Reported Occupationally Acquired Infections Reptilia (Snakes, Lizards, Turtles) Zoonoses

Disease	Causative Organism	Probable Means of Spread to Man	Prevention
Salmonellosis	Salmonella spp.	Fecal contamination; occupational exposure	Good sanitation, along with good personal hygiene, avoiding stress, and using salmonella free feed, is very important; thoroughly wash hands after animal contact
Yersiniosis	Yersinia spp	Ingestion; recreational exposure	Use good hygienic practices, especially handwashing

Physical Hazards:

- Includes animal induced injuries:
 - o Bite
 - Scratch Wounds
 - o "Hot Snakes", Can Cause Poison Intoxication.