

# May 2026 Numerical Analysis Prelim Exam

1. [10 points] Suppose that  $N(h)$  is an approximation to  $M$  for every  $h > 0$  and that

$$M = N(h) + K_1h^2 + K_2h^4 + K_3h^6 + \cdots$$

for some constants  $K_1, K_2, K_3, \dots$ .

(a) [5 points] Use the values  $N(h)$ ,  $N(h/2)$  and  $N(h/4)$  to produce an  $O(h^6)$  approximation to  $M$ .

(b) [5 points] Given

$$N(h) = 1.570796, \quad N(h/2) = 1.896119, \quad N(h/4) = 1.974232.$$

Construct the best approximation to  $M$  as you can.

2. [10 points] Consider the definite integral

$$I = \int_a^b f(x)dx$$

(a) [3 points] Construct an approximation to  $I$  by using the composite trapezoidal rule with a uniform partition of the interval  $[a, b]$ .

(b) [4 points] Suppose  $f \in C^2[a, b]$ , show that the above approximation is second-order accurate.

(c) [3 points] Suppose  $f$  is periodic and smooth on the interval  $[a, b]$ , show that the above approximation is spectral order accurate.

3. [15 points] Define an iteration formula by

$$x_{n+1} = z_{n+1} - \frac{f(z_{n+1})}{f'(x_n)}, \quad z_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)}, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

(a) [5 points] Assume  $f(x)$ ,  $f'(x)$ ,  $f''(x)$ , and  $f'''(x)$  are continuous for all  $x$  in some neighborhood of  $\alpha$ , and assume  $f(\alpha) = 0$ ,  $f'(\alpha) \neq 0$ . Then if  $x_0$  is chosen sufficiently close to  $\alpha$ , show that the order of convergence of  $\{x_n\}$  to  $\alpha$  is at least 3.

(b) [5 points] For a given  $a > 0$ , based on the above iteration formula, design an iteration formula for computing  $\sqrt{a}$ .

(c) [5 points] Use your iteration formula to compute approximations of  $\sqrt{10}$  with  $x_0 = 3$  for three steps.

4. [15 points] Consider the  $2 \times 2$  matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ \rho & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) [5 points] Under what condition for  $\rho$ , the Gauss-Seidel iterative method is convergent?

(b) [5 points] Find the region of the relaxation parameter  $\omega$  such that the SOR method converge. What is the optimal relaxation parameter?

(c) [5 points] Repeat the above two questions for the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ -\rho & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

5. [20 points] Consider the following two-point boundary value problem (BVP)

$$\begin{aligned} -u''(x) + \gamma(x)u(x) &= f(x), & 0 < x < 1, \\ u(0) = \alpha, \quad u(1) &= \beta; \end{aligned}$$

where  $\gamma(x)$  is a given non-negative function. Choose mesh size  $h = \frac{1}{M}$  and denote  $x_j = jh$  for  $j = 0, 1, \dots, M$ . In addition, let  $u_j$  be the numerical approximation of  $u(x_j)$  for  $j = 0, 1, \dots, M$ .

(a) [10 points] Construct a second order finite difference discretization for the above BVP and prove the following error estimate

$$\|u - u^h\|_{\infty} := \max_{0 \leq j \leq M} |u(x_j) - u_j| \leq Ch^2,$$

where  $C$  is a constant independent of  $h$ .

(b) [10 points] Construct a fourth order compact finite difference discretization for the above BVP and establish the following error estimate

$$\|u - u^h\|_{\infty} := \max_{0 \leq j \leq M} |u(x_j) - u_j| \leq Ch^4,$$

where  $C$  is a constant independent of  $h$ .

6. [20 points] Consider the following gradient flow

$$\begin{aligned}\partial_t u(x, t) &= \partial_{xx} u(x, t) - V(x)u - f(|u|^2)u, & 0 < x < 1, & \quad t > 0, \\ u(x, 0) &= g_0(x), & 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\ u(0, t) = u(1, t) &= 0, & t \geq 0,\end{aligned}$$

where  $u = u(x, t)$  is a real-valued function,  $V(x) \geq 0$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 1$  is a given function and  $f(\rho) \geq 0$  is a function of  $\rho$ .

(a) [5 points] Define the mass and energy as

$$\begin{aligned}M(t) &:= \int_0^1 |u(x, t)|^2 dx, \quad t \geq 0 \\ E(t) &:= \int_0^1 [|\partial_x u|^2 + V(x)|u|^2 + F(|u|^2)] dx\end{aligned}$$

where

$$F(\rho) = \int_0^\rho f(s) ds$$

Show that the mass and energy are diminishing, namely,

$$M(t_2) \leq M(t_1), \quad E(t_2) \leq E(t_1), \quad 0 \leq t_1 < t_2.$$

(b) [5 points] Construct a second-order (in space and time) finite difference method for the problem such that the mass and energy are diminishing in the discretized level.

(c) [5 points] Find the local truncation error of your method. Is the method consistent?

(d) [5 points] When  $f(\rho) = 0$ , prove the error estimate by using the energy method.

7. [10 points] Proof the following statements.

(a) [5 points] Let  $h = 1/n$  and  $A = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ & & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots \\ 0 & 0 & & 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}.$

Prove that the spectral radius of  $A$  is bounded above by  $4/h^2$ .

(b) [5 points] Suppose  $A = (a_{i,j}) \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$  is an invertible matrix with  $\sum_{j=1}^n |a_{i,j}| = b$ , for any  $i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ . Show, first that if  $D$  is an invertible diagonal matrix, then  $\|DA\|_\infty = b\|D\|_\infty$  and use this to show that

$$\text{cond}_\infty(A) \leq \text{cond}_\infty(DA),$$

where  $\text{cond}_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$ .