

Cool Season Perennials for Reclamation in the Southern Plains Region

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The grazing gap

Nov - April

Low abundance of native
perennial cool season
forages

Spring calving cow herds



Tradition

- Plant annuals
- Buy hay
- Long term consequences
 - Soil infertility & erosion
 - High inputs

Forage Species

Mediterranean/ semi-summer dormant varieties

Gala grazing brome
(*Bromus stamineus*)

Temora tall fescue
(*Lolium arundinaceum*)

Native grass variety

Western wheatgrass
(*Pascopyrum smithii*)



Temora tall fescue (*Lolium arundinaceum*)

- endophyte-free
- high productivity/persistence, low rainfall
- deep root system
- Highly palatable
- Ideal for dryland or drip irrigation



Gala grazing brome (*Bromus stamineus*)



- Endophyte free
- Densely tillered, short tillers
- Persistent in overgrazed areas
- Palatable
- Drought avoidant
 - Ideal for dry land

Arriba Western wheatgrass (*Pascopyrum smithii*)

- Courser leaves
- Stronger rhizomes, aggressive sod forming
- Ideal for soil stabilization and erosion control
- Tolerant of saline conditions
- “Palatable”
- Later reproductive stage (July)



Design

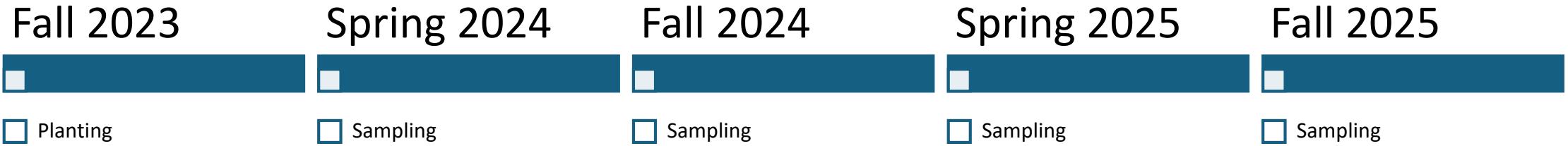
TTU New Deal Research Farm

- Two ~2.4-hectare pastures
- ~0.4-hectare subplots

Initial planting Fall 2023



Design



- Biomass
- Bare ground
- Grass
- Other species
- Litter
- Forage analysis



Analysis

$Y = \text{species} + \text{paddock} + e$

Results are within year

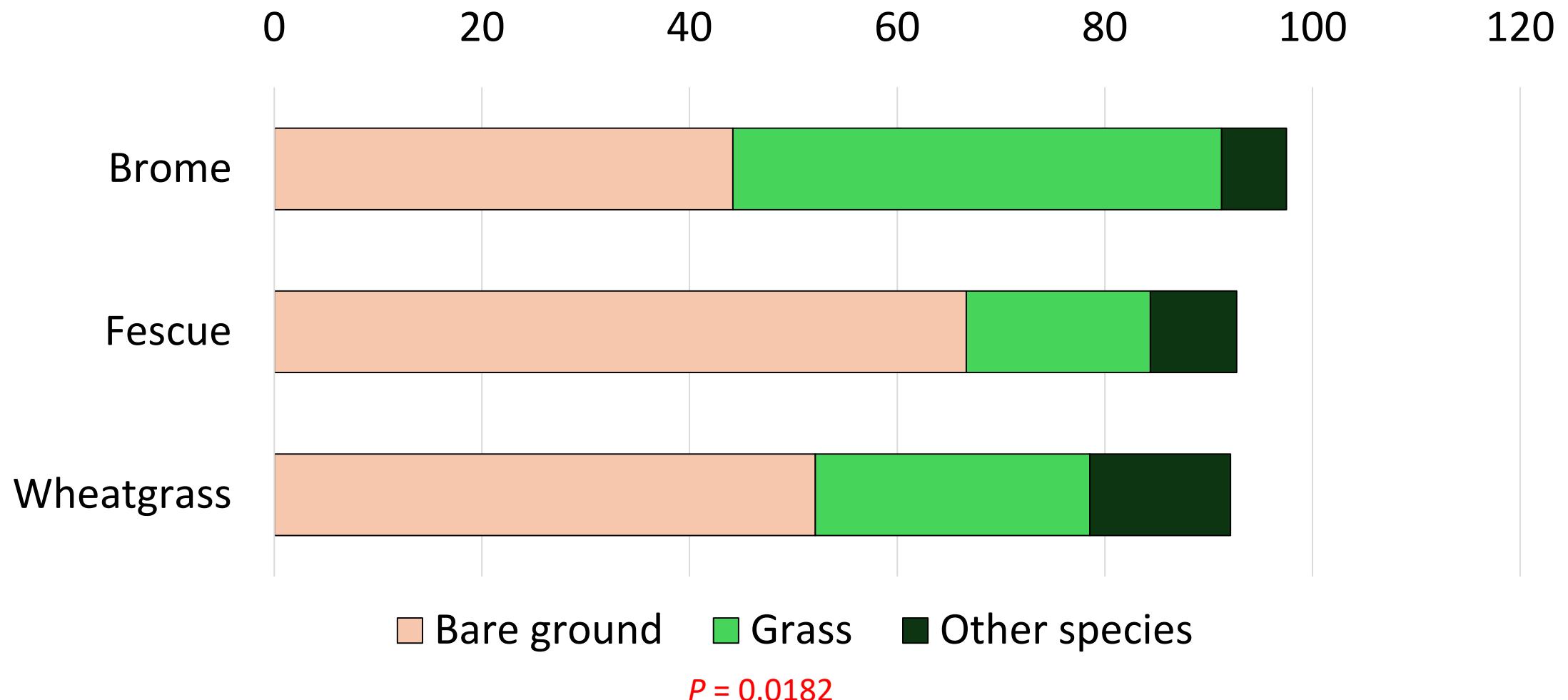
Vegetative Results

- Bare ground
- Grass
- Other species
- Litter (only applies to year 2)
- Grass:ground
- Grass:weed

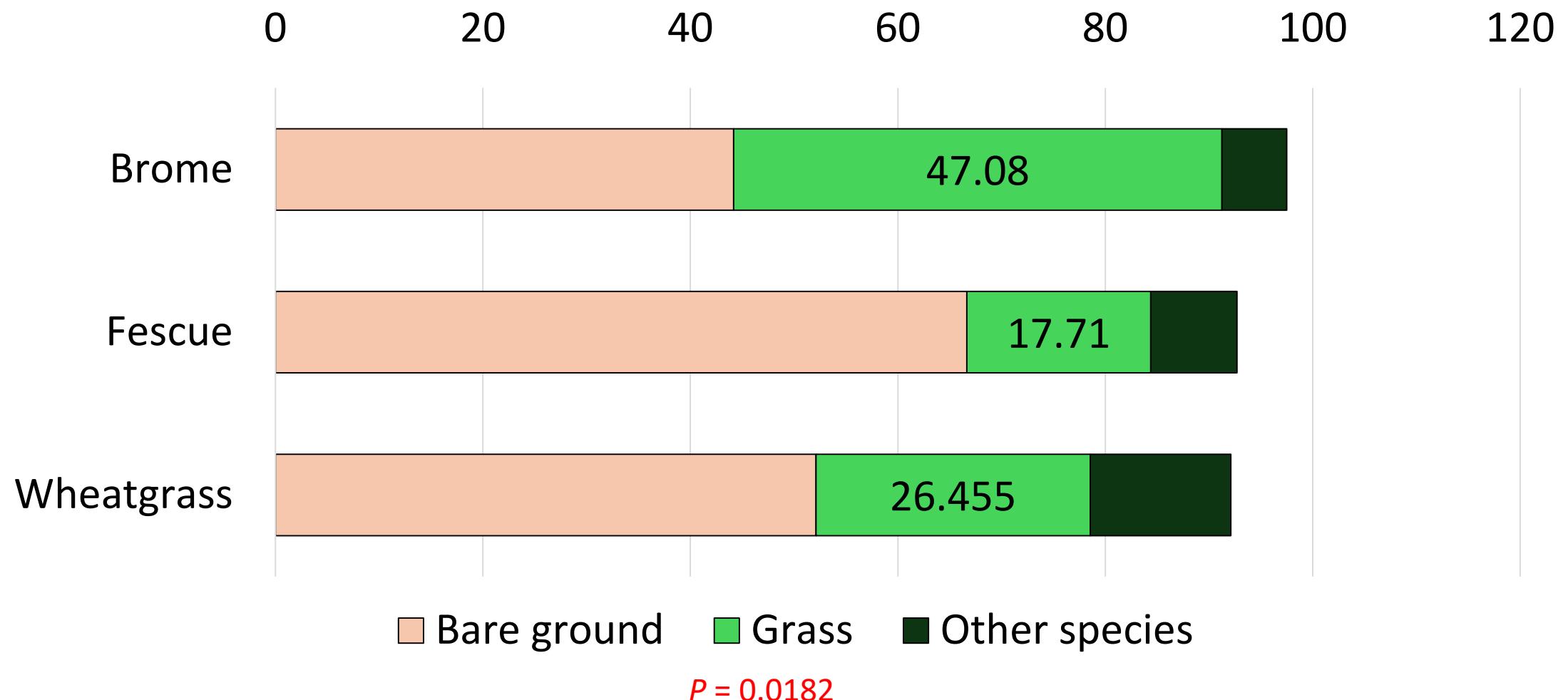


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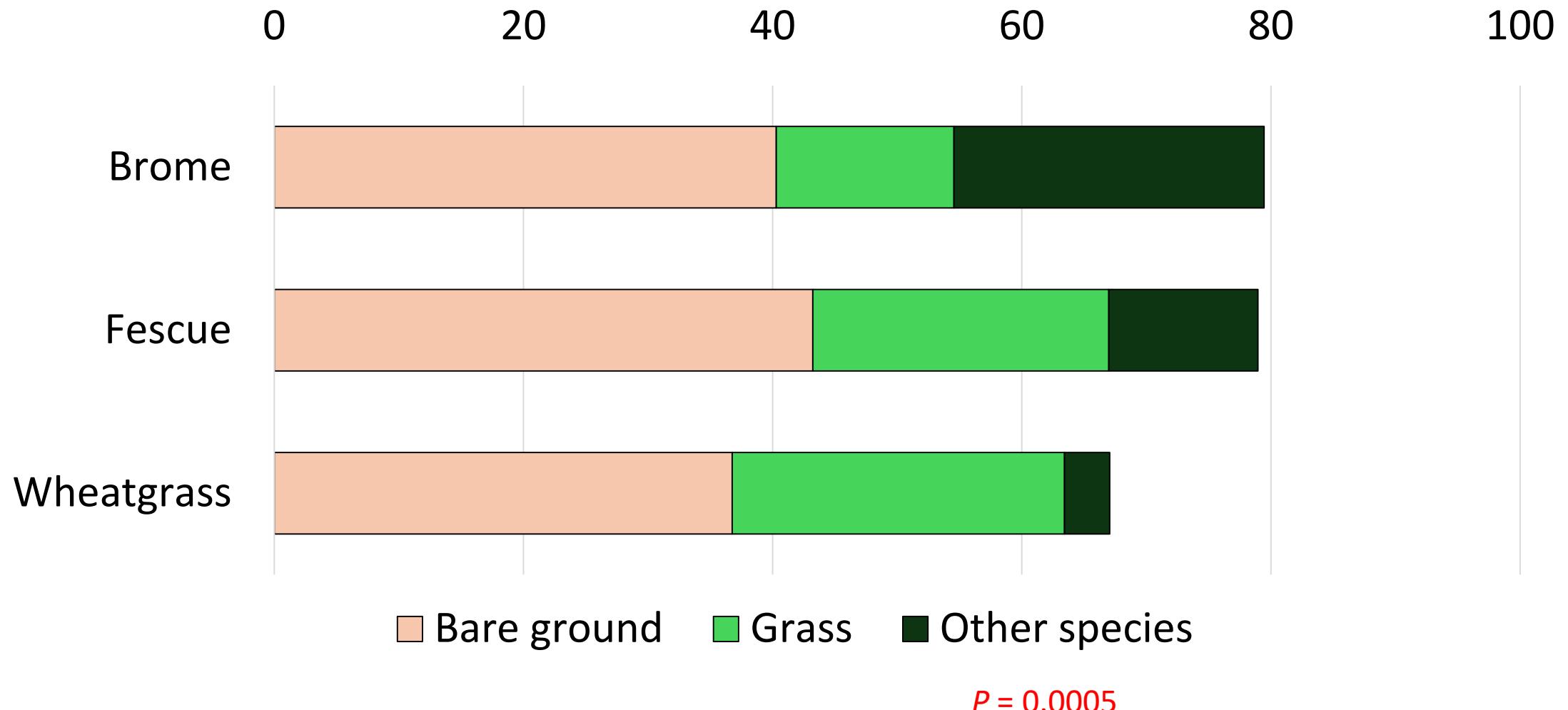
Year 1



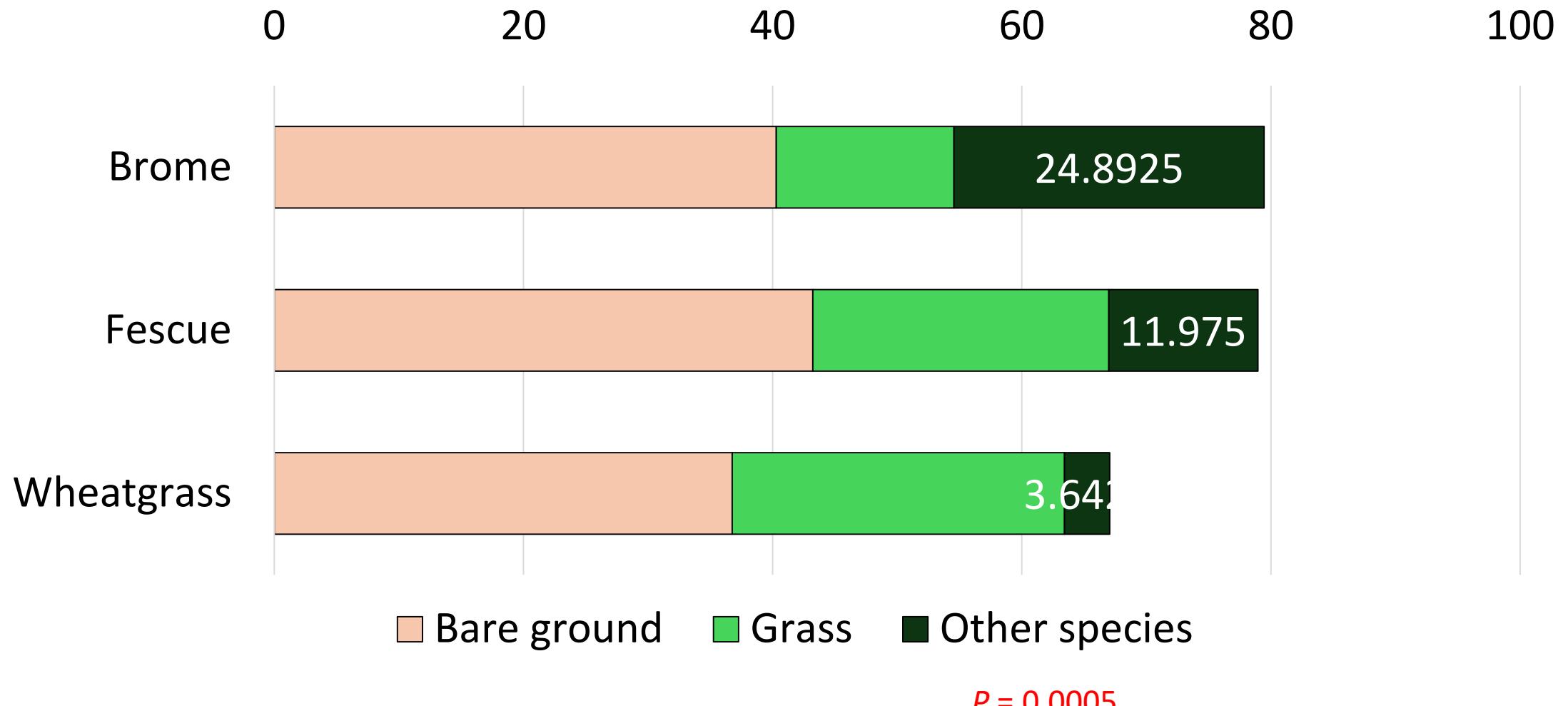
Year 1



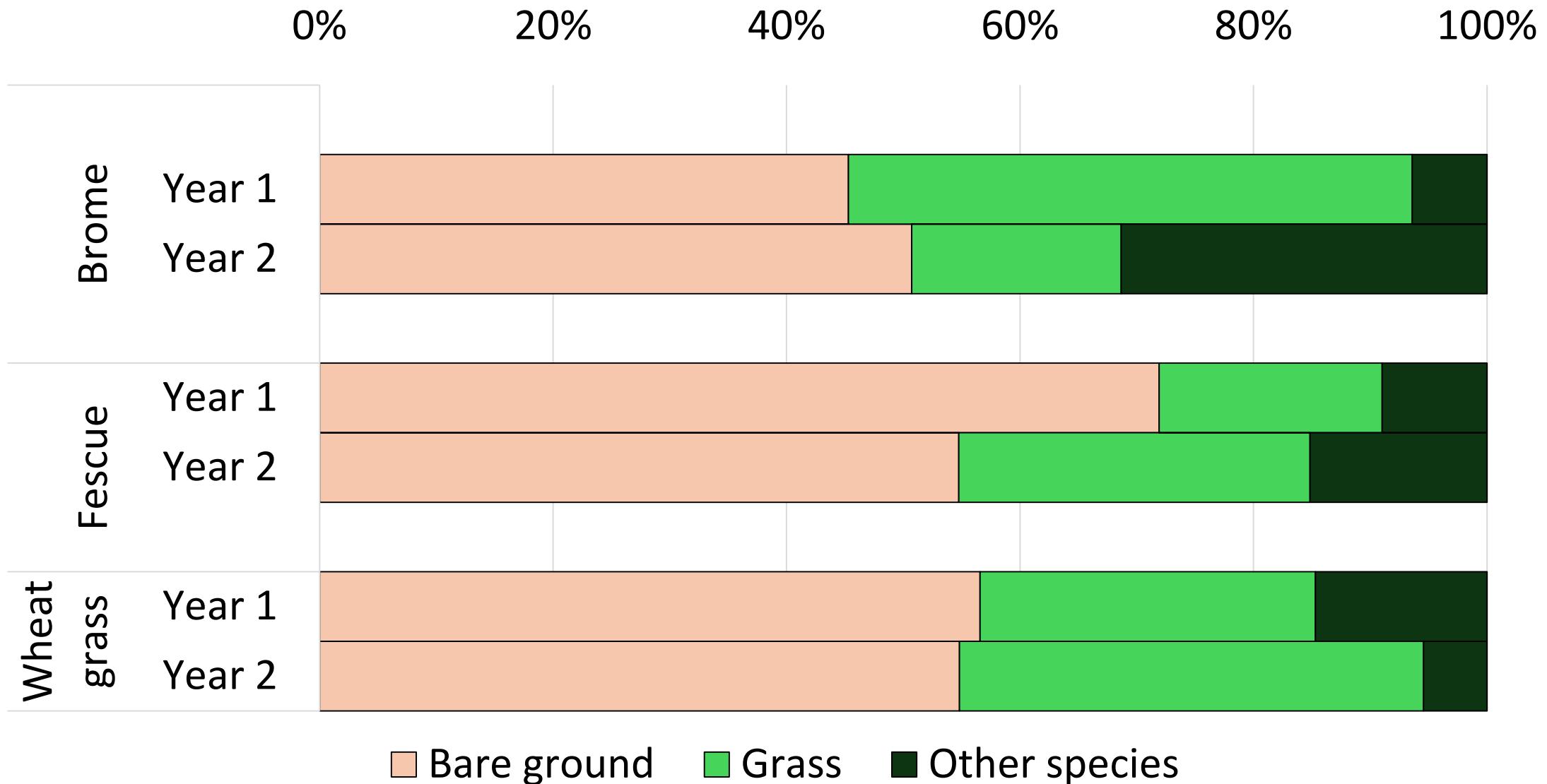
Year 2



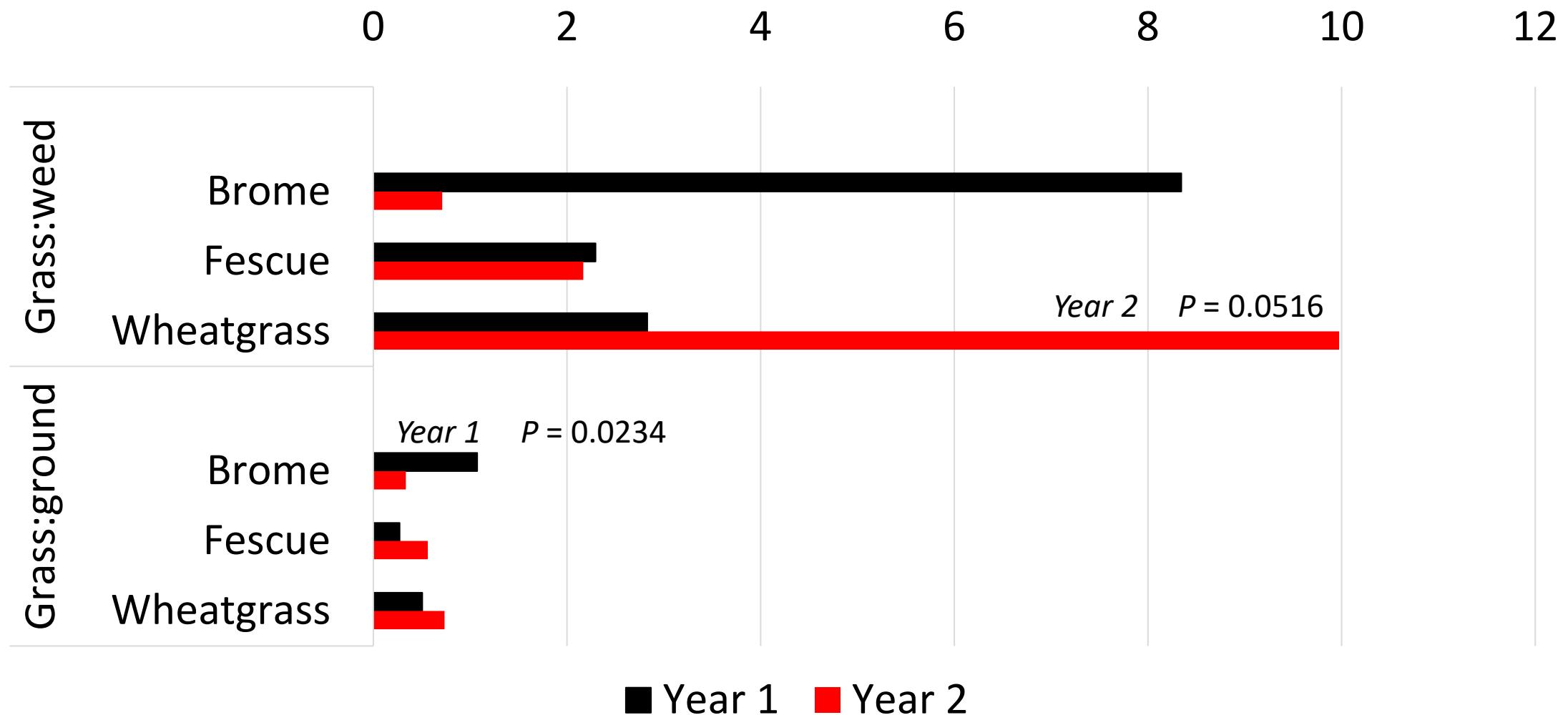
Year 2



Year 1 & Year 2 Comparison



Ratios of grass to other species or bare ground





Fescue

Wheatgrass

Brome

Results of Biomass and Foraging Value

Biomass	kg/ha	Forage yield
TDN	%	Total digestible nutrients (qualitative)
TDN	kg/ha	Total digestible nutrients yield (quantitative)
CP	%	crude protein (lactating beef cows 12%, nursing calves 15%)
CP	kg/ha	Crude protein yield
ADF	%	Qualitative measure of indigestibility
NDF	%	Qualitative measure of bulk fill in the rumen
NDF48D	%	Fiber fermented over 48 h (qualitative digestibility)

Biomass and Foraging Value

Year 1		Brome	Fescue	Wheatgrass	SE	P-value
Biomass	kg/ha	911	499	499	86.1	0.0668
TDN	%	60.7	65.5	64.2	0.116	0.0022
TDN	kg/ha	552	327	320	52.0	0.0818
CP	%	16.3	18.3	17.9	0.79	0.3688
CP	kg/ha	150	90	89.2	17.6	0.2171
ADF	%	31.1	26.9	28.1	0.28	0.0164
NDF	%	52.3	45.9	48.8	0.12	0.0013
NDF48D	%	66.1	71.2	73.0	0.43	0.0142

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Biomass and Forage Value

	Year 2	Brome	Fescue	Wheatgrass	SE	P
Biomass	kg/ha	201	379	335	84.1	0.3476
TDN	%		65.1	66.6	0.68	0.1575
TDN	kg/ha		160	149	53.3	0.8785
CP	%		18.8	19.5	0.598	0.4531
CP	kg/ha		70.7	66.9	11.6	0.8197
ADF	%		30.5	28.6	0.88	0.1576
NDF	%		51.5	50.0	1.66	0.5409
NDF48D	%		72.9	72.6	2.12	0.9175



Conclusion

- Fescue and wheatgrass may have better overall establishment for early spring grazing
- Reclamation of farm ground
- Ideal for grazing spring calving herds
- Establishment period ?
- Allelopathic considerations