	TTUISD - TEK	S Tra	cker					
Author	_ Submission Date	/	/					
Evaluator	_ Evaluation Date							
TTU	ISD: English Languag	e Arts a	nd Reading	7 (ELAR	7B) v.3	3.0		
TEKS: §110.19 English			~	•			009-2010	
	Text: Literature:	<u> </u>					.005-2010	
TEKS Req	uirement (Secondar		ireusures, c	ourse 2.	Sem. A	Lesson & Assignment Number	Textbook Chapter/Page #	Bloom's Taxonomy
§110.19. English Language Arts a Year 2009-2010.	nd Reading, Grade 7, Be	ginning v	with School					
(a) Introduction.								
(1) The English Language Arts and Skills (TEKS) are organized into the read and understand a wide variety where students compose a variety coherent organization, and sufficient expected to know how to locate a synthesize, and present ideas and it students listen and respond to the ideas in conversations and in grout students learn how to use the oral language in speaking and writing. continue to address earlier standart their grade. In seventh grade, stud prior knowledge and skills in order language skills. Students should re-	the following strands: Re y of literary and informat of written texts with a cl ent detail; Research, whe range of relevant sources information; Listening ar ideas of others while con ps; and Oral and Written and written conventions The standards are cumul ds as needed while they ents will engage in activi- er to strengthen their read	ading, wh ional text ear contro- re studen and eval d Speaki tributing Convent of the En ativestu attend to ties that l ing, writi	here students ts; Writing, olling idea, ts are uate, ng, where their own ions, where glish idents will standards for puild on their					
(2) For students whose first langu language serves as a foundation for			ative					
(A) English language learners (El English, and learning to read simu reading instruction should be com in phonemic awareness, phonics, o simultaneously being taught acade strategies. Reading instruction tha words and to make sense of those make sense of what they read and fluency, spelling, and grammatica done in meaningful contexts and r	Iltaneously. For this reaso prehensive and that stude decoding, and word attac emic vocabulary and com t enhances ELL's ability words in context will exp learn from reading. Addi l conventions of academi not in isolation.	on, it is in onts recei k skills w prehension to decode bedite the tionally, c languag	nperative that ve instruction while on skills and e unfamiliar fir ability to developing ge must be					
(B) For ELLs, comprehension of comprehensible input. ELL studer language (e.g., cognates) to furthe to be taught in the context of conn ELLs must learn how rhetorical de native language. At the same time focus is on academic English, con the content.	nts should use the knowle r vocabulary developmen lected discourse so that la evices in English differ fi English learners are lear	dge of th at. Vocab nguage i om those ning in E	eir first ulary needs s meaningful. e in their anglish, the					

(C) During initial stages of English development, ELLs are expected to meet			
standards in a second language that many monolingual English speakers find			
difficult to meet in their native language. However, English language learners'			
abilities to meet these standards will be influenced by their proficiency in			
English. While English language learners can analyze, synthesize, and evaluate,			
their level of English proficiency may impede their ability to demonstrate this			
knowledge during the initial stages of English language acquisition. It is also			
critical to understand that ELLs with no previous or with interrupted schooling			
will require explicit and strategic support as they acquire English and learn to			
learn in English simultaneously.			
(3) To meet Public Education Goal 1 of the Texas Education Code, §4.002,			
which states, "The students in the public education system will demonstrate			
exemplary performance in the reading and writing of the English language,"			
students will accomplish the essential knowledge, skills, and student expectations			
at Grade 7 as described in subsection (b) of this section.			
(4) To meet Texas Education Code, §28.002(h), which states, " each school			
district shall foster the continuation of the tradition of teaching United States and			
Texas history and the free enterprise system in regular subject matter and in			
reading courses and in the adoption of textbooks," students will be provided oral			
and written narratives as well as other informational texts that can help them to			
become thoughtful, active citizens who appreciate the basic democratic values of			
our state and nation.			
(b) Knowledge and skills.			
(1) Reading/Fluency. Students read grade-level text with fluency and			
comprehension. Students are expected to adjust fluency when reading aloud	В	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Analyze
grade-level text based on the reading purpose and the nature of the text.			
(2) Reading/Vocabulary Development. Students understand new vocabulary and			
use it when reading and writing. Students are expected to:			
(A) determine the meaning of grade-level academic English words derived from	D	2	TT 1 / 1
Latin, Greek, or other linguistic roots and affixes;	В	3	Understand
(B) use context (within a sentence and in larger sections of text) to determine or	_	_	
clarify the meaning of unfamiliar or ambiguous words;	В	1	Analyze
(C) complete analogies that describe part to whole or whole to part;			Create
(D) identify the meaning of foreign words commonly used in written English			Crowe
with emphasis on Latin and Greek words (e.g., habeus corpus, e pluribus unum,			Understand
bona fide, nemesis); and			Understand
(E) use a dictionary, a glossary, or a thesaurus (printed or electronic) to			
determine the meanings, syllabication, pronunciations, alternate word choices,			Understand
and parts of speech of words.			
(3) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Theme and Genre. Students			
analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about theme and genre in			
different cultural, historical, and contemporary contexts and provide evidence			
from the text to support their understanding. Students are expected to:			
(A) describe multiple themes in a work of fiction;	В	1	Analyze
(B) describe conventions in myths and epic tales (e.g., extended simile, the	В	1	Understand
quest, the hero's tasks, circle stories); and	Ы	1	onderstand
(C) analyze how place and time influence the theme or message of a literary	В	1	Analyze
(4) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Poetry. Students understand, make			
inferences and draw conclusions about the structure and elements of poetry and			
provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected			Analyze
to analyze the importance of graphical elements (e.g., capital letters, line length,			i mary 20
word position) on the meaning of a poem.			

			T	
(5) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Drama. Students understand, make				
inferences and draw conclusions about the structure and elements of drama and	В	1		Understand
provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected	D	1		Onderstand
to explain a playwright's use of dialogue and stage directions.				
(6) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Fiction. Students understand, make				
inferences and draw conclusions about the structure and elements of fiction and				
provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected				
to:				
(A) explain the influence of the setting on plot development;	В	1		Understand
(B) analyze the development of the plot through the internal and external				
responses of the characters, including their motivations and conflicts; and	В	1		Analyze
(C) analyze different forms of point of view, including first-person, third-person				
omniscient, and third-person limited.	В	1		Analyze
(7) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Literary Nonfiction. Students				
understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the varied structural				
patterns and features of literary nonfiction and provide evidence from text to				
support their understanding. Students are expected to describe the structural and	В	2		Analyze
substantive differences between an autobiography or a diary and a fictional				
adaptation of it.				
(8) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Sensory Language. Students				
understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about how an author's sensory				
language creates imagery in literary text and provide evidence from text to				
support their understanding. Students are expected to determine the figurative	В	2		Analyze
meaning of phrases and analyze how an author's use of language creates imagery,				5
appeals to the senses, and suggests mood.				
appears to the senses, and suggests mood.				
(9) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Culture and History. Students				
analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about the author's purpose in				
cultural, historical, and contemporary contexts and provide evidence from the				Amalyza
text to support their understanding. Students are expected to explain the				Analyze
difference between the theme of a literary work and the author's purpose in an				
expository text.				
(10) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Expository Text. Students				
analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about expository text and provide				
evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to:				
(A) evaluate a summary of the original text for accuracy of the main ideas,				
supporting details, and overall meaning;	В	4		Evaluate
(B) distinguish factual claims from commonplace assertions and opinions;	В	3		Evaluate
(C) use different organizational patterns as guides for summarizing and forming	D	4		Crusta
an overview of different kinds of expository text; and	В	4		Create
(D) synthesize and make logical connections between ideas within a text and				
across two or three texts representing similar or different genres, and support	В	5		Create
those findings with textual evidence.				
(11) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Persuasive Text. Students				
analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about persuasive text and provide				
evidence from text to support their analysis. Students are expected to:				
(A) analyze the structure of the central argument in contemporary policy				
speeches (e.g., argument by cause and effect, analogy, authority) and identify the	В	3		Analyze
different types of evidence used to support the argument; and	-	2		y 220
(B) identify such rhetorical fallacies as ad hominem, exaggeration, stereotyping,				
or categorical claims in persuasive texts.	В	3		Understand

			[1
(12) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Procedural Texts. Students				
understand how to glean and use information in procedural texts and documents. Students are expected to:				
-	_			
(A) follow multi-dimensional instructions from text to complete a task, solve a	В	1, 4, 5		Apply
problem, or perform procedures; and				
(B) explain the function of the graphical components of a text.	В	4, 5		Understand
(13) Reading/Media Literacy. Students use comprehension skills to analyze how				
words, images, graphics, and sounds work together in various forms to impact				
meaning. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater depth in				
increasingly more complex texts. Students are expected to:				
(A) interpret both explicit and implicit messages in various forms of media;	В	4		Understand
(B) interpret how visual and sound techniques (e.g., special effects, camera	В	4		Understand
angles, lighting, music) influence the message;	D	4		Understand
(C) evaluate various ways media influences and informs audiences; and	В	4		Evaluate
(D) assess the correct level of formality and tone for successful participation in	D			
various digital media.	В	4		Analyze
(14) Writing/Writing Process. Students use elements of the writing process				
(planning, drafting, revising, editing, and publishing) to compose text. Students				
are expected to:				
(A) plan a first draft by selecting a genre appropriate for conveying the intended				
meaning to an audience, determining appropriate topics through a range of				
strategies (e.g., discussion, background reading, personal interests, interviews),	В	2, 5		Create
and developing a thesis or controlling idea;				
(B) develop drafts by choosing an appropriate organizational strategy (e.g.,				
sequence of events, cause-effect, compare-contrast) and building on ideas to	В	2,5		Create
create a focused, organized, and coherent piece of writing;	Ъ	2, 5		Cicate
(C) revise drafts to ensure precise word choice and vivid images; consistent				
point of view; use of simple, compound, and complex sentences; internal and				
external coherence; and the use of effective transitions after rethinking how well	В	2, 5		Evaluate
questions of purpose, audience, and genre have been addressed;				
(D) edit drafts for grammar, mechanics, and spelling; and	В	2,5		Evaluate
(E) revise final draft in response to feedback from peers and teacher and publish	Б	2, 5		Lvaluate
written work for appropriate audiences.	В	2, 5		Evaluate
(15) Writing/Literary Texts. Students write literary texts to express their ideas				
and feelings about real or imagined people, events, and ideas. Students are				
expected to:				
-	_			
(A) write an imaginative story that:				C t
(i) sustains reader interest;				Create
(ii) includes well-paced action and an engaging story line;				Create
(iii) creates a specific, believable setting through the use of sensory details;				Create
(iv) develops interesting characters; and				Create
(v) uses a range of literary strategies and devices to enhance the style and tone;				Evaluate
and (D) is a second sec	_			
(B) write a poem using:	_			a i
(i) poetic techniques (e.g., rhyme scheme, meter);				Create
(ii) figurative language (e.g., personification, idioms, hyperbole); and				Create
(iii) graphic elements (e.g., word position).				Create
(16) Writing. Students write about their own experiences. Students are expected				
to write a personal narrative that has a clearly defined focus and communicates	В	2		Create
the importance of or reasons for actions and/or consequences.				

(17) Writing/Expository and Procedural Texts. Students write expository and	<u> </u>		
procedural or work-related texts to communicate ideas and information to			
specific audiences for specific purposes. Students are expected to:			
			C t
(A) write a multi-paragraph essay to convey information about a topic that:		4	Create
(i) presents effective introductions and concluding paragraphs;	B	4	Create
(ii) contains a clearly stated purpose or controlling idea;	В	4	Create
(iii) is logically organized with appropriate facts and details and includes no	В	4	Create
extraneous information or inconsistencies;			
(iv) accurately synthesizes ideas from several sources; and	В	4	 Create
(v) uses a variety of sentence structures, rhetorical devices, and transitions to	В	4	Create
link paragraphs;	2		cieute
(B) write a letter that reflects an opinion, registers a complaint, or requests	В	3	Create
information in a business or friendly context;	В	5	Cleate
(C) write responses to literary or expository texts that demonstrate the writing			
skills for multi-paragraph essays and provide sustained evidence from the text	В	1	Create
using quotations when appropriate; and			
(D) produce a multimedia presentation involving text and graphics using	р	5	Create
available technology.	В	5	Create
(18) Writing/Persuasive Texts. Students write persuasive texts to influence the			
attitudes or actions of a specific audience on specific issues. Students are			
expected to write a persuasive essay to the appropriate audience that:			
(A) establishes a clear thesis or position;	В	3	Create
(B) considers and responds to the views of others and anticipates and answers	В	3	Evaluate
reader concerns and counter-arguments; and	В	5	Lvaluate
(C) includes evidence that is logically organized to support the author's	В	3	Create
viewpoint and that differentiates between fact and opinion.	D	5	Create
(19) Oral and Written Conventions/Conventions. Students understand the			
function of and use the conventions of academic language when speaking and			
writing. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater complexity.			
Students are expected to:			
(A) identify, use, and understand the function of the following parts of speech in			
the context of reading, writing, and speaking:			
(i) verbs (perfect and progressive tenses) and participles;		concept	
		explained in	
	D	1,3; all	
	В	written	Apply
		assignments	
		(1-5)	
(ii) appositive phrases;		concept	
		explained in	
	В	3; all written	Apply
		assignments	
		(3-5)	
(iii) adverbial and adjectival phrases and clauses;		concept	
		explained in	
	В	3; all written	Apply
		assignments	
		(3-5)	
(iv) conjunctive adverbs (e.g., consequently, furthermore, indeed);		concept	
		explained in	
	В	4; all written	Apply
		assignments (4-5)	

(v) prepositions and prepositional phrases and their influence on subject-verb		all written	
agreement;	В	assignments	Apply
(vi) relative pronouns (e.g., whose, that, which);		all written	
	В	assignments	Apply
(vii) subordinating conjunctions (e.g., because, since); and		all written	
	В	assignments	Apply
(viii) transitions for sentence to sentence or paragraph to paragraph coherence;		concept	
		explained in	
		2,4; all	
	В	written	Apply
		assignments	
		(2-5)	
(B) write complex sentences and differentiate between main versus subordinate		all written	~
clauses; and	В	assignments	Create
(C) use a variety of complete sentences (e.g., simple, compound, complex) that			
include properly placed modifiers, correctly identified antecedents, parallel	В	all written	Create
structures, and consistent tenses.		assignments	
(20) Oral and Written Conventions/Handwriting, Capitalization, and			
Punctuation. Students write legibly and use appropriate capitalization, and			
punctuation conventions in their compositions. Students are expected to:			
(A) use conventions of capitalization; and	_	all written	~
	В	assignments	Create
(B) recognize and use punctuation marks including:		<u> </u>	Create
(i) commas after introductory words, phrases, and clauses; and		all written	
(·/ ···································	В	assignments	Create
		(4-5)	
(ii) semicolons, colons, and hyphens.		all written	
	В	assignments	Create
		(4-5)	
(21) Oral and Written Conventions/Spelling. Students spell correctly. Students			
are expected to spell correctly, including using various resources to determine	В	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Evaluate
and check correct spellings.			
(22) Research/Research Plan. Students ask open-ended research questions and			
develop a plan for answering them. Students are expected to:			
(A) brainstorm, consult with others, decide upon a topic, and formulate a major		_	~
research question to address the major research topic; and	В	5	Create
(B) apply steps for obtaining and evaluating information from a wide variety of			
sources and create a written plan after preliminary research in reference works	В	5	Create
and additional text searches.			
(23) Research/Gathering Sources. Students determine, locate, and explore the			
full range of relevant sources addressing a research question and systematically			
record the information they gather. Students are expected to:			
(A) follow the research plan to gather information from a range of relevant print		_	
and electronic sources using advanced search strategies;	В	5	Apply
(B) categorize information thematically in order to see the larger constructs	- D	_	
inherent in the information;	В	5	Analyze
(C) record bibliographic information (e.g., author, title, page number) for all	Б	F	Create
notes and sources according to a standard format; and	В	5	Create
(D) differentiate between paraphrasing and plagiarism and identify the	п	F	Evolution
importance of citing valid and reliable sources.	В	5	Evaluate
(24) Research/Synthesizing Information. Students clarify research questions and			
evaluate and synthesize collected information. Students are expected to:			
(A) narrow or broaden the major research question, if necessary, based on	_	5	
	В		Evaluate

used (e.g., publication date, coverage, language, point of view) and explain why one source is more useful than another.B5Evaluate(25) Research/Organizing and Presenting Ideas. Students organize and present their ideas and information according to the purpose of the research and their audience. Students are expected to synthesize the research into a written or an oral presentation that:B5Evaluate(A) draws conclusions and summarizes or paraphrases the findings in a systematic way;B5Create(B) marshals evidence to explain the topic and gives relevant reasons for conclusions;B5Create(C) presents the findings in a meaningful format; andB5Create(D) follows accepted formats for integrating quotations and citations into the written text to maintain a flow of ideas.B5Create(26) Listening and Speaking/Listening. Students will use comprehension skills to listen attentively to others in formal and informal settings. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater complexity. Students are expected to:III(A) listen to and interpret a speaker's purpose by explaining the content, evaluating the delivery of the presentation, and asking questions or making comments about the evidence that supports a speaker's claims;IIII(B) follow and give complex oral instructions to perform specific tasks, answerIIIII	(B) utilize elements that demonstrate the reliability and validity of the sources			
one source is more useful than another. Image: Constraint of the sesarch and their audience. Students and Present in the uprose of the research and their audience. Students are expected to synthesize the research and their audience. Students are expected to synthesize the research into a written or an oral present that: Image: Constraint of the sesarch and their audience. Students and summarizes or paraphrases the findings in a written or an oral present that: Image: Constraint of the sesarch and their audience. Students and summarizes or paraphrases the findings in a systematic way: Image: Constraint of the sesarch and their audience. Students and summarizes or paraphrases the findings in a meaningful format; and Image: Constraint of the sesarch and their audience. Students will constraint on the written text to maintain a flow of ideas. Image: Constraint of the sesarch and their audience with the sesarch and their audience with research and information and or to ideas. Image: Constraint of the sesarch and their audience with the sesarch and a sesarch sesarch and their audience with the sesarch and and informat as the sesarch and their sesarch and their sesarch and their sesarch and their audience with the sesarch and their sesarch and their audience with the sesarch and their audience with the sesarch and their audience with a sevent their sesarch and their audience with a sesarch		В	5	Evaluate
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