

May 2026 Numerical Analysis Prelim Exam

1. **[10 points]** Suppose that $N(h)$ is an approximation to M for every $h > 0$ and that

$$M = N(h) + K_1 h^2 + K_2 h^4 + K_3 h^6 + \cdots$$

for some constants $K_1, K_2, K_3, \dots$.

(a) [5 points] Use the values $N(h)$, $N(h/2)$ and $N(h/4)$ to produce an $O(h^6)$ approximation to M .

(b) [5 points] Given

$$N(h) = 1.570796, \quad N(h/2) = 1.896119, \quad N(h/4) = 1.974232.$$

Construct the best approximation to M as you can.

2. **[10 points]** Consider the definite integral

$$I = \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

(a) [3 points] Construct an approximation to I by using the composite trapezoidal rule with a uniform partition of the interval $[a, b]$.

(b) [4 points] Suppose $f \in C^2[a, b]$, show that the above approximation is second-order accurate.

(c) [3 points] Suppose f is periodic and smooth on the interval $[a, b]$, show that the above approximation is spectral order accurate.

3. **[15 points]** Define an iteration formula by

$$x_{n+1} = z_{n+1} - \frac{f(z_{n+1})}{f'(x_n)}, \quad z_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)}, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

(a) [5 points] Assume $f(x)$, $f'(x)$, $f''(x)$, and $f'''(x)$ are continuous for all x in some neighborhood of α , and assume $f(\alpha) = 0$, $f'(\alpha) \neq 0$. Then if x_0 is chosen sufficiently close to α , show that the order of convergence of $\{x_n\}$ to α is at least 3.

(b) [5 points] For a given $a > 0$, based on the above iteration formula, design an iteration formula for computing $\sqrt{a}$.

(c) [5 points] Use your iteration formula to compute approximations of $\sqrt{10}$ with $x_0 = 3$ for three steps.

4. [15 points] Consider the 2×2 matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ \rho & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) [5 points] Under what condition for ρ , the Gauss-Seidel iterative method is convergent?

(b) [5 points] Find the region of the relaxation parameter ω such that the SOR method converge. What is the optimal relaxation parameter?

(c) [5 points] Repeat the above two questions for the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ -\rho & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

5. [20 points] Consider the following two-point boundary value problem (BVP)

$$\begin{aligned} -u''(x) + \gamma(x)u(x) &= f(x), & 0 < x < 1, \\ u(0) = \alpha, \quad u(1) &= \beta; \end{aligned}$$

where $\gamma(x)$ is a given non-negative function. Choose mesh size $h = \frac{1}{M}$ and denote $x_j = jh$ for $j = 0, 1, \dots, M$. In addition, let u_j be the numerical approximation of $u(x_j)$ for $j = 0, 1, \dots, M$.

(a) [10 points] Construct a second order finite difference discretization for the above BVP and prove the following error estimate

$$\|u - u^h\|_{\infty} := \max_{0 \leq j \leq M} |u(x_j) - u_j| \leq Ch^2,$$

where C is a constant independent of h .

(b) [10 points] Construct a fourth order compact finite difference discretization for the above BVP and establish the following error estimate

$$\|u - u^h\|_{\infty} := \max_{0 \leq j \leq M} |u(x_j) - u_j| \leq Ch^4,$$

where C is a constant independent of h .

6. [20 points] Consider the following gradient flow

$$\begin{aligned}\partial_t u(x, t) &= \partial_{xx} u(x, t) - V(x)u - f(|u|^2)u, \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad t > 0, \\ u(x, 0) &= g_0(x), \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\ u(0, t) &= u(1, t) = 0, \quad t \geq 0,\end{aligned}$$

where $u = u(x, t)$ is a real-valued function, $V(x) \geq 0$ for $0 \leq x \leq 1$ is a given function and $f(\rho) \geq 0$ is a function of ρ .

(a) [5 points] Define the mass and energy as

$$\begin{aligned}M(t) &:= \int_0^1 |u(x, t)|^2 dx, \quad t \geq 0 \\ E(t) &:= \int_0^1 [|\partial_x u|^2 + V(x)|u|^2 + F(|u|^2)] dx\end{aligned}$$

where

$$F(\rho) = \int_0^\rho f(s) ds$$

Show that the mass and energy are diminishing, namely,

$$M(t_2) \leq M(t_1), \quad E(t_2) \leq E(t_1), \quad 0 \leq t_1 < t_2.$$

(b) [5 points] Construct a second-order (in space and time) finite difference method for the problem such that the mass and energy are diminishing in the discretized level.

(c) [5 points] Find the local truncation error of your method. Is the method consistent?

(d) [5 points] When $f(\rho) = 0$, prove the error estimate by using the energy method.

7. [10 points] Proof the following statements.

(a) [5 points] Let $h = 1/n$ and $A = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ & & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & & \ddots & \ddots & \\ 0 & 0 & & 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}.$

Prove that the spectral radius of A is bounded above by $4/h^2$.

(b) [5 points] Suppose $A = (a_{i,j}) \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$ is an invertible matrix with $\sum_{j=1}^n |a_{i,j}| = b$, for any $i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$. Show, first that if D is an invertible diagonal matrix, then $\|DA\|_\infty = b\|D\|_\infty$ and use this to show that

$$\text{cond}_\infty(A) \leq \text{cond}_\infty(DA),$$

where $\text{cond}_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$.