faculty/staff with direct or indirect teaching, training, research oversight or direction, supervisory, advisory, or evaluative responsibility over the student should recognize and respect the ethical and professional boundaries that must exist in such situations. If questions arise about situations involving faculty/staff and student relationships, they can be directed to the student's Academic Dean, Provost's Office or the Dean of Students.

8. Grievance or Complaint Processes

A grievance is a formal complaint pertaining to adverse actions taken on the basis of unlawful discrimination, violation of federal or state law, or TTU policy. A violation of a University policy alone does not necessarily constitute a violation of law or an action prohibited by law. Employees, students, or third parties with a complaint against an employee should contact the TTUS Office of Equal Opportunity (EO). Employees, students, or third parties with a complaint of discrimination and/or harassment based on sex only (as opposed to discrimination on other bases, such as race, national origin, etc.) against a student should contact the Title IX Administrator. Employees, students, or third parties with a complaint of discrimination and/or harassment against a student based on a protected class other than sex (such as race, national origin, etc.) should contact the Office of the Dean of Students or the Office of Students Rights and Resolution. For additional information regarding the complaint process, see TTU Operating Policies 40.02 and 40.03.

9. Student Initiated Grievances or Complaints and Investigations – Involving Employees, Whether Faculty, Staff, or Students

- a. This grievance or complaint process is applicable to all students who choose to

- complain about discrimination, harassment, or other violations of the law that adversely affect their educational environment and the responding party is acting in his/her capacity as an employee, whether faculty, staff, or student.
- b. All grievance or complaint investigations and procedures will be non-adversarial in nature. These procedures are entirely administrative in nature and are not considered legal proceedings.
 - c. The filing of a grievance or complaint shall not affect the ability of TTU to pursue academic and disciplinary procedures for reasons other than the student's filing of a grievance or complaint.
 - d. A student may consult with the Office of the Dean of Students to determine if they wish to file a formal grievance or complaint. Students wishing to file a grievance or complaint should complete the grievance or complaint form located at www.depts.ttu.edu/dos/. However, even if a formal grievance or complaint is not filed, the Dean may notify key personnel at their discretion about the allegation, and other action may be taken by TTU as deemed appropriate. Other actions include, but are not limited to, conferring with supervisors or other administrators concerning inappropriate behavior occurring within their area of responsibility and informing the responding party of TTU's policies and educating departments and supervisors as needed on this and other policies.
 - e. If the grievance or complaint involves the Dean of Students, the grievance or complaint should be presented to the Office of Equal Opportunity.
 - f. Student grievances or complaints of discrimination or harassment by an employee will be investigated jointly by the Office of the Dean of Students or Title IX Administrator and the Office of Equal Opportunity.
 - g. The investigation may consist of the review of the grievance or complaint and any supporting documentation, examination of other relevant documentation, and interviews with relevant individuals. The extent of the investigation and its procedures will be determined by and at the discretion of the Dean of Students or Title IX Administrator and the Office of Equal Opportunity. Any findings in the investigation will be based upon a preponderance of the evidence.
 - h. After the investigation is complete, the Office of the Dean of Students or the Title IX Administrator and the Office of Equal Opportunity or designee will provide a written determination to the student who has filed the grievance or complaint, the responding party and the appropriate administrators.
 - i. The finding of the Office of the Dean of Students or the Title IX Administrator and the Office of Equal Opportunity is final and not appealable.
 - j. In the event a finding of a violation of this policy or TTU OP 40.02 or 40.03 is made, appropriate disciplinary action will be taken as determined by the appropriate administrator.
 - k. If there is a finding of a violation of gender discrimination under TTU OP 40.02 or any violation under TTU OP 40.03 either party may appeal the imposed disciplinary action or lack thereof as provided under TTU OP 40.03. For all other violations, only the responding employee may appeal the disciplinary action as provided in other TTU policies. At the conclusion of the investigation, the student shall be advised that if the

discrimination or unlawful activity persists the student should contact the Office of Equal Opportunity. Likewise, in the event the student believes unlawful retaliation for filing a grievance or complaint has taken place, the student should contact the Office of the Dean of Students, Title IX Administrator, or the Office of Equal Opportunity, and/or file a grievance or complaint for retaliation.

SECTION D. CLASS ABSENCES

1. Class Absences

Responsibility for class attendance rests with the student. Regular and punctual attendance at all scheduled classes is expected, and the University reserves the right to address at any time individual cases of non-attendance. In case of an illness requiring an absence from class for more than one week, the student should notify his/her academic dean. Texas Tech University Operating Policy 34.04 provides complete information regarding class attendance and reporting student illness and emergencies.

1. Student Absence due to Pregnancy and Childbirth

Under the Department of Education's (DOE) Title IX regulations, an institution that receives federal funding "shall not discriminate against any student, or exclude any student from its education program or activity, including any class or extracurricular activity, on the basis of such student's pregnancy, childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom." Students needing assistance related to pregnancy/childbirth absences should contact the Title IX Administrator, the Title IX Case Manager, the Dean of Students Office, or fill out a report at http://www.depts.ttu.edu/titleix/students/Report_an_Incident.php

2. Religious Holy Day Absences

A student who intends to observe a religious holy day should make that intention known in writing to the instructor prior to the absence. More information is available in Texas Tech University Operating Policy 34.19.

3. Student Absence due to Sponsorship of Student Activities and Off-Campus Trips

- a. According to the Undergraduate and Graduate Catalog, faculty, department chairpersons, directors, or others responsible for a student representing the University on officially approved trips should notify the student's instructors of the departure and return schedules in advance of the trip. The instructor so notified must not penalize the student, although the student is responsible for material missed. Students absent because of University business must be given the same privileges as other students (e.g., if other students are given the choice of dropping one of four tests, then students with excused absences must be given the same privilege).
- b. According to Texas Tech University Operating Policy 34.06, students will be responsible for making their own individual arrangements with instructors for class work missed while participating in an off-campus trip.

SECTION E: COMPLAINT PROCESSES

1. Complaints/Grievances

Texas Tech University has various procedures for addressing written student

complaints/grievances. Students may seek assistance from the Office of the Dean of Students as they go through a written complaint/grievance process. The Office of the Dean of Students helps students understand all of the steps of the process as well as what information they may want to include in their written complaint/grievance.

2. Academic Status Complaints

Policies and processes related to academic status are found in the Undergraduate/Graduate Academic Catalog as well as in Operating Policy 34.07 Undergraduate Academic Status, Operating Policy 34.15 Grade Replacement Policy, and Operating Policy 64.04 Academic Probation and Suspension of Graduate Students.

3. Complaints against Faculty (Non-Grading and Non-Discrimination) Conduct of University Faculty is outlined in Operating Policy 32.04 Conduct of University Faculty. The processes for complaints against faculty are outlined in the policy and in the Undergraduate/Graduate Academic Catalog. Students should direct complaints to the supervisor of the department or organization housing the faculty member, typically the department chair.

4. Conduct Complaints against Other Students and Student Organizations The *Code of Student Conduct* Part I, Section C and Section D of the TTU Student Handbook outlines the process for filing a conduct complaint against a student or student organization.

5. Disability-Related Complaints

a. Complaints related to disabilities are guided by Operating Policy 40.04 Access for Individuals with Disabilities and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (Section 504) and Operating Policy 34.22 Establishing Reasonable Accommodation for Students with Disabilities.

b. Any students seeking remedy on the basis of a disability must register as a disabled student with Student Disability Services and must provide all required documentation of a disability. Students who are denied services or denied a specific accommodation request by a Student Disability Services counselor may appeal the decision to the Managing Director of Student Disability Services. The ADA Campus Coordinator for Students is the Managing Director of Student Disability Services, 335 West Hall, (806) 742-2405.

c. Students who wish to appeal the decision beyond the Managing Director of Student Disability Services can appeal to the Vice Provost for Student Affairs. The Vice Provost for Student Affairs will be the final decision.

6. Student Record Complaints & FERPA

Guidelines governing student access to personal records and the procedures for challenging information in these records are contained in the student records policy that is detailed in the Student Handbook Part II, section P. The Registrar's Office provides oversight for student records and student record complaints.

7. Disciplinary Action

The University disciplinary appeals process is outlined in the Student Handbook Part I, section C. Conduct Procedures relating to the School of Law Honor Code violations are contained in the Honor Code of the School of Law. School of Law Students are also subject to the code of student conduct. Procedures relating to the School of Medicine, School of Nursing and the School of Health Professions are contained in the School of Medicine Student Handbooks, School of Nursing Student Handbook, and the School of Health Professions Student Handbooks.

8. Employment

A student wishing to pursue a grievance concerning employment with the University and who has not found satisfaction or resolution with their immediate supervisor or the person in charge of that department may contact Human Resources or the Office of Equal Employment Opportunity in accordance with the grievance procedures outlined in the University Operating Policy 70.10 Non-Faculty Employee Complaint Procedures and Operating Policy 40.02 (formerly 70.28) Anti-Discrimination Policy and Grievance Procedure for Violations of Employment and Other Laws.

9. Grades

The instructor assigned to a course has the responsibility for determining a grade and for judging the quality of academic performance. A grade can be formally appealed only when there is demonstrable evidence that prejudice, arbitrary or capricious action on the part of the instructor has influenced the grade. The burden of proof that such an unfair influence has affected a grade rests with the student who appeals the grade. The complete student grade appeal policy and procedure is listed in Operating Policy 34.03 Student Grade Appeal. A copy of the grade appeal procedures may be obtained from any academic college dean's office or from the Office of the Provost. Also, refer to the Student Handbook Part I, section B.1 (Academic Misconduct).

10. Parking Citations

Students may appeal a campus parking citation online at www.parking.ttu.edu. Transportation & Parking Services rules and a description of the three-tiered appeals process is described in the *Traffic and Parking Regulations* available online at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/parking/PDFsandDocuments/rulesandregs.pdf>.

11. Graduate School Requirements

- a. Graduate student complaints related to academic standing and performance follow processes outlined in Operating Policy 64.07 Graduate Student Appeals. Such matters include, but are not limited to, disputes concerning comprehensive and qualifying examinations, theses and dissertations, academic probation and suspension, and graduate assistantships.
- b. Appeals of course grades are made through the dean of the college in which the course is offered and are guided by process in Operating Policy 34.03 Student Grade Appeal.

12. Housing Complaints

Housing regulations and processes are provided annually in the University Student Housing Contract Guide, on the University Student Housing website. University Student Housing oversees the resolution of complaints related to student housing.

13. Online and Distance Student Complaints

Students enrolled in distance learning courses utilize the same complaint procedures as

students enrolled in traditional courses. In accordance with the Higher Education Opportunities Act of 2008, Texas Tech University provides a website related to enrollment in distributed education courses or programs and complaint processes for filing with the accrediting agency and other appropriate state agencies at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/elearning/complaint-process/>.

14. Tuition, Fee, and Financial Aid Complaints

Tuition, fee, and financial aid complaints are guided by Student Business Services and Student Financial Aid processes. Information is available on both department websites. Students with complaints related to tuition, fee, and financial aid may submit concerns through an online system.

SECTION F: STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES

The University has designated a Support Services Liaison staff member to assist students. The Liaison will connect students to resources available on campus to address a variety of needs. Resources available include but are not limited to: medical and behavioral health services; public benefit programs, including programs related to food security and housing security; program benefit case management assistance and counseling; parenting and child care resources; employment assistance; financial counseling and tax preparation assistance; transportation assistance; student academic success strategies; and other support resources available to students.

A comprehensive listing of online reporting options has been established in a central location to assist students, faculty, staff, and the general community with the option to submit reports of observed or known concerns surrounding a student. When a report is received, staff will review the details of the report, will determine a response that may include available campus resources, and will ask the appropriate staff to respond to the reported concerns. For a complete list of reporting options available, please visit the Office of the Dean of Students website:

<http://www.depts.ttu.edu/dos/reportaconcern.php>

Additionally, the Behavioral Intervention Team (BIT), Campus Inclusion Resource Team (CIRT), and Student Threat Assessment Team (STAT) have been established to assist with reports related to students of concern, students in crisis, and/or imminent threat of harm directed at one or more others.

Behavioral Intervention Team (BIT)

Under the auspices of the Office of the Dean of Students, BIT is a team of professionals uniquely situated to address elevated student behavior concerns and serves as a central repository for the Texas Tech University community to report student behaviors of concern. As warranted, BIT facilitates early intervention, risk assessment and referrals to help promote student success while paying special attention to the safety and security needs of members of the University Community.

Campus Inclusion Resource Team (CIRT)

In cooperation with the Division of Diversity, Equity & Inclusion and under the direction of the

Office of the Dean of Students, the CIRT is a team of professionals uniquely situated to address concerns surrounding expressive activities involving a student(s). CIRT is a non-adjudicative body that addresses concerns surrounding student behavior through appropriate use of University resources and support mechanisms. When behavior does not rise to the level of a policy violation or violation of law, a member(s) of CIRT may request to meet with individual students involved or named in the report to provide education and resources.

Members of CIRT will assist students in understanding what constitutes allowed expressive activities, what expressive activities are not allowed, where to seek information or assistance surrounding inclusive practices, how to seek referrals for on-campus support resources, and how to become involved on campus with programs and organizations who are engaged in inclusive practices.

The Campus Inclusion website will track reports including general descriptive information, appropriate responding office(s), and related outcome(s). Providing details about specific incident information is limited by policies/laws, including but not limited to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA). A CIRT report may be filed on the Diversity Equity & Inclusion, the Office of the Dean of Students, and the RISE websites or via Raiders Report; <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/dos/reportaconcern.php>

Student Threat Assessment Team (STAT)

Under the direction of the Dean of Students, the STAT is a team of professionals specially trained on acts that may constitute threatening behavior and is a subsidiary of the Behavioral Intervention Team. The STAT responds to reports of imminent threat(s) involving a student.

Support Services Liaison

Please contact the Assistant Dean of Students in the Office of the Dean of Students to access support resources available to students: (806) 742-2984; deanofstudents@ttu.edu

SECTION G. FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

1. Financial Responsibility of Students

- a. Students must meet all financial responsibilities due to the University. The writing of checks on accounts with insufficient funds, issuance of stop pays, disputed credit card chargebacks, or the nonpayment or delinquent payment of outstanding loans and failure to meet any other financial obligations to the University are considered a lack of financial responsibility. Financial irresponsibility may subject the student to additional fees, fines, suspension of check writing and cashing privileges, denial of registration, withholding of grades and transcripts and adjudication under the *Code of Student Conduct*. A student who fails to make full payment of tuition and mandatory fees, including any incidental fees, by the due date may be prohibited from registering for classes until full payment is made. Students should understand that consequences may result from not resolving one's financial obligations to the University.

- b. Generally, failure to meet financial obligations to the University may result in:
 - Cancellation of the student's registration.
 - Possible criminal prosecution for writing insufficient fund checks.
 - A student who fails to make full payment prior to the end of the semester or term may be denied credit for the work done that semester or term.
 - A hold preventing future registration placed on a student's academic records.
 - A hold on receiving official University transcripts until the obligation is paid.
 - The University may report individual student financial problems to a credit agency or a collection agent. Before registering or requesting a transcript, students may check on the presence of holds by accessing their records at www.raiderlink.ttu.edu under the TTU MyTech (for Students) tab.
- c. For more information, please visit the Student Business Services website at www.sbs.ttu.edu.

SECTION H. FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION

1. Freedom of Expression Activities

- a. Texas Tech University recognizes freedom of speech and expression as a fundamental right and seeks to ensure free, robust, and uninhibited debate and deliberation by students enrolled at TTU as well as other persons. Expressive activities on the TTU campus are governed by Texas Tech University System Regulation 07.04. The terms of such Regulation shall control in the event of any conflict between the provisions set forth in this Handbook and the terms of such Regulation. Additional information regarding events on University property is available in Part II, Section Q - Use of University Space.

SECTION I. GENDER-BASED HARASSMENT, SEXUAL MISCONDUCT, DISCRIMINATION, AND TITLE IX

Texas Tech University (TTU) has established policies and grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution of student complaints of discrimination and harassment, including sexual harassment, sexual violence, and other forms of sexual misconduct. In the event a student believes their rights under Title IX or other laws have been violated, TTU Operating Policies 40.02 (<https://www.depts.ttu.edu/opmanual/OP40.02.pdf>) and 40.03 (<http://www.depts.ttu.edu/opmanual/OP40.03.pdf>) set forth procedures for filing, investigating, and resolving complaints of harassment and discrimination. Additional information regarding gender-based harassment, sexual misconduct, discrimination, and Title IX can be found at titleix.ttu.edu. Further information and definitions may be found in Section D: Title IX Procedures for Students, Section C. anti-Discrimination Policy, and Appendix A.

SECTION J: STUDENT HOUSING REQUIREMENTS

1. Student Housing Information

- a. University Student Housing is located in Wiggins on the west side of the building adjacent to Hospitality Services and can be found on the TTU Campus Map <http://www.ttu.edu/map/>. The main phone number is 806-742-2661 and the website address is <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/>.
- b. The University Student Housing Contract Guide located at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/contracts/index.php> can provide information about the contracting process and specifics about the residence halls.
- c. Policies and procedures, (<http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/contracts/hallpolicies.php>), safety information, staffing, and how to get involved in the halls can be found on our website at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/>.

2. Housing First Year Student Residency Requirement

- a. National research indicates that students living on campus maintain a higher-grade point average and are more likely to graduate. Therefore, the Board of Regents of Texas Tech University supports the On-Campus Residence Requirement to give new students a greater chance of achieving their educational goals.
- b. The On-Campus Residence Requirement applies to students enrolled in more than six hours for the fall and spring semesters, and/or enrolled for three hours per summer session. More information can be found at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/contracts/residencerequirement.php> and <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/exemptions.php>.

3. Housing Residency Requirement Exception Process

- a. We understand not every first year student is able to live in the Residence Halls at Texas Tech. Even though institutional research indicates that students who live on campus perform better academically, there are provisions for students that need to live off campus if they meet the requirements. Students are encouraged to read OP 30.25 for a full list of requirements when requesting to live off campus. Students that meet one of these requirements need to fill out the Exemption Form at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/> and send any other necessary documentation to University Student Housing. We will respond via email within three to five business days with a notice of eligibility, ineligibility, or a request for further information. All responses will be sent to the student's official Texas Tech email address. Please send all documents to housing@ttu.edu, fax them to 806-742-2696, or upload them using the electronic form.
- b. Common reasons a student may be eligible to live off campus:
 - Student has 30 hours post high school credit. (Advance Placement, CLEP, ACT, SAT, dual-credit, and/or concurrent-credit do not count toward this requirement)
 - Student has lived on campus for 2 or more semesters. (Fall and Spring semesters only.) *Proof of Residence from Previous Institution Form is required.*
 - Student will continue to reside in the established primary residence of their parent or legal guardian within a 60-mile radius of Lubbock and has been there for at least the previous six months. *Sworn Statement of Commuting Status Form is required.*
 - Student has extreme financial hardship, similar to guidelines set forth by the Student Financial Aid office. *Financial Hardship Addendum and personal*

statement are required.

- Student has a medical hardship which may be intensified by living on campus. *Medical Hardship Addendum and personal statement are required.*
 - Student is 21 years of age, has served in the military, is married, and/or has dependent children
- c. More requirements and Exemption forms can be found at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/exemptions.php>. The exemption application process is not a request to cancel a housing assignment and contract. All exemption requests and results must be completed prior to the official Move-In date for the current academic year.
- d. In conjunction with the University's support of academic integrity, evidence of deliberate falsification of information, data, or any materials submitted, or providing false or erroneous information in connection with an application for exemption from the on-campus housing requirement will be grounds for disciplinary action. Such action may include, but is not limited to, revocation of a previously approved exemption, restitution of up to a semester's room and dining plan fees, or probation, as determined by the Office of Student Conduct and in accordance with the *Code of Student Conduct* of Texas Tech University.
- e. University Student Housing and Hospitality Services Contracts can be signed for the early, late or full summer session or the academic year (fall and spring semesters). Any student wishing to move off campus should consult the Residence Hall Contract for the provisions applicable to cancellation of the contract or to the website <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/contracts/deposit.php>.
- f. Signing a lease for off-campus housing does not relieve the student of contractual obligations that may have been assumed with the University for housing in the residence halls. It is responsibility of the student to comply with all provisions of the contract.
- It is the responsibility of the student to update any incorrect information, regarding place of residence with the Office of the Registrar.
 - No exemptions will be approved once the student has moved into the residence halls.

4. Room and Dining Plan Fees and Advance Payments

- a. A \$75 non-refundable Application Fee is required at the time of application. A \$400 Initial Deposit is due at the time of application. The Initial Deposit will automatically be applied after the spring portion of the contract is completed, or the student may choose to roll this payment over to the next fall contract period during Priority Room Selection in October. Refund of the \$400 Initial Deposit, due to cancellation prior to occupancy is only applicable prior to May 1 before the fall Move-In term. Students are required to contract for a Dining Plan in addition to a room.
- b. Once the contract has been signed, even if it is signed after the May 1 deadline for cancellations, it becomes a binding agreement, a contract between the student (and his/her Guarantor, if required) and the University. All cancellation requests must be submitted to University Student Housing in writing by the student.

- c. Residents who reserve space in Carpenter/Wells, Murray Hall, Gordon Hall, Talkington Hall, West Village, or Honors Hall are required to pay a \$250 Additional Deposit, in addition to the \$400 Initial Deposit. It is due at the time a contract is completed. This fee is **non-refundable** if the contract is cancelled at any time before the end of the contract period.
- d. Both the Initial Deposit and the Additional Deposit will automatically be applied as a credit after the spring portion of the contract is completed, or the student may choose to roll this payment over to the next fall contract period during Priority Room Selection in October.
- e. Additional contact and payment information can be found at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/housing/contracts/deposit.php>.

SECTION K. SOLICITATIONS, ADVERTISEMENTS AND PRINTED MATERIALS

1. General Policy

- a. The primary mission of the University is education. The University is responsible for promoting and protecting the intellectual and cultural growth and development of the institution and the members of its community. Therefore, solicitations or advertisements and sales, displays or distribution of publications on the campus are not permitted, except as provided below or as provided by law.

2. Definitions

- a. Solicitation includes, but is not limited to requesting money, seeking agreement to pay, taking subscriptions, selling merchandise or tickets or offering other comparable materials and privileges in person or by handbills, posters or similar materials to promote sales.
- b. Advertisements are the displays of any items that have, as an integral part of their design, the identification of a consumer product or service.
- c. Printed materials are publications, handbills, posters, leaflets and other written matter intended for public distribution, sale or display on campus.

3. University Name, Document and Records

- a. The use by any person or organization of the University's name in connection with any program or activity, without the prior written permission of the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Institutional Advancement, or any unauthorized use of University documents, records or seal is prohibited. Information is also available in Operating Policy 01.06 Use of Texas Tech University Name or Logo for Private Business Purposes, Operating Policy 72.23 Licensing and Use of TTU Registered Names, Logos, and Trademarks, and Operating Policy 68.03 Visual Identity Guidelines.

4. Jurisdiction

- a. All solicitation requests should be directed to the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee for review. Complete and submit the Grounds Use/Solicitation Request form at www.depts.ttu.edu/centerforcampuslife/ Requests must be submitted at least six (6) University working days before intended use.
- b. All regulations pertaining to on-campus solicitations by students and registered organizations shall be administered by the Managing Director of the Center for Campus

Life.

- c. All regulations pertaining to on-campus solicitations by University departments and staff shall be administered by the Senior Vice President of Administration and Finance.
- d. All regulations pertaining to on-campus solicitations by academic departments and faculty shall be administered by the Provost and Senior Vice President of Academic Affairs.
- e. Solicitation of all gifts, donations, and non-contractual grants from private philanthropic sources (e.g., individuals, foundations, and corporations) are administered by the Vice Chancellor of Institutional Advancement and in accordance with OP 02.02.

5. Solicitation Processes

- a. Solicitations by registered student organizations and students are prohibited on Texas Tech University grounds and facilities except for:
 - Activities supporting the educational mission of the institution;
 - Promotion of organizational activities consistent with organization mission;
 - Recruitment of members or membership drives;
 - Accepting donations on behalf of altruistic or charitable projects;
 - Scholarship and/or fundraising projects in support of organization mission;
 - The regulating offices may grant special permission for solicitation purposes or places not listed above in exceptional circumstances.
- b. Permission will not be granted for any activity which promotes the use of alcoholic beverages, infers sponsorship by Texas Tech University or violates any federal, state and/or local laws and/or University policies.
- c. In order to solicit in University buildings, authorization is required via the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee and appropriate building manager.
- d. Registered student organizations may use the University's registered marks when used in connection with a student organization activity, provided items are acquired from a licensed vendor. A sample or drawing needs to be provided showing how the University's registered marks are to be used before production of the merchandise can proceed. This sample will be submitted by the licensed vendor selected by the registered student organization. For additional information on licensing and use of Texas Tech University registered names, logos and trademarks, refer to OP 54.03 or contact the Office of Intercollegiate Athletics External Operations.
- e. Requests for permission to solicit are granted for a specified period. To be eligible to solicit, an individual must present current student identification and submit a Grounds Use/Solicitation request form to the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee (OECC) in Student Union Room 304. A permit to solicit may be revoked if the solicitation violates any of the regulations pertaining to solicitations and advertising or sale, display, or distribution of printed materials.
- f. Decisions by the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee rejecting or revoking permission of students or registered student organizations to solicit may be appealed to

the Director of the Center for Campus Life.

- g. A written appeal describing the objections to the denial to the Director of the Center for Campus Life must be filed no later than five (5) University working days after receipt of notice of denial from the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee.
- h. The Director of the Center for Campus Life will convey the appeal decision, in writing, to the student or registered student organization and to the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee within five (5) University working days from the receipt of the written appeal.
- i. The student or registered student organization may not appeal beyond the Director of the Center for Campus Life.

6. Advertisements

- a. Advertisements by commercial organizations, either as groups or through student representatives, are not allowed on the campus unless they advertise specific registered student organization functions. This implies sponsorship and/or co- sponsorship, which minimally includes, but is not limited to, direct participation in planning, coordination and implementation by members of the sponsoring organizations.
- b. Individuals and commercial organizations attempting to display or distribute unauthorized materials on campus, or use campus facilities for such activity, will be removed from the campus by the Texas Tech Police and will be subject to appropriate legal action.
- c. Advertisement is not permitted on the exterior side of residence hall room doors or within public areas of the residence halls.
- d. Amplification equipment may not be used to advertise or promote sales in conjunction with any approved solicitation activity unless authorized in advance by the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee.

7. Printed Materials & Digital Signage

The following policies apply to the display and distribution of printed materials and digital signage in all areas of the University campus:

- a. Only individuals affiliated with the University (i.e. students or student organizations) may distribute handbills, leaflets or any other type of printed materials, except as provided by law
- b. Students and registered student organizations do not need prior approval concerning the content or distribution of materials such as leaflets and handbills; however, students may be required to provide verification of current student status upon request;
- c. Solicitation and Advertising materials must conform with the provisions stated above;
- d. Student election campaign literature must conform to the procedures outlined in the Student Election Code of the Student Government Association;
- e. Use of the Texas Tech campus that results in the need to utilize University personnel for litter collection, crowd control, repair/replacement of University property, etc., may necessitate repayment to the University by the responsible party;
- f. Printed materials may not be placed on vehicles parked in University parking lots or on

- vehicles in motion without permission of the vehicle owners;
- g. Printed materials such as handbills and leaflets may not be distributed within University buildings;
 - h. Printed materials and digital signage content shall not violate any local, state, or federal law; Printed materials shall not include the use of obscenities, libelous statements, or “fighting words” as defined by law.
 - i. Registered student organizations and University departments are allowed to hang banners within the Student Union at the discretion of the Director of the Center for Campus Life. A list of requirements regarding the banners is available in the Center for Campus Life.

8. Use of Bulletin Boards & Digital Signage

- a. Posters, signs, and announcements may be displayed only on University announcement bulletin boards and approved digital signage designated specifically for use by students and registered student organizations. The University announcement bulletin boards and approved digital signs may be used only by students, registered student organizations, and University departments. Bulletin boards will be cleared periodically. A list of designated University announcement bulletin boards and digital signs is maintained in the Center for Campus Life.
- b. Posters, signs and announcements shall not exceed a maximum size of 18” x 24”, digital signage requirements will differ per location and are available via the coordinator of that signage;
- c. Posters, signs, and announcements shall not promote the use of alcoholic beverages, tobacco, or illegal drugs;
- d. Posters, signs, and announcements shall not promote unauthorized sponsorship by Texas Tech University;
- e. Posters, signs, and announcements shall not violate any local, state or federal law;
- f. Bulletin boards belonging to academic and administrative Departments are for official University use only. Posters, signs, and announcements may not be displayed without consent of the appropriate department; and
- g. Posters, announcements, banners, cards or other campaign material for any individuals seeking student government office may be posted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Student Government Association.

9. Violations

A student or registered student organization violating regulations governing solicitations, advertising, and printed materials is subject to the disciplinary sanctions outlined in the *Code of Student Conduct*.

SECTION L. STUDENT IDENTIFICATION

1. Student Identification

- a. The student identification card is the property of the University.
- b. Students shall not allow their student identification to be used by other persons.
- c. Students shall not alter their student identification in any way.
- d. On request, students must present their student identification to any member of the

- University faculty, staff, administration or police.
- e. A student must pay a replacement charge for lost, stolen or damaged student identification cards. Upon issuance of a replacement student identification card, previous cards cannot be reactivated.
 - f. Identification cards are only valid when the bearer is a registered student, employee, or guest of the University.

SECTION M. STUDENT INVOLVEMENT & REPRESENTATION

1. Student Government Association

The Student Government Association (SGA) is the official organization representing student interests and voicing concerns to administration. SGA provides programs and activities directed to enhance and develop premier leadership and career success through education.

2. Toreador Media

Located on the first floor of the Media & Communication Rotunda, Toreador Media provides out of classroom learning opportunities for students to use academic training obtained at Texas Tech in practical settings of publishing the student newspaper, *The Daily Toreador*; digital media at www.dailytoreador.com; and the campus yearbook, *La Ventana*. Texas Tech University recognizes the editorial independence and press freedom of all student-edited campus media, specifically *The Daily Toreador* and *La Ventana*. Both print and digital publications are considered out-of-classroom learning opportunities, free from administrative censorship. Student editors of *The Daily Toreador* and *La Ventana* have the authority to make all content decisions; consequently, they bear the responsibility for the decisions they make. Toreador Media employs 30-50 students each semester as collegiate editors, reporters, photographers, videographers, graphic designers, print, & digital advertising account executives, and members of the delivery staff and street team. Many Toreador Media students are Media & Communication majors while others may study other disciplines. Students interested in the fields of advertising, journalism, marketing, public relations, photography and broadcast are encouraged to apply for positions on the newspaper, multimedia website, and yearbook staffs at www.dailytoreador.com. See TTU Operating Policy 30.27.

3. Military & Veterans Programs

Military & Veterans Programs (MVP) is here to assist veterans and their families in achieving academic and personal success. The department serves as a resource to connect veterans and their family members to the University and surrounding community. MVP oversees the certification of Veterans Educational Benefits such as:

- a. The exemption for Texas Veterans under the Hazlewood Act which provides an education benefit to honorably discharged or separated Texas veterans and to eligible dependent children and spouses of Texas veterans.
- b. The educational programs such as the various educational benefits offered through the Department of Veteran Affairs.

Connect with Military & Veterans Programs by visiting www.mvp.ttu.edu

SECTION N. STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

Student Organizations at Texas Tech University are an integral component of the student involvement experience. Students are encouraged to be involved on campus and joining a student organization is one option.

Texas Tech University defines a student organization as a group consisting of five (5) or more students (president, treasurer, and a minimum of three members) joining together for a common mission, purpose, cause, and/or any other association. Only currently enrolled TTU students are eligible to be a member of student organizations at TTU.

As a representative of the university, student organizations and members of those organizations should, at all times, exhibit behaviors that epitomize the Texas Tech University [Statement of Ethical Principles](#). Those values include mutual respect, cooperation in communication, creativity and innovation, community service and leadership, pursuit of excellence, public accountability, and diversity. Additionally, student organizations and members are responsible for adhering to university policies and procedures.

1. Registered Student Organizations

- a. To be considered a registered student organization, student organizations must meet the guidelines and expectations for a registered student organization and complete the annual registration process through the Center for Campus Life. Registered student organizations are bound by the expectations set forth by the Center for Campus Life and receive all rights and responsibilities outlined by TTU.
- b. Generally, student organizations are broadly categorized all under as one of the following categories:

Academic-Agricultural Sciences and Natural Resources, Academic-Architecture, Academic-Arts and Sciences, Academic-Business, Academic-Education, Academic-Engineering, Academic-Human Sciences, Academic-Media and Communications, Academic-Visual and Performing Arts, Advocacy/Activism, Campus Departmental Support, Cultural/International, Fraternity/Sorority, Graduate, Hobby/Leisure/Recreation, Honor, Law School, Political, Pre-Law, Pre-Professional, Residential, Service/Philanthropy, Spiritual/Faith Based, and Sport Club.

- c. **Sport Clubs**

1. Recreational Sports is responsible for the oversight of the Texas Tech Sport Club Program. This program exists to promote and develop interest in sports. Sport club members learn new skills, engage in competition and enjoy the recreational and social fellowship of sport.
2. A student organization seeking sports club status must first be a registered student organization, subject to the rules and regulations of the University. Typically, a student organization must be registered with the Center for Campus Life for at least a full academic year before full consideration for Sport Club status.

3. Following the annual student organization registration process via the Center for Campus Life, an organization should request a meeting with Recreational Sports to initiate the application process for sports club affiliation. After obtaining Sport Club status, groups must also comply with the guidelines of Recreational Sports.

d. Social Fraternities/Sororities

1. The Center for Campus Life is responsible for the oversight of Social Fraternities and Sororities at Texas Tech University. A group seeking single-sex social fraternity or sorority status must first be recognized by one of the four governing councils for social fraternities and sororities: Interfraternity Council, Multicultural Greek Council, National Pan-Hellenic Council, and College Panhellenic Council.
2. All student organizations registering as a single-sex social fraternity or social sorority must show proof of their Title IX exemption by uploading to their registration, a letter from their national affiliate with their IRS 501(c) 7 number.

2. Unregistered Student Organizations

- a. Student organizations that are unregistered with the Center for Campus Life may not access University resources; however, unregistered student organizations shall be subject to the TTU Code of Student Conduct and Community Policies (Student Handbook).

3. Student Organization Policies

- a. The annual registration process, administered by the Center for Campus Life, will open at the Student Org Academy each spring semester and need to be completed for the future academic year (fall start) by May 1st.
- b. Organizations may register between the opening date in the spring and the first day of classes in the fall semester. After the deadline has passed, organizations can re-register their organization after submitting a Reinstatement Request and attending the required training.
- c. A student organization is eligible for registration if it does not deny membership on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, gender, age, disability, citizenship, veteran status, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression, except that: a registered student organization created primarily for religious purposes may restrict the right to vote or hold office to persons who subscribe to the registered student organization's religious beliefs; and a registered student organization may restrict membership based on the provisions of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972.
- d. Faculty and staff may hold associate membership to the extent allowed by the student organization's constitution and/or bylaws.
- e. The student organization shall not duplicate the purposes and functions of a previously or currently registered student organization unless the need for duplication is substantiated with the Center for Campus Life.
- f. All funds allocated to a registered student organization from University-controlled sources must be maintained in a University account. Additional resources acquired by fundraising may be kept in an off-campus organizational account.
- g. The student organization shall show initiative in effectively meeting its stated purpose and be lawful and peaceful in its activities. The Center for Campus Life is available to assist in organizational development.
- h. The student organization shall be free from control by any other non-student individual or

organization. Alumni and affiliate/ associate members should not be granted voting privileges nor can they hold executive officer positions. To preserve the governing integrity of a student organization, these privileges can only be vested in currently enrolled students at Texas Tech University.

- i. Registered student organizations shall not use the name, logo or symbols of the University in print, online, and on social media as part of its name or in its publications. In addition, the organization shall not advertise or promote functions or activities in a manner that suggest sponsorship by the University. Registered student organizations are permitted to use the word “Tech” or “Raider” as a part of their names or to use the complete statement “a registered student organization at Texas Tech University.” Approval of the use of logos or symbols protected by Texas Tech University is under the discretion of the Director of Digital Media, Trademark Licensing, and Special Projects in the Athletic Department of Texas Tech University.
- j. Solicitation is prohibited on campus by registered student organizations that may abridge any contractual agreements of Texas Tech University. To avoid violations, registered student organizations should seek clarification on any solicitation initiatives or materials in the Center for Campus Life. Any student organization wishing to solicit on campus must follow the policies and procedures listed in the current TTU Solicitation Policy.
- k. All registered student organization resources must be used to advance and support the organization’s purpose, identified goals, and/or mission.
- l. All registered student organizations must comply with University rules, standards, and policies.
- m. Student organization registration does not imply University approval of either the organization or its functions or activities.

4. Registration Process - Currently Registered Student Organizations

The registration process must be completed annually for student organizations, fraternities and sororities, and sport clubs to maintain registration status. Student Organizations must be registered to participate in summer organization fairs and the first day of the fall semester to avoid being Frozen. Organizations that are Frozen will still be able to access and register their organization but will not be listed as an organization to the public and do not have the benefits of a registered student organization. Once the organization has submitted their registration and has been approved, they will be removed from Frozen status.

- a. Registration occurs by going to the TechConnect website at <https://ttu.campuslabs.com/engage/> and follow the process established by the Center for Campus Life.
- b. To complete the online process, student organizations must provide the following:
 - i. List of Officers (must include president and treasurer).
 - ii. List of full membership, must have a minimum of three (3) members in addition to a president, treasurer (total minimum organization size of five).
 - iii. List an on-campus address, also known as a Mail Stop or box number.
 - iv. Submit updated copy of constitution and/or bylaws and constitution and/or bylaws of any other local, state or national affiliate organization (if applicable). An organization’s constitution and/or bylaws should address a minimum of these areas:
 - name and purpose, membership requirements, selection process,

accountability and removal process, anti-discrimination statement, officer titles, duties, election and removal process, departmental and/or external relationships, financial procedures, procedures for decision making (quorum and voting), faculty/staff advisor selection process and expectations, and parliamentary authority. It is recommended to include the organization's risk management policy into the bylaws or upload it to the organization's TechConnect portal.

- v. The president or organization must meet with the TTU Faculty/Staff advisor and have them sign a "Advisor Agreement Form" (Electronic signatures are not accepted).
- vi. Upload a signed copy of the Advisor Agreement Form on the last page of registration to complete the process.

5. Registration Process - New and Reinstating Student Organizations

- a. A student may submit the "intent to form" request, a new student organization application on TechConnect or a "reinstatement" request form, an application on TechConnect for students wanting to reinstate a frozen or inactive student organization. The student is then contacted to attend a required training with the Student Involvement Staff to discuss the registration process. After the form for new student organizations has been submitted and the student has attended the training with the Student Involvement Staff the non-registered group will be placed on a 30 day temporary status, which will allow the group the privileges of the University facilities and publicity venues common to registered student organizations. The 30-day time period should be used to recruit new members, develop a constitution and bylaws and obtain a permanent full-time faculty/staff advisor. A student organization may choose to register within the 30-day time period if they have met all of the requirements to register.
- b. Extensions of the "intent" status are possible under extenuating circumstances and requests should be addressed to the Student Involvement Staff.
- c. New student organizations registering as a single-sex, social fraternity or social sorority must show proof of their Title IX exemption. Upon filing their registration application, groups must submit a letter from their national affiliate with their IRS 501(c) 7 (Internal Revenue Code) tax exemption number from the Internal Revenue Service. This is the mechanism the government uses to verify eligibility for single-sex exemption.

6. Benefits of Registered Student Organizations

- a. Benefits include: space reservations in the Student Union, opportunity to reserve rooms in academic space (i.e. classrooms), Grounds Use application, mailbox in the Student Union, organization information published online, posting on campus, use of University logo (with permission by the Athletic Department Director of Digital Media, Trademark Licensing, and Special Projects), leadership training, student org resources, access to Involvement Center, and opportunity for storage lockers through the Student Union Main Office.

- b. Registered student organizations may apply for funding through the Student Government Association (SGA) each year provided they are registered as a student organization with the Center for Campus Life and have completed the annual risk management requirement prior to the application deadline. Registered student organizations that are not funded by SGA may apply for funding from the Core Values Fund each year. .
- c. Sport clubs are entitled to all of the benefits of a registered student organization. In addition, each club receives administrative and financial support from Recreational Sports. Organizations that affiliate with Recreational Sports are not eligible for SGA funding but may receive funding from Recreational Sports.

7. Requirements to Maintain Registration Status

- a. To maintain its active registration status throughout the academic year, a registered student organization must meet the following criteria:
 - i. Organizations must update the “Roster” on TechConnect at <https://ttu.campuslabs.com/engage/> within ten (10) University working days of any of the following:
 - Election of or change in officers outside of a registration period;
 - Change of full-time faculty or staff advisor;
 - ii. Conduct its affairs in a lawful manner as a collaborative entity, in accordance with the constitution and bylaws it has on file, and applicable policies, rules, regulations and standards of the University and/or federal, state, and/or local statutes.
- b. Solicitation on campus by registered student organizations may not abridge any contractual agreements of Texas Tech University. To avoid violations, registered student organizations should seek clarification on any solicitation initiatives or materials with the Student Involvement Staff.
- c. Ensure off-campus individuals or organizations whose appearance on campus is sponsored by the organization observe all applicable policies, rules, regulations and standards of the University.
- d. Center for Campus Life and/or Office of Student Conduct may suspend the registration of an organization for noncompliance with the regulations and/or standards as set forth in the Student Handbook, Part I, Section D

8. Training Opportunities and Requirements

The Center for Campus Life is committed to providing a variety of training opportunities to the student leaders, members, and advisors of the registered student organizations. The purpose of training is to further educate student organization leaders, members, and advisors on policy and procedures as well as develop leadership/advising skills.

- a. Student training opportunities include but are not limited to the following:
 - i. Student Org Officer Welcome Back Bash – This event takes place at the start of the fall semester to provide student organization officers the opportunity to make sure their organization is up to date, and aware of programs, opportunities and requirements for the academic year.
 - ii. Leading a Successful Organization workshops – These workshops are hosted

- 2-3 times a semester on topics that help students lead their organizations successfully throughout the academic year. Topics can include but are not limited to: constitutions and bylaws, parliamentary procedure, elections and officer transition, being an inclusive leader, and conflict management.
- iii. President Mixer – This event is hosted once every semester as an opportunity for presidents of student organizations to come together and network with their peers and to make sure their organization is meeting the deadlines throughout the academic year.
 - iv. Student Org Academy (REQUIRED) – This program is hosted once every academic year in the spring to open the registration for the new year, provide resources for operational success, and to facilitate the annual risk management training for student organizations. It is required that student organizations have one officer (preferably the president) in attendance for the entire program.
 - v. Student Org Risk Management Training (REQUIRED) – In accordance with Texas Education Code, Section 51.9361, all registered student organizations are required to attend training sessions on the topic of risk management as it relates to individuals, organization functions, and/or activities and complete the required assessment. Social fraternities and sororities are required to attend additional Clay R. Warren Risk Education Programming annually.
 - vi. Additional student organization trainings may be deemed necessary by the Center for Campus Life and/or the University for organizations to attend.
- b. Advisor training opportunities include but are not limited to the following:
- i. New Advisor Orientation – This program is recommended for new and returning advisors who would like to learn more about their role as a student organization advisor and student organization policies and procedures. This program is hosted at the beginning of each semester.
 - ii. Advisor Roundtable – This program is an opportunity for student organization advisors to come together and discuss topics they are experiencing with their organization, network with other advisors, and gain resources.
 - iii. Advisor EDU workshops – These workshops are offered twice a semester and cover topics that help the advisors successfully support and guide organizations through their day to day operations.
 - iv. Student Org Advisor Risk Management Training (REQUIRED) – In accordance with Texas Education Code, Section 51.9361, student organization advisors are required to attend training sessions on the topic of risk management as it relates to individuals, organization functions, and/or activities. Student Organization advisors are required to attend once but are welcome to attend again if desired. If the university makes changes to the training, advisors will be requested to re-attend.
 - v. Additional advisor trainings that may be deemed necessary by the university and/or Center for Campus Life for advisors to attend.

9. Faculty or Staff Advisor

- a. Each registered student organization shall have a full-time TTU faculty or staff advisor available to the officers and members for consultation regarding the affairs of the organization. Attendance at organizational meetings and functions is encouraged to incorporate the advisor into the organization's program planning and decision-making. The advisor is recommended to certify the organization's expenditures by co-signing all checks or vouchers. The advisor must oversee adherence to University standards, rules and/or policies as well as the organization's constitution and bylaws.
- b. Registered student organizations may have additional advisors, i.e. coaches (typical of sport clubs) or alumni advisors, to the extent permitted by their constitution and/or bylaws; however, one advisor must be a full-time Texas Tech University faculty or staff member as required and identified in the registration process.
- c. Any individual who is a secondary advisor or coach who is not affiliated with the University or is not a full-time Texas Tech employee should also be included when filling out the registration application, complete with names, addresses, telephone numbers and emails.
- d. Certain student organizations do not choose their advisor(s); rather, they are assigned a full-time faculty or staff person by the department to oversee the administration of those areas, groups and resources.
- e. Established full-time TTU University faculty or staff members, who reduce employment hours below full-time status and maintain an office on-campus, may continue to function as the "Primary" advisor of a student organization with the approval of the Center for Campus Life.

10. Conduct Procedures for Student Organizations

- a. All student organizations, registered and operating as a registered organization are held accountable for the *Code of Student Conduct* to include but not limited to academic integrity, sexual misconduct, hazing, and federal/state/local laws (a lack of conviction in any criminal proceeding of members of the organization or the student organization does not preclude the University from proceeding with TTU conduct processes). The student organization conduct process is outlined in Part I Code of Student Conduct, Section D, including processes for the interim suspension and denial of registration for student organizations.

SECTION O. STUDENT RIGHT TO KNOW

In compliance with federal guidelines, Texas Tech University provides all students, employees, and prospective students up-to-date information about campus crime statistics, six-year graduation rates of students and student athletes, and campus services such as tuition and fee rates, housing options, withdrawal procedures, study abroad programs and disability services. Links to current information are available at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/studentconduct/right-to-know.php>.

SECTION P. STUDENT RECORDS

1. General Policy

Policies and procedures concerning student records are based on respect for the privacy of

the individual. To minimize the risk of improper disclosure, academic records are maintained separately from disciplinary records. (During the time of disciplinary suspension or expulsion, the notice is placed in the student's permanent file.) The conditions for access to each are set forth in the *Student Handbook* and complies with federal and state statutes and with registered student organization guidelines. The procedures set forth below apply to all persons formerly or currently enrolled at Texas Tech University.

2. Address of Record

Students must maintain an accurate permanent address with the Office of the Registrar. The address is used for official notifications including billing and notification of official University requirements. Students should maintain a current local address and telephone number that is used by University officials, and/or student organizations and the campus community. Students may update their contact information at www.raiderlink.ttu.edu via the MyTech (for Students) tab.

3. Student Access to Educational Records

- a. All current and former students of the University have the right to access their educational records as provided by law.
- b. Upon written requests, students may obtain copies of their educational records at their expense and pending resolution of administrative holds.
- c. The University will respond to all requests for explanations and interpretations of records or information, if the response does not violate the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, as amended.
- d. A student may waive the right of access to confidential letters of recommendation in the areas of admissions, job placement and receipt of awards. Additionally, recommenders who submit a letter to a student's credential file at the University Career Center may indicate whether they wish the student to have access to said letter. Directory information may be disclosed without the student's permission, unless the student has requested confidentiality See http://www.depts.ttu.edu/registrar/Academic_Information.php for more information.
- e. Non-directory information such as personal conduct, grade point average, academic progress, etc., shall not be released to non-authorized personnel without the consent of the student.

4. Records Not Accessible to Students

The following are records not accessible to students:

- a. Instructional, supervisory and administrative personnel records and the student's educational personnel records in the sole possession of the author and not revealed to any person other than a substitute (i.e. grade books, notes of observation and notes for recollection purposes).
- b. Employment records of a University employee who is not a student.
- c. Medical records are maintained for students visiting Student Health Services. Information contained in the medical record is privileged and will not be released to another person or institution without written permission of the student, unless otherwise

authorized by law. Medical records are kept on file indefinitely. Students needing a copy of their medical records may contact the Medical Records Office at (806) 743-2608. While not considered “education” records under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, the mentioned statute still allows the patient, in most instances, access to his/her records. The general rule of confidentiality contains an exception when the patient or someone authorized to act on his/her behalf submits a written consent. Consent must be in writing and signed by the patient (or a parent or legal guardian if the patient is a minor). A physician shall furnish copies of medical records requested in accordance with the consent provided, except if the physician determines that access to the information would be harmful to the physical, mental or emotional health of the patient.

- d. Medical and/or psychological information submitted to Student Disability Services for the purpose of determining eligibility and services are not releasable. Students may obtain the original information from the sources.

5. Authorized Non-Student Access to Student Records

Educational records, including non-directory information and personally identifiable information within a record, may be released without the written consent of the student to:

- a. Officials, faculty and staff employed by the University if they have a legitimate educational interest.
- b. Officials of other educational institutions in which the student intends to enroll or seeks to enroll so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student’s enrollment or transfer.
- c. Authorized representatives of federal, state or local educational authorities.
- d. Individuals needing this information in connection with a student application for, or receipt of, financial aid.
- e. Organizations such as Educational Testing Service administering predictive tests, student aid programs and improving instruction. The organizations must not show the personally identifiable information to outsiders and the information must be destroyed when no longer needed for audit, evaluation or compliance with federal requirements.
- f. Accrediting organizations.
- g. Parents who certify a student is carried as a dependent for federal income tax purposes. This certification must be reviewed and documented by the Office of the Registrar.
- h. Appropriate persons, if necessary, to protect the health or safety of the student or other persons.
- i. Individuals requiring such information by means of a judicial order or any lawfully issued subpoena.

6. Challenge of Record Information

Students have the right to challenge records and information directly relating to them. This section does not include procedures for students challenging individual grades. Grade appeal procedures are described in the Student Handbook, Part VI, section A.7. The challenge is limited to inaccurate, misleading or otherwise inappropriate records and information. The

procedures set forth below shall be followed for an appropriate challenge.

- a. Any student wishing to challenge records or information directly relating to him or her must notify the individual responsible for maintaining the records. The notice must be in writing and specifically identify the item challenged and the basis for the custodian of the challenged records.
- b. All initial meetings will be informal and participants will include: the custodian of the challenged records or information, the student and the author (if appropriate) of the material.
- c. If any of the participants (record custodian, student or author) are not satisfied with the results of the informal meeting, a formal Hearing will be conducted under the following procedures:
 - The Hearing will be conducted within seven University working days following the request for the Hearing.
 - The Hearing will be conducted by an institutional official or other party who does not have direct interest in the outcome of the Hearing appointed by the Vice Provost for Student Affairs.
 - The student may present evidence relevant to the content of the educational records to demonstrate how they are inaccurate, misleading or otherwise in violation of the privacy rights of the student. The Hearing also provides an opportunity for correction or deletion of any inaccurate, misleading or otherwise inappropriate data contained in the records and for insertion into the records a written explanation by the student requesting the content of the challenged records.
 - A written decision must be delivered in writing to all interested parties within seven University working days after the conclusion of the Hearing.

7. Release of Student Directory Information

- a. Directory information of students who have not elected to restrict their directory information may be released to third parties upon request.
 - Student Name
 - Permanent and Local Addresses
 - Place of Birth
 - Classification
 - Major Field of Study
 - Dates of Attendance
 - Degrees, Awards, and Honors Received
 - Specific Enrollment Status
 - Full-time, Part-time, Half-time
 - Undergraduate, Graduate, Law
 - Participation in Officially Recognized Sports and Activities
 - Height/weight of members of Athletic Teams
 - Previous Institution(s) Attended
- b. This information will be released by various campus offices periodically, or on

request, unless the student stipulates that directory information (as defined above) be withheld. Students may request that directory information be withheld in writing in West Hall, room 103, or by restricting personal directory information at www.raiderlink.ttu.edu under the MyTech (for Students) tab. Students should select the Directory Profile link located under Personal Information and uncheck the box next to their name.

- c. The personal identifying information obtained from an individual for the purpose of the emergency alert system of an institution of higher education, including an e-mail address or telephone number, is confidential and not subject to disclosure under Section 552.021, Government Code.

8. Destruction of Records

The University constantly reviews the “educational records” it maintains and periodically destroys certain records. The University will not destroy records if prohibited by state or federal law. The student’s basic scholastic record is kept and maintained permanently in the Office of the Registrar. Disciplinary records are maintained for at least seven years in the Office of Student Conduct. In cases resulting in Time-Limited Disciplinary Suspension or Expulsion, records will be kept indefinitely. Student Disability Services records are maintained for three years after the last date of enrollment.

9. Letters of Recommendation

- a. Students may review recommendations used in application for employment or for admission to any educational agency or institution, or information concerning honors awarded, except when the student waives, in writing, the privilege of examination.
- b. Appropriate forms are available in the University Career Center for students using the credentialing service to store letters of recommendation for future employment purposes. These forms provide the student with several options concerning the use and confidentiality of letters of reference and recommendation. Under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act 1974, as amended, the student does not have access to confidential letters and statements of recommendation which were placed in the educational records before January 1, 1975, if the letters or statements are used for purposes for which they were specifically intended.

SECTION Q. USE OF UNIVERSITY SPACE

1. General Policy

Freedom of expression is critical and fosters free, robust, and uninhibited debate and deliberations by students enrolled at TTU as well as other persons. The purpose of this section is to establish the approval process for the use of University grounds, facilities, and amplification equipment for faculty, staff, academic, and administrative departments. With the exception of expressive activities outlined under Texas Tech University System [Regulation 07.04](#), the space and facilities of the University are available according to the following priorities: the support of the instructional programs of the institution; the programs sponsored and conducted by University academic and administrative departments or organizations affiliated with those departments; the use of campus space and facilities for activities that have as their purpose, service or benefit to the Texas Tech University community, and that are

sponsored by registered student organizations, students, faculty, and employees. Notwithstanding any other provision set forth in this section or elsewhere in this Handbook, in the event of any conflict between the terms of TTUS Regulation 07.04 and the provisions of this Handbook, the terms of TTUS Regulation 07.04 shall control.

Except as specifically provided in TTUS Regulation 07.04 or elsewhere in this section, University facilities may not be used by individuals or organizations not connected with the University. An individual who is not a student, faculty, or staff member may attend public functions or activities held on University property, but to be eligible for the use of campus facilities, the function or activity must be sponsored by and affiliated with a University department or registered student organization. There may be a charge for attendance at some events. Sponsorship and/or co-sponsorship minimally include, but are not limited to, direct participation in planning, coordination and implementation by members of the sponsoring organizations. A department, student or registered student organization may not reserve space or facilities on campus and permit it to be used by a non-registered organization or off-campus group or person. Except as otherwise permitted under Texas Tech University or Texas Tech University System policies, non-registered organizations or off-campus groups or persons not sponsored by a department or registered organization will not be permitted to reserve facility spaces on campus. State law requires that University facilities and property not be used for private gain.

2. Reservation Requirements

- a. Reservations must be made for the use of facilities under the control of the University. Requests for reservations will be granted according to the priorities of the designated area. Requests must be made to the appropriate office. Requests from registered student organizations must be signed by the organization's president and full-time faculty/staff advisor. Requests from individuals must be signed by the person applying for the use of the space or facilities.
- b. If the use of facilities is for programs or activities involving minor children, the sponsoring group must comply with Texas Education Code § 51.976, which requires sexual abuse and child molestation training, certification, and reporting for program employees. Documentation of timely reporting to the Texas Department of State Health Services of such training should be received before reservation of space or facility will be confirmed.

3. Use of Facilities by Student Organizations

- a. Student organizations must be registered to use University facilities or grounds.
- b. These meetings must be held within a 30 calendar-day time period from the date the Center for Campus Life Staff notifies the Student Union for the petitioning organization's intent to register. Academic campus facilities may be reserved by "petitioning-" student organizations for one meeting only, if their full-time faculty or staff advisor agrees to be present at their event. Petitioning student organizations are also allowed to submit unlimited grounds use requests during the 30-day time period. If the petitioning student organization does not have a faculty/staff advisor yet the staff in the Center for Campus Life can sign off. Additional reservations will not be approved until

the student organization is registered.

4. Procedure and Priorities for Designated Facilities

a. Student Union

Priority for use of space in the Student Union is given to programs and activities which are conducted by the various departments within the Student Union. Secondary priority is given to registered student organizations and University departments. Reservations must be made in the Student Union Office Room 203.

b. Academic Buildings

Any registered student organization may request the use of space in academic buildings for specific purposes. These purposes may include, but are not limited to, regular meetings of honorary or professional organizations, lectures, seminars or workshops and special programs and functions. The space must be reserved through the Operations Division Planning and Administration. All requests must be submitted by an active member of the student organization using the online request form in Ad Astra Schedule at <https://www.aaiscloud.com/TXTechU> or in person at the Operations Division Planning and Administration office. A link to the scheduling site and complete instructions can be found on the department website at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/odpa/spi/eism>

All requests must include the full name, department, and phone number of the student organization's full-time faculty or staff advisor. Recurring space assignments may be made for one semester only. All space assignments are made on the basis of use consistent with the purposes of the University and of available space. Space assignments for student organizations will not be scheduled on weekends, holidays, during final examination periods, or during Individual Study Day. Academic use by departments and colleges has priority over other uses and organizational assignments may be changed or canceled if conflicts with regular academic programs develop.

Academic space will be assigned on a limited basis if:

- The intended use is in keeping with the educational purposes of the University.
- The intended use does not conflict with the use by academic programs or academic organizations.
- The intended use does not conflict with normal security and maintenance schedules.

c. Residence Halls

Enrolled students who live in the residence halls and participate in the residence hall governments have first priority for use of all residence hall facilities. Facilities may also be provided for individuals or groups whose activities are sponsored by, or affiliated with, University Student Housing.

University departments or registered student organizations may use residence hall facilities during the summer, or at times when space is available, for workshops, institutes, short courses and conferences. However, space availability is limited, and requests for the use of residence hall space must be made to the Managing Director of

University Student Housing.

d. Intercollegiate Athletic Facilities

Texas Tech University complies with ADA standards and ensures access and accommodations for guests to all facilities listed. The Jones/AT&T Stadium Athletic Complex, Fuller Track and Field, Rip Griffin Park, McLeod Tennis Center, Rocky Johnson Field, John Walker Soccer and other athletic fields are owned and maintained by the University for the primary use and benefit of the intercollegiate athletic programs of the University, of allied non-University athletic activities consistent with such programs and of official academic events of the University. The use of these facilities shall be limited to these purposes unless otherwise authorized by the Intercollegiate Athletics Office. Requests for use of all intercollegiate athletic facilities must be made to the Intercollegiate Athletics Office. Texas Tech University complies with ADA standards and ensures access and reasonable accommodations for guests to all facilities listed in items e-i below.

e. Recreational Facilities

The Robert H. Ewalt Recreational Center, Aquatic Center, Leisure Pool, recreation fields, gazebos, tennis courts, racquetball courts and basketball courts are intended primarily for student recreational and instructional use on an organized group and individual basis. Recreational Sports is responsible for scheduling the use of these facilities.

f. McKenzie-Merket Alumni Center

The McKenzie-Merket Alumni Center, located on the southeastern corner of the Texas Tech campus, directly west of the Kent R. Hance Chapel, is the home for all Texas Tech Alumni and friends. This facility boasts a ballroom that can seat 300-plus for a banquet and more than 500 in a theatre setting. Two separate courtyards provide space for outdoor events. Booking of this facility is coordinated by the Texas Tech Alumni Association at (806) 742-0400.

g. Frazier Alumni Pavilion

The Frazier Alumni Pavilion, situated just southwest of Jones AT&T Stadium is a 6,000-square foot facility designed to host large banquets but can be configured for weddings, press conferences, and other events. It also has a 10,000-square foot outdoor porch area that can be used to increase the size of your event. To book this venue, contact the Texas Tech Alumni Association at (806) 742-0400.

h. Kent R. Hance Chapel

A 6,879-square foot, 250-seat, non-denominational Spanish Renaissance chapel is capable of supporting a broad range of services and events. To book this venue, contact the Texas Tech Alumni Association at (806) 742-0400.

i. United Supermarkets Arena

The United Supermarkets Arena is a 15,000-seat multi-purpose facility and is host to a variety of entertainment and athletic events, including Texas Tech University basketball and volleyball, commencement ceremonies, concerts and numerous meeting room events. Facilities available for lease within the United Supermarkets Arena include the four meeting rooms in the City Bank Conference Center, Club Red, the arena concourse,

the arena floor and the arena bowl area.

Registered student organizations receive rental discount for the City Bank Conference Center meeting rooms. Texas Tech University Commencement, Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center Commencement, Texas Tech basketball and volleyball games and major arena events, such as concerts, have priority in booking the United Supermarkets Arena. Space in the United Supermarkets Arena is reserved through the Arena Management Office.

5. Use of Campus Grounds

With the exception of expressive activities under TTUS Regulation 07.04, or as otherwise outlined in this section, university grounds are available for use only in accordance with the following policies and procedures:

- a. Selected grounds area (other than those described above) are available for activities that are sponsored and approved by University departments, registered student organizations or individual faculty, students and employees. Academic use by departments and colleges has priority and assignments may be changed or canceled if conflicts with regular academic programs develop.
- b. Students or registered student organizations desiring to use campus grounds must register for grounds use with the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee (OECC) in Student Union Room 304. Faculty, staff, or departments of the University desiring to use campus grounds must register for grounds use with the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee (OECC) in Student Union Room 304 as well. In accordance with the University's Operating Policy 61.02 regarding Use of University Grounds, Facilities and Amplification, each use must be approved in writing by the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee (OECC). Requests must be submitted at least two (2) weeks before the intended use. Recurring use assignments shall not be permitted.
- c. The Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee (OECC) will coordinate all grounds use applications and shall grant only grounds use requests that are consistent with applicable University regulations and local, state, and federal law.
- d. A permit granting grounds use shall specify the boundaries of the area to be used, the date for which the use is approved, the time at which the proposed activity may begin, the time at which the reservation for the use expires and any special provisions concerning the use of the space. No request will be approved for activities occurring during individual study days and/or final examination period.
- e. Students or registered organizations using a designated area are subject to the following requirements:
 - Use of amplification equipment must comply with the guidelines below.
 - A structure may not be erected on campus grounds without prior written approval that will include arrangements for securing the structure and cleaning up after the event.
 - If any expenses will be incurred in the course of an event, the sponsor or co-sponsor will be required to supply a University account number before the activity can be approved by the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee.

- Violations of these campus grounds use regulations are subject to the disciplinary sanctions and procedures outlined in the *Code of Student Conduct*.
- Students or registered student organizations desiring grounds use may be required to provide evidence of appropriate liability insurance in accordance with recommendations from the General Counsel's Office, Risk Management Office, other University departments or others as necessary prior to approval from the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee.
- Participants in, and/or sponsors for, events may be required to sign a "Hold Harmless" release.
- The sponsor shall contact the Environmental Health and Safety Department to make necessary arrangements for any event that includes concessions or a mobile concession stand. In order for any person, vendor, or organization to operate a temporary food service or mobile unit on Texas Tech property, the Environmental Health and Safety Department must issue a valid Temporary Food Service Permit.
- The sponsor should contact Transportation & Parking Services to make necessary parking arrangements for the event.
- If the use of University grounds is for programs or activities involving minor children, the sponsoring group must comply with Texas Education Code § 51.976, which requires sexual abuse and child molestation training, certification, and reporting for program employees. Documentation of timely reporting to the Texas Department of State Health Services of such training should be received before reservation of space or facility will be confirmed.

6. Expressive Activities

Expressive activities on the TTU campus are governed by Texas Tech University System Regulation 07.04. Notwithstanding any other provision set forth in this section or elsewhere in this Handbook, in the event of any conflict between the terms of TTUS Regulation 07.04 and the provisions of this Handbook, the terms of TTUS Regulation 07.04 shall control.

- a. Students or other persons engaged in freedom of expression activities may be subject to discipline under the *Code of Student Conduct* for the following actions:
- Activities that are illegal.
 - Interference with the expressive activities of others.
 - Activities that deny the rights of other students, faculty and staff of the University as afforded by policy or state, federal law.
 - Activities that substantially obstruct or restrict the free movement of persons on any part of the University campus, including the free entry or exit from University facilities.
 - Activities that deny the use of office or other facilities to the students, faculty, staff or guests of the University.
 - Activities that threaten or endanger the health or safety of any person on the University campus.
 - Activities that include the use of hate speech, libelous statements, or

“fighting words” as defined by law.

- Activities that result in damage to or destruction of University property.
 - Activities that attempt to prevent a University event or other lawful assembly by the threat or use of force or violence.
- b. Expressive signage, posters, displays, and structures must comply with the requirements of TTUS Regulation 07.04.

7. Appeals of Ground Use Request Denials

Students or registered student organizations, whose requests for the use of campus grounds or non-academic space are denied, may appeal to the Director of the Center for Campus Life as follows:

- a. A written appeal describing the objections to the denial presented to the Director of the Center for Campus Life must be filed no later than five (5) University working days after the receipt of notice of the denial from the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee.
- b. The Director of the Center for Campus Life will convey the appeal decision, in writing, to the student or registered student organization and to the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee within a reasonable time from the receipt of the written appeal.

8. Use of Amplification Equipment

- a. Use of Amplification Equipment for Expressive Activities
- Amplified sound shall not exceed 80 decibel levels near University buildings, as measured at the outdoor edge of such buildings closest to the amplified sound. Any amplification device must be hand-held.
 - Use of Amplification Equipment around University facilities. Students and registered student organizations may use handheld amplification equipment (e.g. megaphone) for expressive activities from 8:00 am to 5:00 pm Monday through Friday.
 - Use of Amplification Equipment in All Other Outdoor Areas. Students and registered student organizations may use amplification equipment for expressive activities in all other outdoor areas of the campus after 5:00 pm Monday through Friday and weekends.
 - Use of amplification equipment is subject to all rules concerning the time, place, and manner of expressive activities outlined in TTUS Regulation 07.04.
 - No amplification of sound is permitted during the final exam period.
 - The volume and direction of amplification equipment shall be controlled so as not to interfere with classes in session, examinations, or other campus community activities.
 - Use of amplification equipment shall not create a sustained or repeated noise disturbance that substantially interferes with the normal activities of the University community.
- b. Other Use of Amplification Equipment
- The use of loudspeakers, any other type of amplification equipment (e.g.

portable stereo devices, portable studios, etc.), or amplified musical instruments on University grounds by students and/or registered student organizations for any purpose other than expressive activities as set forth in section 6, above, is by permission only.

- Applications from individuals, departments, and organizations for permission to use amplification equipment must be made on the Grounds Use and Solicitation Request form provided by the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee and the management of Operations Division Planning and Administration.
 - Applications must be submitted at least two weeks before the intended use.
 - The Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee and the management of Operations Division Planning and Administration may prescribe rules concerning scheduling, maximum sound levels, location and direction of speakers, and other rules to facilitate the use of amplified sound to mediate any conflict with University functions, classes in session, examinations, other nearby activities, and the campus environment.
 - The use of amplification equipment for solicitation purposes must conform to all campus grounds use provisions, as well as policies governing solicitation and commercial activities.
 - The use of such equipment or loudspeakers is not permitted in the vicinity of classrooms during regularly scheduled class hours without written permission from Operations Division Planning and Administration.
 - Sound equipment must not be disruptive, and the volume and direction of amplification equipment shall be controlled so as not to interfere with classes in session, examinations, or other campus community activities.
 - Special events such as dances, pep rallies, ceremonies, or recreational activities that include the use of bands or amplification equipment may be held in approved locations only with prior approval of the Outdoor Events Coordinating Committee (OECC).
 - Outdoor dances utilizing sound amplification devices may be held only on Friday and Saturday nights, and must terminate by 1:00 a.m. Bands may use their own equipment on such dates.
- c. Academic Use
- The appropriate use of loudspeakers for official University activities inside academic buildings, or on the campus as a part of the academic instructional program, is determined and approved by the Office of the Provost.
 - Permission for use of the victory bells or carillon bells in the towers of the Administration Building must be requested through the Office of the Provost at least one University working day before time of intended use. Use of the bells must not interfere with the normal functions and programs of the University. See OP 30.21.

SECTION R. WITHDRAWALS

1. Voluntary Withdrawal from the University

- a. According to the Undergraduate and Graduate Catalog and OP 34.05, students who find it necessary to withdraw from the University during a semester or summer term must apply to the Office of the Registrar prior to the term withdrawal deadline. A student wishing to drop to zero hours must withdraw from the institution. If a student withdraws on the 13th class day or after, a W will be recorded for all classes that semester or term, and these W's will not be counted toward the six state-defined permitted drops. International students must receive clearance from the Office of International Affairs as a part of the withdrawal procedure. Student athletes must receive clearance from their Athletic Academic Advisor. Withdrawal and re-enrollment procedures vary for School of Law students. Students enrolled in the School of Law and seeking withdrawal information should contact the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs at the School of Law for assistance.
- b. Students considering withdrawal for medical reasons may contact the Office of the Dean of Students to discuss additional University resources and services. Law students considering withdrawal for medical reasons may contact the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs at the School of Law.
- c. There may be financial implications to withdrawal. If a student receives financial aid or is living in TTU student housing, he/she should first contact those offices before applying for the withdrawal. If a registration hold exists on the student's record, it must be cleared before the withdrawal can be processed. To check your student record for registration holds, log on at www.raiderlink.ttu.edu and select the MyTech (for Students) tab. Law students considering withdrawal must contact the Senior Financial Aid Advisor at the School of Law.
- d. Refunds
The Undergraduate and Graduate Catalog indicate that students withdrawing to zero hours at their request or those who have been withdrawn due to University action may be eligible to receive a refund of paid tuition and fees. A tuition and fee refund schedule is listed in the Undergraduate and Graduate Catalog and at <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/registrar/>. School of Law students must contact the School of Law's Senior Financial Aid Advisor to discuss eligibility for refunds.
- e. Returning to the University after a Voluntary Withdrawal
Application materials and deadlines for former Texas Tech students are available at www.gototexastech.com. Official transcripts from all institutions attended subsequent to Texas Tech re-enrollment must be submitted by the application deadline. All returning students must have a minimum of a 2.0 GPA on work taken since leaving Texas Tech. Please visit the following for more information: <http://www.depts.ttu.edu/formertech/>. School of Law students must contact the Associate Dean of Academic Affairs to discuss the process of returning to school.

2. Involuntary Withdrawals

- a. When a student poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others, and the direct threat cannot be eliminated or reduced to an acceptable level through the provision of

reasonable accommodations where required, a student may be involuntarily withdrawn from the University.

- b. Notice
Notice regarding students who may be direct threats (both self-reports and third-party reports) should be made to the Office of the Dean of Students or designee.
- c. A “direct threat” means
 - There is a high probability (not just a slightly increased, speculative, or remote risk)
 - of substantial harm
 - Based on observation of a student’s conduct, actions, and statements.
- e. The Dean of Students or designee will review the information presented in the notice, including what attempts, if any, have been made to reduce or eliminate the direct threat, such as the student’s voluntary compliance with medical or counseling assistance.
- f. The Dean of Students or designee will notify the student of the concern.
- g. The Dean of Students or designee will request a meeting with the student to inform the student that an initial individualized, objective assessment will be scheduled in order to determine whether the student poses a direct threat to him/herself or others. The meeting may include, but is not limited to discussion of:
 - Involvement of parents or significant others;
 - Academic progress;
 - Living arrangements;
 - Previously granted accommodations;
 - Confidentiality waivers;
 - Other possible accommodations, care and support resources including medical or counseling assistance; and
 - Withdrawal implications such as financial aid, health insurance, visas, and academic timelines.

If the student does not respond to the request for a meeting or does not attend the meeting, written notice of the pending assessment will be sent via certified mail to the student’s last known official, local address as provided by the student to the Registrar’s Office and/or electronically to the student’s University email account. Students not responding to requests for meetings or assessments may be referred to the Office of Student Conduct for allegations of failure to comply with reasonable directives and/or requests of a University official acting in the performance of their duties. During the involuntary withdrawal process, if the Vice Provost for Student Affairs or designee determines that an immediate direct threat exists against others or an overt disruption of the campus community has occurred, the student may be temporarily suspended pending a final decision on the involuntary withdrawal as long as the student has received notice of the concern, and had an opportunity to address the concern, and the student is afforded a Hearing and right to appeal the final decision. During a temporary suspension, the student may not attend classes, use University services and/or resources (except those expressly permitted by the Vice Provost for Student Affairs or designee), and may not be

on campus until the proceedings have been resolved. If the student needs to return to campus, the visit must be coordinated through the Vice Provost for Student Affairs or designee and the Texas Tech Police Department.

h. Involuntary Withdrawal Assessment

An individualized, objective assessment will be completed to determine whether a direct threat exists, and if so, whether the student should be permitted to remain enrolled at the University.

The assessment will be based in part on reasonable medical judgment, using current medical knowledge, or the best available objective information, to assess the student's ability to safely participate in the University's programs. Additionally, the assessment may include but not limited to information related to the student's threat to self or others, non-compliance with University requirements or expectations, and/or lack of Academic progress. Students with disabilities have the right to have their disability considered during the Committee's review. However, the student must adhere to all academic requirements and technical standards set forth by their department or college. The student must be able to meet the requirements with or without accommodations for their disability. The assessment will be in the form of a written report containing the findings and recommendations of the medical and other professionals performing the assessment.

Within five (5) University working days from the initial meeting with the student or five University working days from the date of notice regarding the meeting, the student will be scheduled for an assessment with a medical doctor, a licensed counseling or clinical psychologist, and other professionals as appropriate. If applicable, this assessment would include a psychiatrist from Student Health Services and a psychologist from the Student Counseling Center. The student may provide information from other medical professionals as part of the assessment.

If a student elects not to participate in this assessment, the process will continue with the information that is otherwise available to consider.

The assessment will determine:

- The nature, duration, and severity of the risk;
- The probability that the potentially threatening injury will actually occur; and
- Whether reasonable modifications of policies, practices, or procedures will sufficiently mitigate the risk.

i. Involuntary Withdrawal Committee

The assessment report will be forwarded to the Involuntary Withdrawal Committee for review.

The Involuntary Withdrawal Committee is comprised of the following voting members: the student's Associate Academic Dean, Director of the Student Counseling Center, Medical Director of Student Health Services, Director of Student Disability Services, and Dean of Students. If the student resides in campus housing, the Director of Student Housing will also serve as a voting member of the committee. The Dean of Students or designee will chair the committee. If the student is a law student, the Associate Dean for Student Life will also serve as a voting member of the committee. A non-voting resource

person may be assigned from the Vice Provost for Student Affairs to present information and assist the committee. The Involuntary University Withdrawal Committee will meet with the student in an informal, non-adversarial Hearing to review the information collected throughout the process, and discuss the assessment with the student. The student will be permitted an opportunity to address the evidence being considered by the Involuntary Withdrawal Committee.

The Hearing will be scheduled by the Office of the Dean of Students within five (5) University working days of the completion of the individualized assessment. The student will be provided the information to be considered at the Hearing by the Dean of Students in advance of the Hearing. The student may elect to attend the Involuntary Withdrawal Committee Hearing and present information on their behalf. The student may be accompanied by one or more advisors. A non-voting resource person will present information and act as a recorder for the committee. When deliberating a decision, the Involuntary Withdrawal Committee will meet in closed session with only voting members and the resource person present. Following the Hearing, the Involuntary Withdrawal Committee will recommend one of the following:

- the student may remain enrolled at the University with no restrictions;
- the student may remain enrolled at the University subject to specific conditions and/or restrictions as defined by the Involuntary Withdrawal Committee; or
- The student should be involuntarily withdrawn from the University upon a specific date.

j. Review of Committee Recommendation

The Dean of Students or designee will notify the student in writing of the decision within five University working days.

k. Appeals Process

The student may appeal the decision of the Dean of Students or designee by submitting a written appeal to the Vice Provost for Student Affairs within five (5) University working days. The student will be notified in writing of the final decision within five (5) University working days of receipt of the appeal.

l. Final Decision

Upon completion of the appeal process or with no receipt of an appeal, the student who is involuntarily withdrawn may not attend class or use University facilities, must vacate University housing within 48 hours and may not return to campus unless approved by the Vice Provost for Student Affairs. Referrals will be made for the student upon request to appropriate community resources, i.e. medical care and housing. The student may be entitled to refunds of prorated tuition, fees, and room and board charges as a result of involuntary withdrawal. A registration hold will be placed on the student's record at the direction of the Dean of Students or designee, limiting any subsequent registration until approval is given by the Dean of Students or designee.

m. Eligibility for Readmission

Students are eligible for consideration of readmission following an involuntary withdrawal after one calendar year. At that time, the student should present documentation to the Office of the Dean of Students for review. Documentation may

include, but it is not limited to, current psychological evaluation, demonstration of ongoing medical care, and a plan for care upon re-enrollment. The documentation shall be presented to the Involuntary Withdrawal Committee for recommendation to the Dean of Students or designee. Readmission requests and documentation must be presented by February 1 for summer enrollment, May 1 for fall enrollment, and October 1 for spring enrollment. Readmission will be contingent upon demonstration or documentation that the student is no longer a direct threat, and upon meeting admission deadlines and requirements.

APPENDIX A

DEFINITIONS

Academic Work, Test, Quiz, or Other Assignment

The terms “academic work, test, quiz, or other assignment” includes any required or optional academic work that is assigned. Examples include, but are not limited to, exams, quizzes, tests, homework, case studies, essays, research papers, group work, extra credit assignments, class attendance, experiential learning activities, internship or externship components, resumes, comprehensive exams, and thesis and dissertation drafts and submissions.

Administrative Hold

The term “administrative hold” refers to the indicator placed on a student’s record preventing access to such University procedures as registration, release of transcripts, and course add/drops until the student meets the requirements of the University office placing the indicator as described in the Undergraduate/Graduate Catalogs.

Behavioral Intervention Team (BIT)

Under the auspices of the Office of the Dean of Students, BIT is a team of professionals uniquely situated to address elevated student behavior concerns and serves as a central repository for the Texas Tech University community to report student behaviors of concern. As warranted, BIT facilitates early intervention, risk assessment and referrals to help promote student success while paying special attention to the safety and security needs of members of the University Community.

Complainant

Also known as the “Complaining Party”, the “Complainant” refers to a person who is the subject of an alleged violation of misconduct.

Conduct History

The term “conduct history” is a compilation of records related to any student or student organization’s behavior that resulted in a finding of Responsible through the University conduct process outlined in the *Code of Student Conduct*.

Consent

Mutually understandable words or actions, actively communicated both knowingly and voluntarily, that clearly conveys permission for a specific activity. *For the full definition of Consent, see Section D: Title IX Procedures for Students.*

Coercion

Sexual coercion is defined as the use of violence or threats of violence against a person or the person's family or property; depriving or hindering a person by any means, substance, object or clothing; attempting to intimidate a person by threats or force; or when committed with the intent to compel a person to do or abstain from doing an act that the person has the right to do or abstain from

doing. Coercion is more than an effort to persuade, entice, or attract another person to have sex. In evaluating whether coercion was used, the University will consider: (i) the frequency of the application of the pressure, (ii) the intensity of the pressure, (iii) the degree of isolation of the person being pressured, and (iv) the duration of the pressure.

Dating Violence

Abuse or violence, or a threat of abuse or violence, committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the Complaining Party. The existence of such a relationship will be determined based on the type and length of the relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. A casual acquaintanceship or ordinary socializing between two individuals does not constitute a romantic or intimate relationship. This definition does not include acts covered under Domestic or Family Violence.

Designee

The term “designee” refers to the Managing Director of the Office of Student Conduct or could include but is not limited to an individual staff member, Office of the Dean of Students staff, Office for Student Rights & Resolution Staff, Title IX Administration, and members of the Behavior Intervention Team.

Disciplinary Good Standing

The term “disciplinary good standing” is defined as a student not currently on disciplinary probation, deferred disciplinary suspension, or any level of disciplinary suspension/expulsion and who has fulfilled in a timely manner, if any, sanctions imposed.

Discipline Body

The term “discipline body” means any University official or group of officials authorized by the Director of the Office of Student Conduct to determine whether a student has violated the *Code of Student Conduct* and to recommend imposition of sanctions.

Domestic Violence

The term “Domestic Violence” includes acts of domestic/family, dating violence, interpersonal violence (IPV) which includes forms of relationship violence.

Employee

The term “employee” means any person who receives a W-2 or 1042-S from the university, including full-and part-time faculty, staff, and students.

Hearing Body

A “Hearing body” is the individual or individuals that make the determination of responsible or not responsible and issue sanctions upon a responsible finding in an Administrative Hearing or Panel Hearing.

Investigation Report

An “Investigation Report” is a formal or informal report of all of the evidence and/or information gathered by the Investigator.

Investigator

The term “Investigator” means a University designee authorized by the Director of the Office of Student Conduct, Dean of Students and/or the Director of University Student Housing pursuant to the *Code of Student Conduct* to adjudicate alleged violations of the *Code of Student Conduct*.

Managing Director

The term Managing Director refers to the Managing Director of the Office of Student Conduct” or designee who has oversight of implementation of the *Code of Student Conduct* to include but is not limited to determination of Investigation of incidents, all notification procedures, interim actions/suspensions, Investigation procedures, adjudication procedures and appellate procedures.

Member of the University Community

The term “member of the University community” includes any person who is a student, faculty or staff member, University official or any person employed by the University or campus visitors.

Official Academic Record

The term “official academic record” includes, but is not limited to applications for admission, the awarding of a degree, grade reports, test papers, registration materials, grade change forms, and reporting forms used by the Office of the Registrar.

Organization

The term “organization” means a fraternity, sorority, association, corporation, order, society, corps, club, or student government, a band or musical group or an academic club, athletic, cheerleading, or dance team, including any group or team that participates in National Collegiate Athletic Association competition, or a service, social, or similar group, whose members are primarily students.

Policy

The term “policy” is defined as the written regulations, standards and/or rules of the University.

Policy Clarification

The term “policy clarification” refers to written notice to a student when it is determined that the information reported does not warrant an allegation, but may warrant notice to the involved parties to clarify the policy in question.

Preponderance of Evidence

The term “preponderance of evidence” is the standard of proof used by Student Conduct Hearing Officers, Office of Student Conduct and University Student Housing. It is defined as a circumstance

in which the evidence as a whole shows that the fact(s) for which proof is being sought are more likely than not.

Religious Holy Day

The term “religious holy day” means a holy day observed by a religion whose places of worship are exempt from property taxation under Texas Tax Code § 11.20.

Respondent

The term “Respondent” refers to the party responding to the complaint or concern reported regarding their behavior or actions.

Retaliation

The term “Retaliation” is defined as any intentional, adverse action taken by any party to the matter, absent legitimate nondiscriminatory purposes, against a participant [or supporter of a participant] in an investigation and/or conduct process, civil rights grievance proceeding, or other protected activity. Retaliation is strictly prohibited against a person who files a report through appropriate university reporting mechanisms made in good faith, who assists someone in filing a report, or participated in any manner in the investigation and/or conduct process.

Simultaneous(ly)

The term “simultaneous” or “simultaneously” is defined as soon as feasibly possible and does not necessarily mean instantaneous.

Sponsorship and/or co-sponsorship

The term “sponsorship and/or co-sponsorship” is defined as minimally including, but not limited to, direct participation in planning, coordination and implementation by members of the sponsoring organizations.

Student

The term “student” includes all persons admitted to or enrolled in courses at the University, either full time or part time, pursuing undergraduate, graduate or professional studies, and/or those who attend postsecondary educational institutions other than Texas Tech University and who reside in University residence halls. Persons who are not officially enrolled for a particular term but who have a continuing relationship with the University are considered “students”.

Student/Student Organization Conduct History

The term “student/student organization conduct history” includes, but is not limited to any responsible finding in a conduct proceeding.

Student Organization

Texas Tech University defines a student organization as a group consisting of 5 or more students (president, treasurer, and a minimum of three members) joining together for a common mission, cause, and/or any other association. Only currently enrolled students are eligible to be part of student

organizations at TTU. TTU registers student organizations annually through the Center for Campus Life. Registered student organizations are bound by the expectations set forth by the Center for Campus Life and receive all rights and Responsibilities outlined by TTU (Section N. Registered student organizations 1.a). Student organizations that are unregistered may not access University resources however, unregistered student organizations shall be subject to the TTU Code of Student Conduct.

Student Threat Assessment Team (STAT)

Under the direction of the Dean of Students, The STAT is a subsidiary of the Behavioral Intervention Team that responds to reports of imminent threat(s) involving a student.

University

The term “University” means Texas Tech University and Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center.

University Official

The term “University official” includes any person employed by Texas Tech University or Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center while performing assigned administrative or professional Responsibilities.

University Premises

The term “University premises” includes all land, buildings, facilities and other property in the possession of or owned, used or controlled by the University (including adjacent streets and sidewalks)