#### The J.T. & Margaret Talkington College of Visual & Performing Arts School of Theatre & Dance presents

# **HAY FEVER**

by noël coward

director ronald dean nolen

scene design shawn ketchum johnson

> costume design emilia richardson<sup>^</sup>

lighting design taylor alfred

sound design tom laney III

props designer meagan pierce

### cast

judith bliss
sorel bliss
simon bliss
david bliss
sandy tyrell
myra arundel
richard greatham
jackie coryton
clara
male swing
female swing

hillary boyd
delaney o'neal\*
daniel dipinto
nick mccord
lucas sanders
birdie stabeno
carlos medina-maldonado
natalie dupre
cara ellison
andrew de la garza
lauren voight

<sup>\*</sup> Member - Alpha Psi Omega, National Theatre Honor Society ^ Member - United States Institute for Theatre Technology

#### production team

sarah johnson

dramaturg
stage manager
assistant director
assistant stage manager
intimacy choreographer

vocal/dialects design
vocal captain
vocal coach assistant
assistant lighting designer
assistant costume designer
assistant technical director
scenic charge artist
prop masters

stage crew

light/sound crew

costume crew

program insert design season artwork design

angela aguilera nina stewart angela kennedy hillary boyd delaney o'neal\* rachel hirshorn-johnston delaney o'neal leah white rafael aviles katy mitchell margaret walden kelly murphey<sup>^</sup> rebecca taylor alex webster elliot esquivel joryhebel ginorio lucas weber chimdinma udeozoh abigail cunningham paris dupre jacob francisco gabriel mata trey tucker

> vzael vazquez christina schoener

> > alicia goodman

surasak namwatsopon

## sarah johnson | dramaturg

Few names in theatre history are as iconic as Noël Coward. His legendary biting wit and flamboyant style made him one of the most successful theatrical savants of the 20th century. A performer, composer, writer, producer, and lover of theatre, Coward rose from humble beginnings to secure a place in the upper class which he often wrote about (and poked fun at). He started his career as a successful child star but gained fame and fortune as a writer in his twenties. Coward used his charm and storytelling skills, developed in the theatre offstage, to great affect: he worked for British intelligence during the second world war with his friend lan Fleming in espionage. He transitioned into a film and television career, had a successful show in Las Vegas featuring performances of his hit songs, and retired in Jamaica where he died peacefully in 1973.

Hay Fever, written in 1925, contains all the hallmarks of Coward's aesthetic: a fast-paced comedy of manners in which farce takes precedent over plot. The characters are extravagant, the setting decadent, and language distinctly of its time and place. Hay Fever contains many specific references to 1920s England, coded references to gay culture (Coward was a well-known but publicly closeted gay man), and meta-theatrical nods to show biz. The core of the comedy, however, requires no knowledge of these references: people behaving badly in shocking ways is funny all on its own. The title of the play, more than any other Coward play, remains a bit obscure. Thought to be a reference to the rural setting of the country home, we might also think of the unpleasant symptoms of hay fever and nearly allergic reactions to the Bliss family.

Making fun of the outlandish behavior of this family living in extreme privilege, Coward taps into a social commentary that feels perhaps even more true and urgent in nearly a century after it was written. In a world of Kardashians, Trumps, and Hiltons, our understanding of exponentially increasing wealth inequality and its intersection with celebrity makes *Hay Fever* feel utterly timely.



"If by any chance a playwright wishes to express a political opinion or a moral opinion or a philosophy, he must be a good enough craftsman to do it with so much spice of entertainment in it that the public get the message without being aware of it." -Noël Coward