## TOPOLOGY PRELIMINARY EXAM May, 1996

WORK ALL PROBLEMS. CLEARLY INDICATE ANY MAJOR RESULTS USED. ASSUME ALL SPACES ARE  $T_2$ .

- 1. Give an example of each of the following. Clearly indicate why your example has the desired properties.
- a.) a metric space with no equivalent complete metric,
- b.) a separable space which is not Lindelöf.
- c.) a space in which every infinite set has a limit point, but not every sequence has a convergent subsequence.
- 2. State and prove the Tietze extension theorem.
- 3. Let d be a metric compatible with the topology on the space X. Show that  $d: X \times X \to R$  is a continuous function.
- 4. Let  $X = \prod_{\alpha \in A} X_{\alpha}$ . Prove that X is connected if and only if each  $X_{\alpha}$  is connected.
- 5. Prove that if X is second countable then every base for the topology of X has a countable subcollection which is a base for that topology.
- 6. Show that if  $f: X \to Y$  is a closed, continuous, surjection with X locally compact and each  $f^{-1}(y)$  compact, then Y is locally compact.
- 7. Let  $p:(E,e_0)\to (X,x_0)$  be a covering space map of the path connected space X. Show that if  $p^{-1}(x_0)$  has exactly k elements, then  $p^{-1}(x)$  has exactly k elements for each  $x\in X$ .
- 8. A path connected space X is 1-simple if and only if every two paths p and q in X with p(0)=q(0) and p(1)=q(1) induce the same isomorphism from  $\pi_1(X,p(0))$  to  $\pi_1(X,p(1))$ , i.e.  $[p^r][\alpha][p]=[q^r][\alpha][q]$  for each loop  $\alpha$  based at p(0). Show that X is 1-simple if and only if  $\pi_1(X)$  is abelian.
- 9. Suppose that X and Y are topological spaces and that  $f: X \to Y$  is a homotopy equivalence with homotopy inverse  $g: Y \to X$ . Show that  $\pi_1(X, x_0)$  is isomorphic to  $\pi_1(Y, f(x_0))$ . [WARNING: While  $gf \sim id_X$ , the homotopy need not keep  $x_0$  fixed.]