TTUISD - TEKS Tracker					
Author Submission Date/					
Evaluator Evaluation Date/					
TTU Course: SCI 5B - Science, Grade 5 (v.2.0), Second S	emes	ter			
TEKS: §112.7 Grade 5					
			-		
TEKS Requirement (Elementary)		Sem. B	Lesson & Assignment Number	Textbook Chapter/Page #	Bloom's Taxonomy
§112.7. Science, Grade 5.					
The provisions of this subchapter shall be implemented by school districts beginning September 1, 1998, and at that time shall supersede §75.28(a)-(f) of this title (relating to Science).					
(a) Introduction.					
(1) In Grade 5, the study of science includes planning and implementing field and laborator investigations using scientific methods, analyzing information, making informed decisions, and using tools such as nets and cameras to collect and record information. Students also us computers and information technology tools to support scientific investigations.	e				
(2) As students learn science skills, they identify structures and functions of Earth systems including the crust, mantle, and core and the effect of weathering on landforms. Students learn that growth, erosion, and dissolving are examples of how some past events have affected present events. Students learn about magnetism, physical states of matter, and conductivity as preparities that are used to classify matter. Usedition, students learn that					
light, heat, and electricity are all forms of energy.					
(3) Students learn that adaptations can improve the survival of members of a species, and					
they explore an organism's niche within an ecosystem. Students continue the study of					
and study examples of learned characteristics					
(4) Science is a way of learning about the natural world. Students should know how science	•				
has built a vast body of changing and increasing knowledge described by physical,					
mathematical, and conceptual models, and also should know that science may not answer al	1				
(5) A system is a collection of cycles structures and processes that interact. Students should	d				
understand a whole in terms of its components and how these components relate to each					
other and to the whole. All systems have basic properties that can be described in terms of space, time, energy, and matter. Change and constancy occur in systems and can be observe and measured as patterns. These patterns help to predict what will happen next and can change over time.	d				
(6) Investigations are used to learn about the natural world. Students should understand that certain types of questions can be answered by investigations, and that methods, models, and conclusions built from these investigations change as new observations are made. Models o objects and events are tools for understanding the natural world and can show how systems work. They have limitations and based on new discoveries are constantly being modified to more closely reflect the natural world.	f				
(b) Knowledge and skills.					
 Scientific processes. The student conducts field and laboratory investigations following home and school safety procedures and environmentally appropriate and ethical practices. The student is expected to: 					
(A) demonstrate safe practices during field and laboratory investigations; and		В	76-80, 105-117, 126-139	D4-D23, E4-E53, F72-F109	Apply
(B) make wise choices in the use and conservation of resources and the disposal or recyclir of materials.	g	В	76-78, 94, 98, 108, 131	D28-D49, E48- E49, E52, E53, F22-F33	Evaluate
(2) Scientific processes. The student uses scientific methods during field and laboratory investigations. The student is expected to:					
 (A) plan and implement descriptive and simple experimental investigations including askin well-defined questions, formulating testable hypotheses, and selecting and using equipment and technology; 	g	В	94, 105, 115, 128, 131	D12-D13, D18- D19, D36, D37, E30-E37, F60- F61, F66-F67, F72- F73	Apply

(B) collect information by observing and measuring;		В	76-78, 81, 94, 98, 101, 110, 115, 126	D18-D29, D40- D49, E30-E31, E36-E37, E44- E49, F32-F39, F86 F97, F102-F109	Create
(C) analyze and interpret information to construct reasonable explanations from direct and indirect evidence;		В	76, 83, 85, 98, 110, 111, 115, 127, 135	D12, D13, D18, D19, D22-D33, D40-D53, E18- E21, E26-E27, E30-E31, E36, E37, E44-E49, F8- F17, F44-F47, F54 F61, F64-F67	Analyze
(D) communicate valid conclusions; and		В	78, 86, 106, 113	D6-D7, D18, D19, D27-D29, D32- De7, E21-E27, E30, E31, E36, E37, E44, E49, E53, F26-F33, F38 F47, F90-F97	Create
(E) construct simple graphs, tables, maps, and charts using tools including computers to organize, examine, and evaluate information.		В	85, 86, 94, 111, 120, 121, 133, 135, 138	D12-D13, D22- D23, D34, D35, D42-D-D43, E24- E25, E44, E45, E48, E49, E56, F8- F11, F16-F17, F22, F23, F58, F61, F86-F87, F96 F97, F102-F103	Create
(3) Scientific processes. The student uses critical thinking and scientific problem solving to make informed decisions. The student is expected to:					
(A) analyze, review, and critique scientific explanations, including hypotheses and theories, as to their strengths and weaknesses using scientific evidence and information;		В	89, 97, 108, 115, 131, 135, 139	D20-D21, E38- E39, E56, F10- F11, F26-F27, F40 F41, F116-F117	Evaluate
(B) draw inferences based on information related to promotional materials for products and services;		В	91, 108, 113, 131, 139	E56, F116-F117	Evaluate
(C) represent the natural world using models and identify their limitations;		В	78, 89, 98, 101, 108, 113, 117, 126, 132	D6-D9, D44-D45, D52, D55, E32- E37, E52-E53, E50-E55	Create
(D) evaluate the impact of research on scientific thought, society, and the environment; and		В	76, 113, 117, 132, 139	D12-D17, D19, D24-D25, F114- E115, E28-E29	Evaluate
(E) connect Grade 5 science concepts with the history of science and contributions of scientists.		В	82, 88, 113, 123, 125, 147	D22-D23,D48- D53, E26-E31, F86-F91, F50-F55	Create
(4) Scientific processes. The student knows how to use a variety of tools and methods to conduct science inquiry. The student is expected to:					
(A) collect and analyze information using tools including calculators, microscopes, cameras sound recorders, computers, hand lenses, rulers, thermometers, compasses, balances, hot plates, meter sticks, timing devices, magnets, collecting nets, and safety goggles; and	i.,	В	81, 88, 97, 100, 101, 102, 103, 114	D12-D13, D22- D23, D28-D29, D44-D45, E12- E13, E20-E21, E36-E37, E48- E49, F82-F87, F96 F97, F102-F103	Analyze
(B) demonstrate that repeated investigations may increase the reliability of results.		В	97, 109, 131, 135	D12-D13	Apply
(5) Science concepts. The student knows that a system is a collection of cycles, structures, and processes that interact. The student is expected to:					

(A) describe some cycles, structures, and processes that are found in a simple system; and	В	78, 111	D6, D9, D16-D17, D22-D23, D54- D55, E38-E39, F8- F9, F20, F23, F72- F73	Understand
(B) describe some interactions that occur in a simple system.	В	78, 95, 111, 115, 131, 133	D8-D9, D16-D17, E36-E39, F20, F23, F68-F69, F720F73	Understand
(6) Science concepts. The student knows that some change occurs in cycles. The student is expected to:				
 (A) identify events and describe changes that occur on a regular basis such as in daily, weekly, lunar, and seasonal cycles; 	В	78, 95, 111	D6-D9, D22-D25, E34-E35	Understand
(B) identify the significance of the water, carbon, and nitrogen cycles; and	B			Understand
 (C) describe and compare life cycles of plants and animals. (7) Science concerts. The student knows that matter has physical properties. The student is 	В			Evaluate
(7) Science concepts. The student knows that matter has physical properties. The student is expected to:				
(A) classify matter based on its physical properties including magnetism, physical state, and the ability to conduct or insulate heat, electricity, and sound;	В	104, 108, 111, 117, 118, 126, 127	E6-E7, E14, E17, E40-E49, F4-F5, F8-F9, F68-F73, F78-F83, F116- F117	Create
(B) demonstrate that some mixtures maintain the physical properties of their ingredients;	В	104, 109, 111, 114, 127	E10-E11, E24- E25, F30-F33	Apply
(C) identify changes that can occur in the physical properties of the ingredients of solutions such as dissolving sugar in water; and	В	105, 108, 114	E24-E25, E32- E33, E52-F53	Understand
(D) observe and measure characteristic properties of substances that remain constant such as boiling points and melting points.	В	104, 105, 108	E10, E13, E18- E19, E22-E23	Apply
(8) Science concepts. The student knows that energy occurs in many forms. The student is expected to:				
(A) differentiate among forms of energy including light, heat, electrical, and solar energy;	В	86, 87, 90, 95, 109, 118, 131, 136	D30-D35, F66- F79, F82-F85, F104-F107, F110- F111	Analyze
(B) identify and demonstrate everyday examples of how light is reflected, such as from tinted windows, and refracted, such as in cameras, telescopes, and eyeglasses;	В	81, 109, 118, 145, 146	F94-F81, F90-F91	Apply
(C) demonstrate that electricity can flow in a circuit and can produce heat, light, sound, and magnetic effects; and	В	118, 143, 144, 145	E42-F43, F66- F68, F70-F73, F90- F91	Apply
(D) verify that vibrating an object can produce sound.	В	146	F78-F81	Analyze
(9) Science concepts. The student knows that adaptations may increase the survival of members of a species. The student is expected to:				
 (A) compare the adaptive characteristics of species that improve their ability to survive and reproduce in an ecosystem: 	В	84	D30-D31	Analyze
(B) analyze and describe adaptive characteristics that result in an organism's unique niche in an ecosystem; and	В	84	D18-D32, D84	Analyze
(C) predict some adaptive characteristics required for survival and reproduction by an organism in an ecosystem.	В	84, 85	D18-D23, D84- D85	Evaluate
(10) Science concepts. The student knows that likenesses between offspring and parents can be inherited or learned. The student is expected to:				
(A) identify traits that are inherited from parent to offspring in plants and animals; and	В			Understand
(B) give examples of learned characteristics that result from the influence of the environment.	В			Apply
(11) Science concepts. The student knows that certain past events affect present and future events. The student is expected to:				
(A) identify and observe actions that require time for changes to be measurable, including growth, erosion, dissolving, weathering, and flow;	В	81, 82, 84, 85	D10-D13, D40- D41, F10-F11	Analyze
(B) draw conclusions about "what happened before" using data such as from tree-growth rings and sedimentary rock sequences; and	В	82, 84, 91	D10-D13, D40- D41, F10-F11	Evaluate
(C) identify past events that led to the formation of the Earth's renewable, non-renewable, and inexhaustible resources.	В	86, 91	F98-F99, F104- F107, F110-F113	Analyze
(12) Science concepts. The student knows that the natural world includes earth materials				
and objects in the sky. The student is expected to: (A) interpret how land forms are the result of a combination of constructive and destructive forease such as denosition of sodiment and user tarians	В	78, 79, 84	D8-D9, D12-D13,	Understand
(B) describe processes responsible for the formation of coal, oil, gas, and minerals;	В	81, 148, 150	D10-D11, F96- F101, F110-F117	Understand

(C) identify the physical characteristics of the Earth and compare them to the physical characteristics of the moon; and	В	76, 77, 78, 83, 84, 92, 98, 99	D8-D9, D12, D18- D19, D24-D25, F98-F99	Understand
(D) identify gravity as the force that keeps planets in orbit around the Sun and the moon in orbit around the Earth.	В	84, 92, 97, 98, 99, 128, 141	D6-D7, D30-D35, E48-E53, F8-F9, F58-F59	Understand
Source: The provisions of this \$112.7 adopted to be effective September 1, 1998, 22 TexReg 7647.				